The 2009 Annual Report of the IACP Drug Recognition Section

A summary of activities January 1-December 31, 2009, by U.S. states and Canadian provinces who participate in the IACP/NHTSA International Drug Evaluation and Classification Program
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- Members of IACP DECP Technical Advisory Panel
- DRE Section and TAP Regional Representatives
September 28, 2010

Dear DRE Colleagues and Highway Safety Advocates,

The bylaws of the Drug Recognition Expert (DRE) Section of the International Association of Chiefs of Police require the chair of the DRE Section to prepare an annual report on the activities and accomplishments of the International Drug Evaluation and Classification Program (DECP).

The information included in this report reflects the overview and activities of the DECP in the United States and Canada for the calendar year 2009. The DRE state coordinators—representing the states that participate in the DEC Program—provided the information contained in this report. The Canadian coordinator provided the report from that country.

This report is intended to be a resource for all DREs, DRE Section members, DRE state coordinators, agency administrators, and others with an interest in traffic safety.

Significant achievements in 2009 included the expansion of the DRE program into Alabama, as well as the varied uses of our DREs beyond the 12-step evaluation. The DRE truly is a well recognized asset to improving both highway safety and the knowledge our citizens have of the signs, symptoms and effects of drug use.

I extend my appreciation to the DRE state coordinators, the DRE Section members, and the U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, whose dedication and support made this report possible. Special thanks also go to the IACP staff members who assisted in the preparation of this report. Their often behind-the-scenes work is what helps this international program succeed.

Timothy Plummer
Chair 2009-2010
Drug Recognition Expert Section
**Description of the Drug Recognition Expert Insignia**

The bald eagle, a traditional symbol of United States law enforcement, symbolizes strength, courage and confidence.

The eagle is proudly stretching its wings to display the title one receives after completing the comprehensive training program: Drug Recognition Expert.

The twelve rays that surround the eagle’s head represent the twelve steps in the drug influence evaluation process. The first step is a breath alcohol test, and the last is the corroborative toxicological examination.

The eagle’s right talon is holding a grape leaf cluster, symbolizing the drug alcohol. The left talon is holding seven arrows or spikes, signifying the seven categories of drugs. The categories, based on specific signs and symptoms, are Central Nervous System (CNS) Depressants, Inhalants, Phencyclidine (PCP), Cannabis, CNS Stimulants, Hallucinogens, and Narcotic Analgesics.

Surrounding the emblem are the watchwords of the drug evaluation procedure: "Systematic Standardized Evaluation".

In the background of the emblem's center is a green cross. Green, the traditional color of safety, symbolizes law enforcement. The cross also represents the center of the Los Angeles Police Department traffic division’s uniform shoulder patch.

In the foreground is the California bear. This symbolizes the fact that drug recognition expert training had its start in California.

**Written by Thomas E. Page**
Retired, Los Angeles Police Department
First Chair of the IACP DRE Section

The DRE insignia is the trademark of the Drug Recognition Expert Section of the International Association of Chiefs of Police (IACP) and may not be used without our prior permission.
The Drug Evaluation and Classification Program and the Drugged Driving Program: IACP/NHTSA Coordination and Support

The number of drug recognition experts (DRE) in the IACP certification database by the end of 2009 was approximately 7,390; 1,468 of these were also DRE instructors. With the addition of Alabama, the number of states in the Drug Evaluation and Classification (DEC) Program increased from 46 to 47 (including the District of Columbia. The National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) continues to provide funding to the IACP for the services of a program manager; a national impaired driving coordinator; a regional impaired driving coordinator, the certification and recertification of DREs, expert witnesses, and support to the IACP Technical Advisory Panel (TAP). The national and regional coordinators act as liaisons to NHTSA. They provide technical assistance to individual state coordinators and serve as a resource to those states that do not yet have a DRE program in place. The following is a summary of the noteworthy activities and programs involving IACP and NHTSA during 2009.

New DECP States

Alabama was approved by TAP at its 2009 annual meeting.

Non-DECP States

Connecticut has expressed no interest in joining the DEC Program.

Michigan continues to show interest, with a number of DREs trained out of state. They have the support of the Michigan Chiefs Association and the Highway Safety Office.

Ohio continues to show interest, with a number of DREs trained out of state. They now have the support of their Highway Safety Office.

West Virginia has provided no additional inquiries about the DEC Program. Lack of required legislation is still an issue.

Old DECP Sites

Virginia is making an effort to get back into the DEC Program. An SFST site assessment was conducted in October 2009. Future plans include Standardized Field Sobriety Testing (SFST) update training, Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement (ARIDE) and DRE training initially with the help of out-of-state instructors.

District of Columbia continues to be moving forward.

Illinois has no DREs being trained.
Rhode Island has designated a DRE state coordinator and DREs are being recertified. The program is starting to move forward.

**DRE School Visits**

Twelve DRE, Instructor and ARIDE schools were monitored during 2009: Concord, NH; Columbia, SC; Oriskany, NY; Bourne, MA; Cranbury, NJ; Valhalla, NY; Rindge, NH; Kingston, NY; Sayreville, NJ; Saquamish, WA, Keizer, OR; and Monmouth, OR. At these schools, the national coordinator and the regional operations coordinator met with respective state coordinators and gave an overview on the relationships among NHTSA, IACP, the DRE Section, and the IACP Highway Safety Committee and its Technical Advisory Panel (TAP). In addition, DRE instructors were interviewed for their recommended revisions to the DRE curriculum.

**Support**

A total of 1,287 DREs and approximately 170 DRE instructors were credentialed in 2009. As of January 1, 2007, the states have been required to provide their own training manuals. Course managers’ reports were reviewed, and recommended manual corrections were forwarded through the appropriate channels for approval and revision.

Under a grant from NHTSA, the Transportation Safety Institute (TSI) provided travel expenses for a course manager for a DRE Pre-school and DRE School in South Carolina. Additionally travel was provided IACP’s contract with NHTSA to provide travel expenses for four presenters at the IACP Training Conference on Drugs, Alcohol and Impaired Driving in Little Rock, Arkansas; and travel expenses for members of the Technical Advisory Panel (TAP) to attend its annual meeting in Denver, Colorado.

**Drug Impairment Training for Educational Professionals (DITEP)**

Unfortunately funding for this innovative program developed in 1999 was terminated in 2007. In 2009 the states of North Carolina received the initial DITEP training bringing the total to 34 states that are conducting the DITEP Program. This was accomplished with funding from North Carolina. Presently there are 297 DREs trained as DITEP instructors.

**15th Annual IACP Training Conference on Drugs, Alcohol and Impaired Driving**

The 15th Annual IACP Training Conference on Drugs, Alcohol & Impaired Driving was held in Little Rock, Arkansas, on August 8 -10, 2009, at the Peabody Hotel, Little Rock. The theme for this year’s conference was “Dynamic, Revolutionary, Effective”. For more details, see “The DRE Section’s 15th Annual Training Conference” on page 19.

**DRE Manual Updates**

During the year, IACP staff worked with both NHTSA and their contractor, the Texas Transportation Safety Institute, in updating the DRE curriculum. This was a year-long project
and by year’s end, the revisions were nearly completed. The revised curriculum was field tested at DRE Schools in Washington and South Dakota.

**Technical Advisory Panel (TAP)**

In 2009 the midyear TAP meeting was not held due to budgetary issues. The annual TAP meeting was conducted on October 2, 2009, in conjunction with the IACP Annual Conference held in Denver, Colorado. The IACP DECP staff developed the agenda for these meetings as well as briefed issues to be submitted by panel members. Follow-up from the meeting required the DECP staff to report on the actions taken by the panel on various decisions. The minutes for the meeting are posted on the DECP.org Web site. For more information on the mission and role of the TAP, see page 20.

**DRE Section**

The Annual DRE Section Meeting was held on October 3, 2009, in Denver, Colorado. The IACP staff assisted the section chair in developing agenda items and following up on topics discussed during the meeting, including future conference sites, changes in membership eligibility, and selections of the DRE Emeritus and Ambassador awards. The DRE Section also conducted a midyear meeting and luncheon during its training conference in Little Rock, Arkansas. For more information on the mission and role of the DRE Section, see page 9.

**Data Collection**

On September 24, 2009 the DRE Tracking System was transferred from the Pacific Institute for Research and Evaluation (PIRE), to Syneren Technologies Corporation. A total of 210,416 evaluations representing both enforcement and training evaluations were entered into the data system by the end of 2009. The total evaluations entered for 2009 alone was 21,818, of which 84.7 percent, or 18,882, were enforcement evaluations. There were 3,396 evaluators from 42 of the 46 DRE states entering the data in 2009. Of the 15,050 evaluations with toxicology submitted in 2009, 87.75 percent were supported by toxicology. Our goals are to continue to ensure that 100 percent of all of the DEC Program states are utilizing this data system. As of the end of 2009 the following states had no entries in the system: Arizona, Illinois, Nevada, Rhode Island, Virginia and Washington.

