# Notice

This is a standard special provision that revises or modifies CDOT’s *Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction*. It has gone through a formal review and approval process and has been issued by CDOT’s Project Development Branch with formal instructions regarding its use on CDOT construction projects. It is to be used as written without change. Do not use modified versions of this special provision on CDOT construction projects, and do not use this special provision on CDOT projects in a manner other than that specified in the instructions unless such use is first approved by the Standards and Specifications Unit of the Project Development Branch. The instructions for use on CDOT construction projects appear below.

Other agencies that use the *Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction* to administer construction projects may use this special provision as appropriate and at their own risk.

**Instructions for use on CDOT construction projects:**

Use this standard special provision on projects having voids acceptance of hot mix asphalt.

**Revision of Section 401**

**Composition of Mixtures – Voids Acceptance**

**Section 401 of the Standard Specifications is hereby revised for this project as follows:**

## Subsection 401.02(a) shall include the following:

On projects with voids acceptance of hot mix asphalt, mix designs based on a theoretical rejection of baghouse fines may be used when necessary to meet CDOT mix design requirements if the following additional requirements are met. Written approval for use of theoretical rejection of baghouse fines mixture design shall be obtained before production of project material.

1. Price adjustment for the hot mix asphalt shall be made based on voids acceptance criteria as prescribed in the latest version of the Standard Special Provision, Revision of Sections 105 and 106, Conformity to the Contract of Hot Mix Asphalt (Voids Acceptance). All costs associated with theoretical rejection of baghouse fines mix design, production, and acceptance shall be at the Contractor’s expense.   
   The Contractor shall submit a separate Quality Control (QC) plan for handling the rejection of baghouse fines. The plan shall identify the plan, equipment, and procedures that will be used for the rejection of baghouse fines. The plan shall include detailed information on baghouse control systems and actual data demonstrating consistent system functionality. The QC plan shall be approved in writing before production.
2. The Contractor shall demonstrate that the material can be produced per one of the two procedures listed below. The Contractor shall supply project aggregate material for use in establishing acceptance testing equipment correction factors. Aggregate samples that have been produced according to CP-L 5117 to represent plant-produced material shall be provided by the mix design lab.
   * 1. The Contractor shall produce a minimum of 3000 tons of material. This material shall be placed on non-thru lanes or offsite in locations approved by the Engineer. A minimum of 3 samples will be tested for AC content, air voids and VMA. QL’s for each element will be determined per the contract documents. If the QL is equal to or greater than 65 for VMA and Asphalt Cement Content and the QL for the element of air voids is equal to or greater than 70, full production may commence. This material may be considered a separate process, and price adjustment will be per subsection 105.05; or,
     2. The Contractor shall construct a 500-ton test strip on the main line on the project. Tonnage other than 500 tons may be produced only if approved. Three samples in the last 200 tons will be tested for volumetric properties. After construction of the test section, production shall be halted until the testing is complete and element QL’s are calculated. If the QL is equal to or greater than 65 for VMA and Asphalt Cement Content and the QL for the element of air voids is equal to or greater than 70, full production may commence. If the TQL is less than 65 or the QL for the element of air voids is less than 70, the material shall be removed and replaced at the Contractor's expense.