**IACP**

Additionally, the national and regional coordinators participated in the following events:

1. The New York Governor’s Traffic Safety Committee quarterly meetings (as facilitator)
2. Planning sessions and site visits for the 16th Annual IACP Training Conference in Drugs, Alcohol and Impaired Driving, to be held in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania.
3. 15th Law Enforcement Recognition Luncheon and Awards Ceremony, Dutchess County New York (as presenter).
4. Various Prosecution (TSRP) meetings and training
5. Mid-Hudson Region STOP-DWI Conference
6. TAP Annual Meeting, Denver, Colorado, October 2.
7. Quarterly meetings of the New Jersey DRE Association
8. Dutchess County STOP-DWI Committee Meetings (as chair)
9. Meetings with NHTSA Region II Personnel
10. DRE Section Annual and Midyear Meetings
11. IACP Highway Safety Committee Midyear meeting
12. The Annual State Coordinators Meeting in Little Rock, Arkansas
13. Delaware Highway Safety Conference (as presenter)
14. Meetings at IACP and NHTSA headquarters
15. DRE In-Service and Recertification Training, New York and New Jersey.
16. Oregon Transportation Safety Conference
17. Oregon Governor’s Advisory Committee on DUII (chair)
18. Oregon DUII Multi-Disciplinary Training Task Force Annual Impaired Driving Conference
19. Oregon Governor's Advisory Committee on DUI
20. Society of Forensic Toxicologists (SOFT) Drugged Driving Sub-Committee meetings
21. Mississippi, Oregon and Washington DRE Schools (as instructor).
22. Oregon Prosecuting the Drugged Driver courses in Mississippi and Oregon (as instructor)
23. DRE In-Service in Alaska and Oregon (as presenter)
24. Idaho Impaired Driving Summit (as presenter)
25. Oregon Transportation Safety Conference and Workshop, Salem, Oregon
27. High Visibility Enforcement media event in Portland, Oregon
28. Alaska Prosecutors Conference (as presenter)
29. DRE Site Assessment in Alabama
30. DRE field certification training in Mississippi and Oregon
About the IACP DRE Section

The IACP Mission

The IACP is a nonprofit organization with members from the world’s law enforcement community. Founded more than a century ago, the association’s goals, as stated in the constitution, are to advance the science and art of police services; to develop and disseminate improved administrative, technical, and operational practices and promote their use in police work; to foster police cooperation and the exchange of information and experience among police administrators throughout the world; to bring about recruitment and training in the police profession of qualified persons; and to encourage adherence of all police officers to high professional standards of performance and conduct.

IACP supports law enforcement professionals with a wide variety of services including conducting technical assistance programs; presenting state-of-the-art training programs and materials; publishing a professional magazine, newsletters, and reports; and conducting extensive law enforcement research.

Within the framework of the IACP there are two divisions: (1) Division of State and Provincial Police (S&P); and (2) Division of State Associations of Chiefs of Police (SACOP). The S&P concentrates on the special needs of state and provincial law enforcement agencies and serves as a liaison to the U.S. Department of Transportation agencies, including the Federal Highway Administration, the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, and the Federal Railroad Administration, in all matters relating to safety affecting the operation of state highway patrol and state police agencies. The division oversees several IACP Sections, including the Drug Recognition Expert (DRE) Section.

Mission of the DRE Section

In 1992, the IACP governing body approved the creation of the IACP Drug Recognition Expert Section. As the by-laws state, the primary purpose of this section is to serve as a coordinating body among the various DRE associations and chapters within states, to serve as a resource, and to respond to the views and needs of the membership. Drug recognition, a growing profession in law enforcement, is an effective means of identifying and prosecuting drug-impaired drivers.

The IACP DRE Section provides a unique opportunity for those professionals already associated with drug recognition to share common management, training, administrative, and practicing concerns. The Section hosts the annual IACP Training Conference on Drugs, Alcohol and Impaired Driving. It also addresses such issues as recertification training, continuing and advanced education, creative teaching techniques for instructors, current technology and products (e.g., saliva testing, pen lights, protective gloves), certification problems and solutions, and the development and sharing of databases. DREs, the practitioners of drug influence recognition, and program coordinators have an ongoing forum for discussion of needs and concerns through membership in the DRE Section.
DRE Section Eligibility

Membership in this section is open to all active and associate members of the IACP in good standing who are either certified DREs or who have a professional interest in the DEC program or procedures. The professional interest criterion was designed to allow physicians, toxicologists, prosecutors, and other professionals to contribute their unique areas of expertise to the field of drug recognition. The DRE Section dues are $25. IACP membership is a prerequisite, and any amendment to the IACP Constitution also affects DRE Section membership.

IACP Membership Eligibility

A. **Active** membership in the IACP is open to chiefs and superintendents of police, as well as command and administrative-level police officers in public law enforcement police agencies. Active members have the right to vote and determine official IACP policy and to elect association officers at the annual conference. The annual dues are $100.

B. **Associate** membership is open to police officers employed by police agencies below the rank of lieutenant, prosecuting attorneys, their deputies, and deputy sheriffs. Associate members have the same privileges as active members except those of holding office and voting. The annual dues are $100.

2009 Activities

The section meets once a year at the IACP annual conference in the fall to discuss the agenda for the annual impaired driving training conference, update its strategic plan, vote on the section’s awards, and to conduct other pertinent business. The 2009 annual meeting was held on October 3, in Denver, Colorado. Discussion items included the section’s Annual Report; the proposed agenda for the section’s upcoming 2010 training conference in Pittsburgh; extending voting privileges to all section members; revising the rule on section membership eligibility; a revised draft of the section’s strategic plan; the DRE Emeritus and Ambassador awards; and the Karen Tarney Bookstaff Award.

The section also held a midyear lunch and meeting on August 10, 2009, at the 15th Annual IACP Training Conference on Drugs, Alcohol and Impaired Driving in Little Rock, Arkansas.

An update on the section 2009 training conference is included in this report under “The DRE Section’s Annual Training Conference”.

10
Section Awards

Each year at its annual training conference, the IACP DRE Section recognizes individuals who have contributed in a significant way to the development, support, and improvement of the DEC Program. Nominations for three awards are received by state DRE coordinators, forwarded to the respective DRE Section’s regional vice chairs, and voted on by section members at their annual meeting in the fall.

**DRE Emeritus:** This honor recognizes the contributions and accomplishments of former DREs who have served the DEC Program with honor, integrity, and distinction. The award is given only to formerly certified DREs who, through retirement, transfers, promotions or job changes, will not maintain certification as a DRE.

**DRE Ambassador:** This honor is bestowed upon an individual who is not a DRE but has contributed in some outstanding way to the DEC program.

**Karen Tarney Bookstaff Award:** This award is presented annually by the DRE Section to a certified drug recognition expert who demonstrates an outstanding contribution to the Drug Evaluation and Classification Program for the previous calendar year.
The DRE Section Strategic Plan

The International Association of Chief of Police (IACP) has established a strategic plan to assist in their planning process and to assess current programs and accomplishments. As a section of the IACP, the Drug Recognition Expert Section must support the mission and goals of the IACP. The DRE Section Strategic Plan is to provide forward-looking direction for section membership and will help the section work toward the strategic intents of the IACP Strategic Plan.

Mission of the DRE Section

The primary purpose of the section is to serve as a coordinating body among the various DRE associations and chapters within states, to serve as a resource, and to respond to the views and needs of the membership.

Strategic Intents

#1 – International Programs and Activities

The IACP Drug Evaluation and Classification (DEC) Program will be expanded within the international community by promoting its existence and benefits through all avenues available to the IACP. This will include international publications, meetings, conferences and other training opportunities. The section will, to the extent possible, make its resources available to any organization, state or nation interested in the benefits of the DEC program.

#2 – Annual Conference

The DRE Section will support the annual conference of the IACP by promoting attendance by all DRE Section members. The annual DRE Section meeting will also be held in conjunction with the IACP Annual Conference. The DECP and issues related to drug impaired driving will be promoted at each annual conference of the IACP.

DRE Section members will continuously promote the DRE Section’s Annual “Training Conference on Drugs, Alcohol and Impaired Driving” as one of the IACP’s premier international impaired driving training events. The Annual Training Conference on Drugs, Alcohol, and Impaired Driving will continue to attract and provide space for exhibitors and displays that provide information and technologies for attendees.

#3 – Education and Training

The DRE Section, through its staff and members, will provide encouragement and technical support to further the education and training of current DREs and of those desiring to be trained in the DECP protocol. An annual conference will be hosted, separate from the IACP Annual Conference, with a concentration on issues related to drug and alcohol impaired driving.

The section will serve as a central repository for information on upcoming classes related to drug-impaired driving. Where possible, this information will be placed on the DECP Web site for easy reference.
The section will continually look for ways to expand the role of the DRE within communities. Beyond the DRE evaluation, DREs have contributed to public safety through the development and instruction of programs such as Drug Impairment Training for the Education Professional (DITEP) and Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement (ARIDE).

The skills gained through instructor development training help those personnel trained be better prepared to present information related to drug impaired driving. To this end, the section will promote and advertise DRE Instructor Development Schools.

#4 – Technology

The rapid advance of technological development offers many opportunities to improve the effectiveness and efficiency of the DRE practitioner. The section will monitor the development and evaluation of new technologies for use within the DECP community. Information concerning these developments, and their applicability to highway safety, will be shared through publication and presentation where possible. Information concerning funding availability and methods will also be disseminated.

#5 - Communication and Legislative Affairs

Clear, accurate and timely communication is essential for sharing knowledge, making decisions, and driving action. The section will work to help ensure efficient communication among its membership and throughout the DRE community. The section will work with and through its network of state coordinators to provide the timely exchange of information. Web sites, list serves, annual meetings, regional meetings and email help facilitate this exchange and their use will be encouraged by the Section.

The section will serve as a repository and resource for local, federal and national legislative and judicial action that relates to drug impaired driving. Through its network of professionals, the section will be able to offer referrals to those organizations needing direction, support and technical assistance.

Under the DRE Section by-laws, the chair of the DRE Section will ensure that an annual report is prepared, and submitted to the appropriate personnel and law enforcement executives in support of, or involved in the DECP. The annual report is designed to highlight growth and development of the program and to encourage participation by all law enforcement agencies.

The DRE Section works cooperatively with the media in promoting and publicizing DRE related events and success. In addition, articles dealing with the DECP and transportation safety are routinely distributed to the media and to national and state law enforcement publications.

#6 - Ethics and Public Trust

Discretion is an important part of the law enforcement process and must be exercised in a fair and impartial manner. The DECP and DREs help promote public trust in their law enforcement agencies by being more highly trained and capable.

By working with TAP, the section will ensure all DECP training emphasizes the importance of promoting public safety over arrests. This is accomplished in the DEC program by
promoting the significance of identifying medically impaired and unimpaired individuals before determining drug impairment.

#7 - Diversity in Policing

Diversity is as important to the DECP as it is to law enforcement agencies and the IACP. To achieve this end, the section will promote diversity among those trained as DREs and DRE instructors. Emphasis will be placed on ensuring that all training is not racially, ethnically or gender biased.

#8 – Community Safety

Community safety is at the core of the DECP. The safety of communities and its citizenry is fostered each time an impaired driver is removed from the roads. The DRE helps ensure a proper disposition in each case through their ability to identify and articulate medical, alcohol and drug impairment.

The knowledge base of each DRE and DRE Instructor help these law enforcement officers contribute to the safety of their communities. By sharing their knowledge with many different aspects of the communities they serve, DREs can significantly contribute to a reduction in drug and alcohol related problems.

In some jurisdictions throughout the U.S. and Canada, DREs have formed cooperative groups or associations. The members of these associations are encouraged to join and/or work cooperatively with the DRE Section in accomplishing the goals and objectives of the DECP and IACP.

The DRE Section works closely with many partners in providing training and improved public safety. These partners included traffic safety professionals, prosecutors, medical professionals, emergency medical personnel, occupational health providers and education professionals.

#9 – Academic and Law Enforcement Partnerships

The DECP is an opportunity for law enforcement agencies to work cooperatively toward achieving a common goal of improving highway safety. Few states have a DEC program that is isolated to one agency. Resources are generally shared to accomplish enforcement and training.

Through programs such as Drug Impairment Training for the Education Professional (DITEP) and Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement (ARIDE), law enforcement is teaming with academia to spread knowledge concerning the detection of drug impairment and how to deal with it. These opportunities will be promoted and research will continue to identify new means of creating partnerships and for sharing information and resources.
2009 DRE Section Officers, Former Chairs and IACP DECP Staff

Chair: Lieutenant Thomas H. Woodward, Maryland State Police

Lieutenant Tom Woodward is a 33-year law enforcement veteran. He has been employed with the Maryland State Police for 25 years and is currently the commander of the Chemical Test for Alcohol Unit. He has been a DRE instructor for 19 years and is the state coordinator for the DEC program in Maryland. He has been a member of the DRE Section since 2001 and in September 2005 was elected to represent Region III.

Lieutenant Woodward has been a Standardized Field Sobriety Testing (SFST) instructor for 20 years and spent four years in charge of impaired driver training for the state police. He has instructed SFST, DRE, other highway safety courses throughout the country. He has been a presenter for national highway safety conferences as well as judicial and prosecutorial training programs.

He is a graduate of Wheeling Jesuit University with a bachelor’s degree in Organizational Leadership and Development and a graduate of the Northwestern University School of Police Staff and Command.

He has worked closely with the Maryland Governor’s Office on Crime Control and Prevention and chaired the Law Enforcement subcommittee. He has authored legislative proposals and testified before the state legislature on many highway safety bills.

First Vice-Chair: Sr. Trooper Timothy Plummer, Oregon State Police

Sr. Trooper Plummer holds certifications as a drug recognition expert and a DRE instructor. He also instructs the Standardized Field Sobriety Tests, Drugs that Impair Driving, DUII Mobile Video Camera use, Implied Consent/Intoxilyzer 5000, and 8000 as well as Drug Identification for the Educational Professional. He also served as the state coordinator for the Oregon DEC program.

Sr. Trooper Plummer is currently the vice chair of the Oregon Multi-Disciplinary DUII Training Task Force, agency liaison for the Governor’s Advisory Committee on DUII, a member of the Governor’s Statewide Leadership Team for Alcohol – Free Kids, Oregon’s Attorney General Task Force on Underage Drinking, Oregon Liquor Control Commission Committee for Alcohol Server Education and a member of the Oregon DRE/SFST Steering Committee.

Second Vice Chair: Sergeant Don Marose, Minnesota State Patrol

Sergeant Marose has been with the Minnesota State Patrol since August 1988. He currently is the patrol’s impaired driving specialist and coordinator for the Minnesota’s Drug Evaluation and Classification Program. Sergeant Marose directs and oversees all of the Standardized Field Sobriety Testing (SFST), Advanced Field Sobriety Testing (Drugs that Impair Driving), and
Drug Evaluation and Classification (DEC) training in Minnesota. He is responsible for the training, certification, and continuing education of the DREs in Minnesota.

Sergeant Marose is a certified instructor in SFST, Advanced FST, and the DEC Program. He is a recognized expert in horizontal gaze nystagmus and DECP procedures in Minnesota.

**Third Vice Chair: Major Jim Maisano, Norman, Oklahoma, Police Department**

Major Jim Maisano is a 26-year veteran with the Norman Police Department, where he currently serves as the bureau commander of Staff Services Operations. He previously served as the bureau commander of Patrol Operations and ad division commander of the Narcotics Division.

Major Maisano has been a Standardized Field Sobriety Testing (SFST) instructor since 1989. He attended the first DRE class conducted in Oklahoma in 1991 and later attended DRE instructor training in Texas. Major Maisano assumed the duties of the state DRE coordinator in 1994 and continues to serve in that position today. In 2006 he was appointed to the IACP Technical Advisory Panel to the DEC Program where he represents Region IV (Southern). He is currently serving his second term. In 2008 he was elected as a vice chair of the DRE Section.

Major Maisano is a graduate of Northeastern State University with a bachelor’s degree in criminal justice and a graduate of Oklahoma City University with a master’s degree in criminal justice administration. He is a graduate of the 207th Session of the FBI National Academy conducted at Quantico, Virginia in 2001. Major Maisano is an adjunct faculty for the University of Phoenix. He has worked as the project director with the Oklahoma Association of Chiefs of Police to coordinate the training programs they offer in SFST and impaired driving classes. He has been a guest presenter at numerous events relating to impaired driving and continues to take an active teaching role in classes throughout the state.

**Former Chairs of the DRE Section**

1994 – 1995  
Sergeant Tom Page, Los Angeles Police Department

1995 – 1996  
Lieutenant Joe Klima, Phoenix Police Department

1996 – 1997  
Paul Helzer, Colorado State Police

1997 – 1998  
T/Sergeant Doug Paquette, New York State Police

1998 – 1999  
Captain Chuck Hayes, Oregon State Police

1999 – 2000  
Lieutenant Doug Thooft, Minnesota State Police

2000 – 2001  
Commander T. William (Bill) Tower II, Maryland State Police

2001 – 2002  
Captain Gary Fief, California Highway Patrol
2003 - 2004  Joseph Turner, Indiana Law Enforcement Academy
2004 - 2005  Assistant Commander Dan Webb, Texas Department of Public Safety
2005 - 2006  William Morrison, Montgomery County Police Department, Maryland
2006 - 2007  Corporal Evan Graham, Canadian Royal Mounted Police, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada
2008 – 2009  Master Officer Robert Jenkins, Miami Beach Police Department

IACP DRE Section Staff

Carolyn Cockroft, DEC Program Manager
IACP Division of State and Provincial Police

Carolyn Cockroft has served for 12 years as the program manager for the IACP Drug Evaluation and Classification (DEC) program. The DEC program is the NHTSA-funded project that develops the international DECP standards, coordinates training for the certification of DREs, maintains a database for DREs certified by the NTHSA/IACP curriculum, and supports the national DECP Web site (www.decp.org). As staff liaison for the IACP DRE Section, Ms. Cockroft oversees the section budget, gives guidance on IACP policy, coordinates the planning for the section’s annual training conference on impaired driving, and assists the chair in other projects, such as the section’s annual report, the Emeritus and Ambassador awards, and the annual and midyear meetings. She also maintains the DECP Web site. She also serves as the IACP staff liaison to the Technical Advisory Panel to the DECP.

Ms. Cockroft’s other responsibilities at IACP include serving as staff liaison to the Arson and Explosives Committee and the Police Administration Committee, for which she oversees the judging of the Annual Volunteers in Police Services (VIPS) Awards. She serves as a member to the IACP Tuition Reimbursement Policy Committee. An IACP staff member for 23 years, Ms. Cockroft works in the Division of State and Provincial Police.

Ernie Floegel, IACP Drug Programs Coordinator
IACP Division of State and Provincial Police

While still with the New York State Police, Mr. Floegel was on detached duty to the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA). His specific assignment dealt with the Drug Evaluation and Classification (DEC) program. Upon his retirement from the New York State Police, he joined the IACP DEC program team, where he serves as the staff coordinator for the
Technical Advisory Program (TAP). He also coordinates all DEC program training, including the maintenance of the training agenda. Mr. Floegel also assists Ms. Cockroft with coordinating the DRE Section’s Annual Training Conference on Drugs, Alcohol and Impaired Driving, including the agenda development, speaker identification, participant invitations and summaries of meetings. In addition, he assists the state DRE coordinators, including training and implementing the DEC program. He coordinates DEC program activities and technology transfer between NHTSA, IACP, and the states. He handles the day-to-day operations and inquiries about the SFST or DEC program for NHTSA (headquarters/regional offices) and the IACP.

Chuck Hayes, IACP DRE Coordinator, Regional Programs
IACP Division of State and Provincial Police

In September 2003, Chuck Hayes joined the project team for the IACP/NHTSA DEC program. Mr. Hayes retired as a captain with the Oregon State Police after serving 29 years. He was also the DRE state coordinator for Oregon and has served on the IACP Technical Advisory Panel since 1997. He spearheaded the planning for the 4th Annual DRE Impaired Driving Training Conference held in Portland, Oregon, and served as the chair of the IACP DRE Section in 1999. Mr. Hayes provides additional program support and assists with the expansion and development of the DEC program and the Drug Impaired Training for Education Professionals (DITEP). He also assists with planning the section’s annual training conference and meetings conducted each year by the four DRE regions. He also serves as the chair for the Oregon Governor’s Advisory Committee on DUII.

Carrie Hancock, Technical Support Specialist, DRE Section and DEC Program
IACP Division of State and Provincial Police

Ms. Hancock joined the DECP team in the S&P Division as a support specialist in April 2003. She maintains both the certification database and physical records for more than 12,000 active and inactive DREs. She also assists with the TAP and DRE Section meetings, as well as the section’s Annual Training Conference on Drugs, Alcohol and Impaired Driving and provides administrative support for the Drug Impairment Training for Education Professionals. She acts as liaison on a daily basis with the DECP state coordinators, IACP members, and IACP staff.
The DRE Section’s 15th Annual Training Conference

The 15th Annual IACP Training Conference on Drugs, Alcohol & Impaired Driving was held in Little Rock, Arkansas, on August 8 -10, 2009, at the Peabody Hotel, Little Rock. The theme for this year’s conference was “Dynamic, Revolutionary, Effective”.

Over the course of three days, approximately 600 members of the DRE and highway safety community participated in morning general sessions and afternoon workshops. Professionals from the fields of DRE training, toxicology, prosecution, research and medicine were among the speakers.

General sessions and workshops addressed the following:

- Herbal and Over-the-Counter Medications
- Impaired Driving Research and Updates
- Pupil Measurements Updates
- Effective DRE Testimony
- Developing Multi-agency Cooperation
- Law Enforcement Phlebotomy
- NHTSA Updates
- DUI and Medical Conditions with the Eyes
- Testing for Drugs in Blood
- Legal Issues Across the US
- Ignition Interlock
- Advance Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement (ARIDE)
- Managing Risk in Your High Risk World

The conference was co-hosted by the IACP Drug Recognition Expert Section (DRE), the Arkansas Criminal Justice Institute, Little Rock Police Department, Arkansas State Police, Camden Police Department, University of Arkansas at Little Rock Police Department, and the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Lt. Thomas Woodward, Maryland State Police, the DRE Section’s chair, presided during the three-day event.

Attendee critiques of the session were extremely positive. For a report summary of the evaluations, contact Carolyn Cockroft at cockroftc@theiacp.org
About the IACP Technical Advisory Panel

The IACP Technical Advisory Panel (TAP) provides the IACP Highway Safety Committee (HSC) with information and advice as requested concerning the IACP/NHTSA DEC Program and areas of concern dealing with impaired driving. The TAP also provides information of a technical nature regarding the program and associated issues such as

- Reviewing, on an as-needed basis, the currently approved DRE and Standardized Field Sobriety Testing (SFST) training programs and recommending modifications to reflect current court rulings and changes in procedures as appropriate.

- Reviewing and evaluating DRE training programs to ensure that learning objectives and course content are consistent with approved standards.

- Establishing and updating the national DRE training examinations.

- Making recommendations as to the policy and direction of the DEC Program.

The TAP has 20 members: the Highway Safety Committee chair, who also chairs TAP; the IACP DEC program manager; the IACP drug programs coordinator; the IACP coordinator of DEC program regional programs; four DRE regional representatives; a representative of Police Officer Standards and Training (POST); one member from the medical field; a NHTSA staff member; a police training representative; a prosecutor; a state DRE coordinator; a toxicologist; a police administrator; a governor’s highway safety representative; two at-large members, one of whom is the chair of the DRE Section and serves for one year; and one international at-large member.

The current roster of the TAP members is contained in this report.
Reports from the DECP States

The following information is an overview of each state with an IACP-approved and recognized Drug Evaluation and Classification (DEC) Program in place. Each report was written and submitted by the state coordinator or a representative from that office.

A report on the DEC Program in Canada is also included in these reports.
Alabama

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 4
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 0
Number of agencies that have DREs: 1

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 47
Number of training evaluations: 17
Total number of evaluations: 64

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 21
- Depressant: 7
- Hallucinogen: 0
- PCP: 0
- Narcotic Analgesic: 21
- Inhalant: 0
- Cannabis: 36

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 22

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 1
- Medical Rule Out: 0
- No Opinion of Impairment: 1
- Results Pending: 0
- Tox Found No Drugs: 1
- Refused: 9
Alabama received DEC certification in October 2009. An ARIDE class and a DRE school are planned for 2010.

*These trainings are not done through this office. SFST/SFST instructor training is done at various locations and through different agencies throughout the state.

Report Submitted by
Brandon Hughes, Alabama Traffic Safety Resource Prosecutor and DRE Coordinator
Alaska

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 28
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 9
Number of agencies that have DREs: 11

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 226
Number of training evaluations: 46
Total number of evaluations: 272

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 50
- Depressant: 92
- Hallucinogen: 2
- DA: 3
- Narcotic Analgesic: 43
- Inhalant: 1
- Cannabis: 87

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 19

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 4
- Medical Rule Out: 2
- No Opinion of Impairment: 17
- Results Pending: 11
- Tox Found No Drugs: 18
- Refused: 18
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 0
- Number of Students: 0
- Number of DREs Certified: 2
- Number of DRE Instructor Schools: 0
- Number of Students: 0
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 3
- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 1
- Number of Students: 21

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: 1
- Number of School Nurses: 5
- Number of SROs: 10
- Other Students: 31
- Total Number of Students: 46

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: 7
- Number of Students: 150
- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

Narrative

2009 was an extremely difficult year for state coordinator.

Report Submitted by
Jeanne Swartz, Alaska State Coordinator
Arizona

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 568
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 157
Number of agencies that have DREs: 63

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 2999
Number of training evaluations: 403
Total number of evaluations: 3420

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 742
- Depressant: 474
- Hallucinogen: 20
- PCP: 20
- Narcotic: 439
- Inhalant: 3
- Cannabis: 1358

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 815

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 7
- Medical Rule Out: 27
- No Opinion of: 76
- Results Pending: 1166
- Tox Found No Drugs: 
- Refused: 12
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 4
- Number of Students: 78
- Number of DREs Certified: 29
- Number of DRE/SFST Instr Schools: 0
- Number of Students: 0
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 0
- Number of 8 Hour Recertification: 0
- Number of Students: 0

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: 6
- Number of School Nurses: 0
- Number of SROs: 0
- Other Students: 0
- Total Number of Students: 0

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: 16
- Number of Students: 224

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: 18
- Number of Students: 351
- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 2
- Number of Students: 34

Other Training

Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement (ARIDE): 9 classes  160 students

Narrative

Change of coordinator March, 2010. All available statistics presented. NOTE: The phlebotomy numbers include initial phlebotomy training classes as well as phlebotomy refresher classes.

Report Submitted by
Bridget Reutter, Arizona DECP State Coordinator
Arkansas

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 160
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 50
Number of agencies that have DREs: 55

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 512
Number of training evaluations: 141
Total number of evaluations: 664

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 115
- Depressant: 274
- Hallucinogen: 1
- PCP: 14
- Narcotic Analgesic: 166
- Inhalant: 2
- Cannabis: 186

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 127

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 1
- Medical Rule Out: 15
- No Opinion of Impairment: 45
- Results Pending: 273
- Tox Found No Drugs: 16
- Refused: 30
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 2
- Number of Students: 41
- Number of DREs Certified: 38
- Number of DRE Instructor Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 8
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 13
- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: Impaired Driving Conference
- Number of Students: 101

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: N/A
- Number of School Nurses: N/A
- Number of SROs: N/A
- Other Students: N/A
- Total Number of Students: N/A

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: N/A
- Number of Students: N/A

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: 20
- Number of Students: 446
- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 1
- Number of Students: 19

Other Training

- SFST Refresher Class: 10
  Number of Students: 95
- Drugged Driving Class: 7
  Number of Students: 128
Interesting Cases

K2, or “spice” is becoming a growing problem and concern. Several cities have passed ordinances banning it from being sold. Legislatively nothing can be done until 2011.

Narrative

Arkansas was the host state for the 15th Annual IACP Training Conference on Drugs, Alcohol and Impaired Driving. This conference drew a high attendance rate from DREs both nationwide and internationally. This national conference had the largest numbers of Arkansas DREs present, with over 100 attending.

Report Submitted by
Pam Mays, State DWI/SFST/DRE Program Assistant
## California

### Current DREs

- Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 1326
- Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 169
- Number of agencies that have DREs: 150

### Evaluations

- Number of enforcement evaluations: 5926
- Number of training evaluations: 328
- Total number of evaluations: 6277

1. **Drug Category (DRE Opinion)**

   - Stimulant: 3116
   - Depressant: 1509
   - Hallucinogen: 137
   - PCP: 213
   - Narcotic Analgesic: 1794
   - Inhalant: 24
   - Cannabis: 2271

2. **Poly Drug Use**

   - Total Number: 2563

3. **Other**

   - Alcohol Rule Out: 12
   - Medical Rule Out: 61
   - No Opinion of Impairment: 174
   - ResultsPending: 1628
   - Tox Found No Drugs: 289
   - Refused: 122
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 9
- Number of Students: 279
- Number of DREs Certified: 229
- Number of DRE Instructor Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 15
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 15
- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 29
- Number of Students: 169

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: 6
- Number of School Nurses: 86
- Number of SROs: 20
- Other Students: 20
- Total Number of Students: 126

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: 50
- Number of Students: 464
- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 2
- Number of Students: 43

Other Training

Prosecutors Training

- Number of Classes: 6
- Number of Students: 320
Interesting Cases:
Ventura CHP DUI Drugs Manslaughter

On December 19, 2007 at 1633 hours, CHP Officer Tony Pedeferri had stopped an SUV for speeding on US-101 in the Ventura area. This particular stretch of roadway was relatively straight and level, and there were three lanes in each direction. His patrol motorcycle was parked approximately 10-15 fee to rear of the SUV. Officer Pedeferri made a right side approach, contacting the solo occupant at the passenger’s side door.

Suddenly, a truck carrying 2 off road motorcycles in the bed swerved off the roadway, striking the left rear of the SUV. The patrol motorcycle was untouched. The force of the impact pushed the SUV into Officer Pedeferri, throwing him approximately 20 feet into the air and 20 feet farther onto the right shoulder. The force of the impact also pushed the SUV into the center lane of US-101, at which time the SUV burst into flames. The driver of the SUV suffered fatal injuries on impact.

The driver of the suspect vehicle claimed that one of the motorcycles in the rear of his truck “came loose”. A drug recognition evaluation was done, and the DRE determined that the suspect was under the influence of cannabis. During the subsequent investigation, it was determined the driver was consuming “pot brownies” and “pot tea” just prior to the collision, and had been smoking cannabis for most of the day. He was linked to the Marijuana Dispensary and apparently heavily involved in the cannabis culture.

The suspect was charged with manslaughter and felony DUI causing great bodily injury. He pled guilty and is currently serving a 15-year sentence in state prison. The former owner of six Los Angeles-area medical marijuana dispensaries—including one store linked to this accident that killed a motorist and paralyzed an officer—was sentenced Monday to six years in federal prison for selling marijuana for profit.

Narrative

California set out in 2009 to increase the number of certified DREs in the state. By increasing the number of students who attended DRE schools and encouraging DRE recertification, we were able to increase the number of certified DRE’s by 17.5 percent.

Report Submitted by
Sergeant Daniel Lamm, California DECP Coordinator
Canada

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 464
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 90
Number of agencies that have DREs: 78

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 836
Number of training evaluations: 2478
Total number of evaluations: 3314

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 736
- Depressant: 381
- Hallucinogen: 11
- PCP: 17
- Narcotic Analgesic: 414
- Inhalant: 3
- Cannabis: 918

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 703

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 18
- Medical Rule Out: 68
- No Opinion of Impairment: 54
- Results Pending: 20
- Tox Found No Drugs: 53
- Refused: 115
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 8
- Number of Students: 180
- Number of DREs Certified: 169
- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 2
- Number of Students: 20
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 20
- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 6
- Number of Students: 293

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of School Nurses: 0
- Number of SROs: 0
- Other Students: 0
- Total Number of Students: 0

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: 16
- Number of Students: 384
- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 5
- Number of Students: 42

Interesting Cases

DREs in Edmonton, Alberta, charged a 41-year-old male on three occasions in 2009. He was arrested in April, June and November. The categories identified on each of the arrests were Narcotic Analgesic, Narcotic Analgesic and Narcotic Analgesic and Cannabis.
On December 27, 2009, a 27-year-old male was operating an F150 pickup in Calgary, Alberta. The truck ran a red light and hit a Saturn driven by a 15-year-old male. The mother of the driver was in the back seat of the vehicle and the father in the front passenger seat. The mother was killed in the collision. The driver and his passenger ran from the scene; however, with the help of Calgary police service dog and their helicopter, the men were arrested.

Arresting officers noted the driver had signs of drug impairment. He was arrested and a DRE was called. After completing the walk-and-turn portion of the evaluation, the subject decided not to continue with the evaluation. He was subsequently charged with refusal. Without the provisions of Canada’s new DRE Legislation, this charge would not have been possible.

**Narrative**

On July 2, 2009, legislation giving police the right to demand a suspected drug-impaired driver to submit to an evaluation by a DRE came into effect. Prior to July 2, the evaluation was conducted on a voluntarily basis. Included in the legislation were criminal sanctions for those drivers who refused either to comply with the demand or to provide a bodily fluid sample at the conclusion of the evaluation. The bodily fluid sample is legislated as blood, urine or oral fluid; the evaluator makes the decision as to which fluid is to be obtained. The ability to make this demand resulted in a 500 percent increase in charges being made in the first six months. A secondary component to the legislation was a demand for SFSTs, with criminal sanctions for refusing or failing to comply with all of the tests.

**Report Submitted by**  
Sgt. Evan Graham, National DRE Coordinator  
Royal Canadian Mounted Police
Colorado

**Current DREs**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state</td>
<td>149</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of DRE Instructors in your state</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of agencies that have DREs</td>
<td>49</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Evaluations**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of enforcement evaluations</td>
<td>762</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of training evaluations</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total number of evaluations</td>
<td>810</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. **Drug Category (DRE Opinion)**

   - Stimulant: 133
   - Depressant: 191
   - Hallucinogen: 1
   - PCP: 0
   - Narcotic Analgesic: 111
   - Inhalant: 1
   - Cannabis: 391

2. **Poly Drug Use**

   - Total Number: 258

3. **Other**

   - Alcohol Rule Out: N/A
   - Medical Rule Out: N/A
   - No Opinion of Impairment: N/A
   - Results Pending: N/A
   - Tox Found No Drugs: 42
   - Refused: N/A
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 0
- Number of Students: *
- Number of DREs Certified: 8
- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 0
- Number of Students: 0
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 0
- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 7
- Number of Students: 114

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: N/A
- Number of School Nurses: N/A
- Number of SROs: N/A
- Other Students: N/A
- Total Number of Students: N/A

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: N/A
- Number of Students: N/A

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: 5
- Number of Students: 81
- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 2
- Number of Students: 32

Other Training

Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement (ARIDE): 185 officers were trained in seven different locations statewide.
Narrative

Brian Kozak, chief of Avon Police Department was the recipient of the 2009 Colorado DRE Centennial Award, given for significant contributions to Colorado’s DRE program. Brian Kozak has since left Avon Police to become the chief of police in Cheyenne, Wyoming.

The second runner up for the DRE Centennial Award was Sergeant Jose Barraza, Fort Carson Police Department.

Colorado DRE instructors Master Trooper Gary Gale and Trooper Darrel Aulston taught in the Wyoming DRE School. Colorado did not host a school this year, but partnered with a school hosted by Wyoming. *Eight students from Colorado attended the Wyoming DRE School.

DRE evaluations in Colorado in 2009 increased nine percent from DRE evaluations 2008.

Chris Halsor, Colorado’s traffic resource prosecutor (TSRP), provided new training to Colorado DREs, Colorado Department of Health Lab staff, prosecutors, Standard Field Sobriety Field Sobriety (SFST) instructors and other partners and stakeholders in traffic safety. The training, called Comprehensive DUI, was offered at 18 different locations statewide.

Comprehensive DUI is a two-day multi-disciplinary training course, expressly designed to get law enforcement, prosecutors and lab staff in the same classroom together. Utilizing a faculty composed of veteran law enforcement officers, laboratory scientists and experienced prosecutors, the class is team taught to provide all participants with different perspectives on the class content. Addressing the impaired driving case from its initiation all the way through trial, the course contains sections on the following:

• Impaired driving investigations (including SFSTs);
• Driving under the influence of drugs cases and using DREs;
• Toxicology;
• Breath testing
• Pre-trial preparation and motions practice
• Trial preparation
• Trial techniques and tactics
• Trial practicum

Sgt. Craig Simpson, a DRE instructor for the Colorado Springs Police Department, has created a course called Prescription and Illicit Drugs: What Teen Drivers Need to Know. This class was developed for the Colorado Springs DRIVE Smart High School Challenge and has been giving in numerous high schools throughout Colorado Springs, Denver and to the Teen Motor Vehicle Leadership Alliance. Sgt. Simpson has also developed presentations regarding drug use and familiarity for Colorado Springs Police Department’s school resource officers, the district attorney’s office in the 4th Judicial District, the judge advocate general (JAG) officers for the U.S. Army at Ft. Carson, U.S. Air Force Academy cadets, and various military units in both the
Army and Air Force. Sgt. Simpson also developed and prepared a class on Drug Symptomology for a Health Sciences class at the University of Colorado at Colorado Springs.

Colorado State Trooper Jerald G. Wolff, a DRE instructor, began conducting a safety talk series in Colorado Springs. The safety talks are for a company whose main focus is helicopter flight instruction, touring, and aerial photography company.

Trooper Wolff also administered a drug and alcohol awareness class for about 500 soldiers on Fort Carson military base after a fatal DUI crash that killed two soldiers south of Colorado Springs.

The alcohol and drug awareness class is designed to offer a basic understanding of the impairing effects of drugs, alcohol, and the combination of both. The drugs discussed in this class are primarily prescription medications and the effects they can have on everyday driving actions.

Nineteen Colorado traffic safety professionals attended the 15th Annual IACP Training Conference on Drugs, Alcohol and Impaired Driving:
Glenn Davis, Colorado Department of Transportation’s DRE Coordinator
Officer Mark Ashby, Thornton Police Department
Sgt. Craig Simpson and Officer Martin Herrera, Colorado Springs
Troopers Gerald J. Wolff, Garrett Reich, and Philip Blankenship, Colorado State Patrol
Sgt. Keith Kramer, Ft. Lupton
Deputy Donald Patch, Weld County
Officer Yvonne Ramirez, Avon Police Department
Officer Michael Dieckmann, Woodland Park Police Department
Agent Alan Ma, Lakewood Police Department
Deputies Clay Leak and Kevin Averill, Boulder County
Deputy Ed Hawkins, Arapahoe County
Emily Tompkins, State Executive Director, Mothers Against Drunk Driving-Colorado
Assistant Deputy District Attorney, 19th Judicial District
Steve Wrenn, Colorado District Attorney’s Council,
Chris Halsor, TSRP
Lieutenant James Williamson, Littleton Police Department (Ret.)

**Report Submitted by**
Robin Rocke, Colorado Department of Transportation Assistant DRE Coordinator
Delaware

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 8
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 2
Number of agencies that have DREs: 4

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 25
Number of training evaluations: 0
Total number of evaluations: 25

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)
   - Stimulant: 4
   - Depressant: 15
   - Hallucinogen: 0
   - PCP: 0
   - Narcotic Analgesic: 8
   - Inhalant: 0
   - Cannabis: 5

2. Poly Drug Use
   - Total Number: 15

3. Other
   - Alcohol Rule Out: 0
   - Medical Rule Out: 0
   - No Opinion of Impairment: 1
   - Results Pending: 4
   - Tox Found No Drugs: 1
   - Refused: 0
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 0
- Number of Students: 0
- Number of DREs Certified: 0
- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 0
- Number of Students: 0
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 0
- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of School Nurses: 0
- Number of SROs: 0
- Other Students: 0
- Total Number of Students: 0

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: 5
- Number of Students: 86
- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

Narrative

Delaware plans to conduct the ARIDE course in 2010. Students taking this course will be evaluated by the instructors to determine if they should be candidates for the DRE program. Identified candidates will be invited to complete an application for the DRE program. Delaware plans to hold its first in-state DRE School before the end of 2010.

Report Submitted by
Lisa M. Shaw, Delaware Office of Highway Safety
District of Columbia

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 5
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 1
Number of agencies that have DREs: 3

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 9
Number of training evaluations: 2
Total number of evaluations: 11

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 1
- Depressant: 0
- Hallucinogen: 0
- PCP: 7
- Narcotic Analgesic: 1
- Inhalant: 0
- Cannabis: 1

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 3

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 0
- Medical Rule Out: 0
- No Opinion of Impairment: 1
- Results Pending: 3
- Tox Found No Drugs: 0
- Refused: 0
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 0
- Number of Students: 0
- Number of DREs Certified: 0

- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 0
- Number of Students: 0
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 0

- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of School Nurses: 0
- Number of SROs: 0
- Other Students: 0
- Total Number of Students: 0

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

Other Training

One Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement (ARIDE) class was presented to officers from the U.S. Capitol Police, the U.S. Park Police and the Metropolitan Police.

Report Submitted by
John A. Emrick, Jr., District of Columbia DRE Coordinator
Florida

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 198
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 42
Number of agencies that have DREs: 78

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 859
Number of training evaluations: 308
Total number of evaluations: 1167

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 250
- Depressant: 548
- Hallucinogen: 10
- PCP: 4
- Narcotic Analgesic: 478
- Inhalant: 2
- Cannabis: 372

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 511

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 20
- Medical Rule Out: 28
- No Opinion of Impairment: 53
- Results Pending: Unk
- Tox Found No Drugs: 77
- Refused: 64
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 3
- Number of Students: 48
- Number of DREs Certified: 47

- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 0
- Number of Students: 0
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 0

- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 2
- Number of Students: 91

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of School Nurses: 0
- Number of SROs: 0
- Other Students: 0
- Total Number of Students: 0

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: 15
- Number of Students: 385

- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 8
- Number of Students: 112

Other Training
We conducted eight ARIDE courses and trained 223 students.
We conducted one Medical Foundations for Visual Systems Testing classes and trained 25 students.
Interesting Cases
Some of our traffic homicide investigators who are also DREs have reported an increase in "Dust-off" related traffic fatalities. We will monitor to determine if this is only a temporary spike or an increasing trend in inhalant abuse.

Narrative

The effects of the economy were felt by the DRE program in Florida in 2009. The State Safety Office of the Florida Department of Transportation restricted travel out of state, so Florida was unable to send many DREs to the national conference. While we wait for these conditions to improve, we will continue our efforts in maintaining the high degree of skill and knowledge with our program and help to mitigate this turn of events from stopping the progress we have made in combating impaired driving. Despite the economy, Florida trained 48 students in DRE (two classes in Jacksonville and one class in Miami). We also had a member of the Virgin Islands Police become a certified DRE during this year. Florida has now required all DRE applicants to have been trained in a NHTSA/IACP approved Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement class. We have seen a high degree of success among students who have attended this training prior to DRE School. During 2009, we trained 223 officers in ARIDE. In addition, we continue to offer the Medical Foundations for Visual System Testing class for DREs. This course, developed and taught by Dr. Karl Citek, has been hugely successful among both DREs and other DUI officers. In 2009, we trained 25 students in Florida.

Report Submitted by
Kyle J. Clark, State DRE Coordinator
Georgia

Current DREs
Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 156
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 16
Number of agencies that have DREs: 79

Evaluations
Number of enforcement evaluations: 56
Number of training evaluations: 99
Total number of evaluations: 155

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)
   - Stimulant: 34
   - Depressant: 54
   - Hallucinogen: 1
   - PCP: 0
   - Narcotic Analgesic: 42
   - Inhalant: 1
   - Cannabis: 82

2. Poly Drug Use
   - Total Number: 62

3. Other
   - Alcohol Rule Out: 1
   - Medical Rule Out: 2
   - No Opinion of Impairment: 5
   - Results Pending: N/A
   - Tox Found No Drugs: 4
   - Refused: 10
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 17
- Number of DREs Certified: 17
- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 6
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 6
- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 3
- Number of Students: 15

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of School Nurses: 0
- Number of SROs: 0
- Other Students: 0
- Total Number of Students: 0

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: 14
- Number of Students: 380
- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 2
- Number of Students: 30

Other Training
ARIDE: 7 courses, 146 Students
DUI Case Preparation and Presentation: 1 course, 18 Students
DUI Case Report Writing: 1 course, 21 Students

Report Submitted by
Bruce Stanford, Georgia DRE Coordinator
Hawai‘i

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 60
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 18
Number of agencies that have DREs: 6

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 71
Number of training evaluations: 63
Total number of evaluations: 134

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 14
- Depressant: 33
- Hallucinogen: 1
- PCP: 0
- Narcotic Analgesic: 16
- Inhalant: 2
- Cannabis: 39

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 9

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 1
- Medical Rule Out: 2
- No Opinion of Impairment: 0
- Results Pending: 0
- Tox Found No Drugs: 7
- Refused: 6
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 29
- Number of DREs Certified: 12
- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 0
- Number of Students: 0
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 9
- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 2
- Number of Students: 23

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of School Nurses: 0
- Number of SROs: 0
- Other Students: 0
- Total Number of Students: 0

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: 3
- Number of Students: 60
- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 1
- Number of Students: 6

Report Submitted by
Ryan Nishibun, Hawaii DECP Coordinator
Idaho

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 101
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 22
Number of agencies that have DREs: 26

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 242
Number of training evaluations: 49
Total number of evaluations: 291

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 163
- Depressant: 120
- Hallucinogen: 1
- PCP: 2
- Narcotic Analgesic: 137
- Inhalant: 1
- Cannabis: 110

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 105

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 0
- Medical Rule Out: 12
- No Opinion of Impairment: 23
- Results Pending: 24
- Tox Found No Drugs: 14
- Refused: 8
**DRE Training**

- Number of DRE Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 15
- Number of DREs Certified: 15
- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 0
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: N/A
- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 0
- Number of Students: N/A

**DITEP Training**

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of School Nurses: N/A
- Number of SROs: N/A
- Other Students: N/A
- Total Number of Students: N/A

**Phlebotomy Training**

- Number of Classes: 1
- Number of Students: ?

**SFST Training**

- Number of SFST Classes: ?
- Number of Students: ?
- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 0
  - Number of Students: N/A

**Other Training**

First ARIDE class September 22-23, 2009

**Narrative**

Last year, Idaho DREs had entered only 89 evaluations in the data tracking system. This year, 295 evaluations were entered!

**Report Submitted by**

Sgt. Dean L. Matlock, State DRE Coordinator
Illinois

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 2
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 0
Number of agencies that have DREs: 2

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 20
Number of training evaluations: 14
Total number of evaluations: 34

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 2
- Depressant: 2
- Hallucinogen: 0
- PCP: 0
- Narcotic Analgesic: 5
- Inhalant: 2
- Cannabis: 9

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 7

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 1
- Medical Rule Out: 0
- No Opinion of Impairment: 0
- Results Pending: 3
- Tox Found No Drugs: 1
- Refused: 0
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 0
- Number of Students: 0
- Number of DREs Certified: 0

- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 0
- Number of Students: 0
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 0

- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of School Nurses: 0
- Number of SROs: 0
- Other Students: 0
- Total Number of Students: 0

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: 22
- Number of Students: 520

- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

Other Training

ARIDE: 3 Courses with approximately 75 participants.
8-Hour SFST Refresher Training: Minimally 16 classes held with over 200 participants. Those done in-house would not be included in this number.
Interesting Cases

*People v. McKown:* Ruling HGN satisfies Frye and is admissible as part of the officer's opinion that the suspect is under the influence of alcohol (Argued to Supreme Court in September 2009. Opinion issued in February 2010.)

Narrative

While no SFST Instructor Courses were held in 2009, four were held in 2008 with nearly 100 new instructors qualified statewide.

* Tony Lebron’s (Illinois State Police) DRE certification lapsed in May 2009, and he retired in December 2009. A DRE transferred from a Nevada agency to Waukegan, Illinois, Police Department in fall 2009. I do not believe the Waukegan PD uses him in that capacity.

**Toxicology found no drugs. Officer obtained urine in an inhalant case but it did not show up in urine. The next month, the same defendant was stopped for DUID again and the category of inhalants was called. This time the officer got blood and the test was positive.**

Report Submitted By
Elizabeth Earleywine, Illinois SFST/DRE Program Coordinator
Indiana

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 162
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 35
Number of agencies that have DREs: 79

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations : 436
Number of training evaluations: 116
Total number of evaluations: 552

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 92
- Depressant: 192
- Hallucinogen: 4
- PCP: 3
- Narcotic Analgesic: 141
- Inhalant: 2
- Cannabis: 237

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 153

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 6
- Medical Rule Out: 14
- No Opinion of Impairment: 28
- Results Pending: 154
- Tox Found No Drugs: 13
- Refused: 24
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 2
- Number of Students: 36
- Number of DREs Certified: 33

- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 4
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 4

- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 1
- Number of Students: 122

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of School Nurses: 0
- Number of SROs: 0
- Other Students: 0
- Total Number of Students: 0

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: 16
- Number of Students: 466

- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 2
- Number of Students: 52

Other Training
During our training courses, we continue to assist agencies outside Indiana in achieving training. During our SFST Instructor course this year, we had two officers from the National Park Services. A DRE from Michigan attended our Drug Evaluation Instructor course to help get people already trained for when Michigan becomes a DRE state. In our DRE courses, we welcomed officers from Michigan, Illinois, and Kentucky. Ohio did not send anyone this year.
We continue to support both Michigan and Ohio's efforts to enter into the Drug Evaluation and Classification program. Currently we have trained and certified four officers and one DRE instructor from Michigan and eight officers and three DRE instructors in Ohio. Both states are coming along, but politics in state government move slowly.

**Interesting Cases**

One case of note that garnered some publicity for the program occurred in South Bend. After work DRE Officer Ed Koczan met officer for coffee. He was headed home, well past his patrol shift. A vehicle passed in the opposite direction failing to dim their headlights after several attempts by the officer to get them to dim.

Although he was off duty, the conscientious officer turned and initiated his lights for the stop. The vehicle sped up and turned a corner rapidly. All of the occupants ran. Officer Koczan stayed with the vehicle calling out what little description he had of the people he got as he turned the corner. He began a search of the car in an attempt to identify the occupants.

A second officer arrived on scene while he was searching the car. When he popped the trunk, the second officer began yelling, “Show me your hands!” Two individuals found in the trunk were Notre Dame students who had been carjacked. They had been beaten and forced to withdraw all they could from their ATM. They then were placed in the trunk while the suspects drove around trying to decide where to kill them and leave the bodies.

One of the students was the son of a California police captain. It was Officer Koczan’s attention to duty and his drive to rid the roads of impaired drivers that got him to pursue the vehicle rather than allowing the vehicle to go because he was off duty.

**Narrative**

The Indiana DRE program is fairly solid. Getting officers to enter all of their evaluations is difficult. Incentives and disincentives are now tied to updated logs. The numbers above represent those that have been entered. We continue our efforts to get our state police involved in the program. Unfortunately, we have not made much progress. We do believe we can get them included in ARIDE and have laid the groundwork for several classes including them in 2010.

**Report Submitted by**

Joseph Turner State DRE Coordinator
Iowa

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 118
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 10
Number of agencies that have DREs: 78

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 300
Number of training evaluations: 61
Total number of evaluations: 361

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 99
- Depressant: 68
- Hallucinogen: 0
- PCP: 3
- Narcotic Analgesic: 41
- Inhalant: 6
- Cannabis: 207

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 86

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 3
- Medical Rule Out: 6
- No Opinion of Impairment: 15
- Results Pending: 0
- Tox Found No Drugs: 12
- Refused: 52
**DRE Training**

- Number of DRE Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 15
- Number of DREs Certified: 15
- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 0
- Number of Students: 0
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 0
- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

**DITEP Training**

- Number of Classes: n/a
- Number of School Nurses: n/a
- Number of SROs: n/a
- Other Students: n/a
- Total Number of Students: n/a

**Phlebotomy Training**

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

**SFST Training**

- Number of SFST Classes: 6
- Number of Students: 215
- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 1
- Number of Students: 18
Kansas

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 86
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 12
Number of agencies that have DREs: 31

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 356
Number of training evaluations: 51
Total number of evaluations: 407

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 62
- Depressant: 176
- Hallucinogen: 2
- PCP: 20
- Narcotic Analgesic: 92
- Inhalant: 4
- Cannabis: 112

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 89

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 7
- Medical Rule Out: 8
- No Opinion of Impairment: 26
- Results Pending: 0
- Tox Found No Drugs: 3
- Refused: 25
**DRE Training**

- Number of DRE Schools: 0
- Number of Students: 16
- Number of DREs Certified: 14

- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 0
- Number of Students: 0
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 0

- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 2
- Number of Students: 28

**DITEP Training**

- Number of Classes: 3
- Number of School Nurses: 23
- Number of SROs: 4
- Other Students: 55
- Total Number of Students: 82

**Phlebotomy Training**

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

**SFST Training**

- Number of SFST Classes: 18
- Number of Students: 442

- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

**Other Training**

SFST Instructor In-service is mandatory.

**Interesting Cases**

A great example of pro-active law enforcement: An officer in the Johnson County Metro area arrested a suspect for felony DUI and convicted him. That night, the convicted driver got drunk
and was driving again, and the same officer picked him up again for DUI. At a subsequent hearing for the second felony DUI, the judge let him out on house arrest. The officer, knowing the history, went searching the local bars, and found him once again in an extreme inebriated state. He was obviously prevented from driving that night, but the judge reinstated the house arrest. This shows the dedication to prevent impaired drivers from operating in Kansas.

**Narrative**

Kansas is currently into the second cycle of SFST Refresher Training and the Credentialing Program. The program requires biennial in-service for all credentialed SFST instructors, as well as biennial 4 hour refresher training for all credentialed practitioners. For those practitioners who missed the 2007/2008 cycle, that training is now available on the Kansas Training Web, and must be completed before the officer is allowed to complete the 209/2010 training.

**Report Submitted by**

**Jeff Collier, Kansas SFST/DRE Coordinator**
Kentucky

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 104
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 17
Number of agencies that have DREs: 27

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 120
Number of training evaluations: 40
Total number of evaluations: 160

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 41
- Depressant: 46
- Hallucinogen: 0
- PCP: 2
- Narcotic Analgesic: 66
- Inhalant: 1
- Cannabis: 37

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 68

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 1
- Medical Rule Out: 1
- No Opinion of Impairment: 0
- Results Pending: 79
- Tox Found No Drugs: 2
- Refused: 5
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 7
- Number of DREs Certified: 0

- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 0
- Number of Students: 0
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 0

- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 2
- Number of Students: 26

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of School Nurses: 0
- Number of SROs: 0
- Other Students: 0
- Total Number of Students: 0

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: 10
- Number of Students: 238

  Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 0
  Number of Students: 0

Other Training

Breath Test Operator’s Course (40 hours): 10 classes, 220 students
Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement Course (16 hours): 3 classes, 70 students

Report Submitted by
Terry Mosser, Kentucky DRE Coordinator
Louisiana

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: \( 25 \)
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: \( 7 \)
Number of agencies that have DREs: \( 9 \)

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: \( 82 \)
Number of training evaluations: \( 28 \)
Total number of evaluations: \( 110 \)

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: \( 19 \)
- Depressant: \( 34 \)
- Hallucinogen: \( 2 \)
- PCP: \( 2 \)
- Narcotic Analgesic: \( 31 \)
- Inhalant: \( 0 \)
- Cannabis: \( 25 \)

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: \( 76 \)

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: \( 0 \)
- Medical Rule Out: \( 0 \)
- No Opinion of Impairment: \( 3 \)
- Results Pending: \( 17 \)
- Tox Found No Drugs: \( 7 \)
- Refused: \( 4 \)
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 7
- Number of DREs Certified: 3
- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 0
- Number of Students: 0
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 0
- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 1
- Number of Students: 6

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of School Nurses: 0
- Number of SROs: 0
- Other Students: 0
- Total Number of Students: 0

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: 5
- Number of Students: 140
- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 1
- Number of Students: 30

Other Training

We continue to train prosecutors and judges in drug and alcohol impairment in coordination with the Louisiana District Attorney's Association.
Narrative

Louisiana continues to progress with training and development of its Drug Evaluation and Classification Program. Several jurisdictions are utilizing blood warrant “No Refusal Weekends” and several more have plans to initiate the concept in early 2010.

Report Submitted by
Jay Cripple, Director, Applied Technology, Louisiana SFST/DECP Coordinator
Maine

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 83
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 16
Number of agencies that have DREs: 51

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 343
Number of training evaluations: 0
Total number of evaluations: 343

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 55
- Depressant: 208
- Hallucinogen: 0
- PCP/NA: 2
- Narcotic Analgesic: 201
- Inhalant: 0
- Cannabis: 95

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 222

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 0
- Medical Rule Out: 0
- No Opinion of Impairment: 0
- Results Pending: 0
- Tox Found No Drugs: 25
- Refused: 0
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 17
- Number of DREs Certified: 16
- Number of DRE Instructor Schools: 0
- Number of Students: 0
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 0
- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 3
- Number of Students: 41

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: 3
- Number of School Nurses: ?
- Number of SROs: ?
- Other Students: ?
- Total Number of Students: ?

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: 9
- Number of Students: 101
- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 1
- Number of Students: 2

Other Training

Maine conducted three Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement (ARIDE) Programs with 37 students and saw an immediate value in increased communication between the SFST practitioner and the drug recognition expert (DRE). We have not required DRE candidates to attend ARIDE as a prerequisite to the DRE School, although many did in preparation for our
upcoming DRE schools. Based on feedback from our original class in 2008, we are now requiring students attending ARIDE classes to meet with an SFST instructor prior to the class to review their SFST proficiency. This allows for a more streamlined class as all attendees are at the same SFST level of proficiency on day one.

We also ran a train-the-trainer class for the Drug Impairment Training for Educational Professionals (DITEP) program. We recruited school resource officers (SROs) to attend the training and encouraged them to bring a school administrator to the training. We had a two-pronged approach for this training. We were attempting to gain support for the program with school administrators and SROs, and we would be utilizing the SRO with a team of DREs to present the curriculum. We found that the SRO was a familiar face and that made an easy transition with attendees; furthermore, the SRO was more qualified to discuss individual school policies during the training.

Narrative

We are planning for our next DRE School in February 2011. One Maine officer attended the DRE school held in New Hampshire and has completed his field evaluations and certification upon returning to Maine. Our current DRE population has leveled off at around 80 officers down from a high of 125. Running a DRE school every other year allows us to maintain an adequate number of DREs to meet our needs.

We continue to offer SFST training to all basic cadets going through the academy and also sponsor off-site classes. We conducted eight formal SFST Refresher training classes during 2009. We will continue to offer ARIDE and DITEP courses. We are working closely with our State Bureau of Highway Safety to implement some of the recommendations from our 2009 NHTSA SFST assessment.

Report Submitted by
James A. Lyman, Maine DRE Coordinator
Maryland

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 134
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 32
Number of agencies that have DREs: 23

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 542
Number of training evaluations: 333
Total number of evaluations: 875

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 44
- Depressant: 229
- Hallucinogen: 5
- PCP: 44
- Narcotic Analgesic: 237
- Inhalant: 2
- Cannabis: 85

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 181

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 8
- Medical Rule Out: 17
- No Opinion of Impairment: 44
- Results Pending: 37
- Tox Found No Drugs: 13
- Refused: 237
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 2
- Number of Students: 23
- Number of DREs Certified: 36
- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 0
- Number of Students: 0
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 0
- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of School Nurses: 0
- Number of SROs: 0
- Other Students: 0
- Total Number of Students: 0

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: *
- Number of Students: *
- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: *
- Number of Students: *

Other Training

During calendar year 2009 two Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement (ARIDE) classes were provided in Maryland to a total of 65 students.
**Narrative**

The highlight for Maryland’s DRE program in 2009 was the ability to analyze blood specimens for the presence of drugs. Maryland law requires the use of blood only to test for drugs in the system of a suspected drug impaired driver; urine or other methods are not available options. Effective October 01, 2007, the private out-of-state lab we used to test DRE blood specimens stopped accepting specimens from us. No other lab was identified that could affordably fulfill our need for blood testing. Since that time, the state has been working to acquire in-state testing.

The Maryland State Police, Forensic Sciences Division hired personnel and, with a grant from the Maryland Highway Safety Office, acquired the scientific equipment needed to test DRE blood specimens for the presence of drugs. The laboratory began accepting specimens on November 16, 2009, and received 76 samples between then and the end of calendar year 2009. The results of 36 specimens were received before the end of 2009 and confirmed the category(s) of drugs called by the DRE 78 percent of the time.

Maryland DREs conducted 41 percent more enforcement evaluations in 2009 than during 2008. This increase is attributed in some part to better data collection, in some part to the efforts of agency and regional DRE coordinators through the state and in some part to an increase in the number of DREs. The primary cause, however, is believed to be the increased motivation of individual DREs spurred by the knowledge of the pending ability to test blood specimens.

By conducting two DRE schools with 23 students, completing the certification of 13 DREs from a 2008 school, and renewing the certification of several expired DREs, we were able to increase our number of available DREs by 31 percent. The use of the MedTox Sure-Screen 11 panel urine test kits has contributed significantly to the speed by which we are able to certify new DREs.

In an effort to help prosecutors better understand the law enforcement processes that lead up to a DUI case they must ultimately handle, seven Prosecuting the Impaired Driver classes were presented around the state. These one-day classes covered Standard Field Sobriety Testing, chemical testing, and the DRE program. They were so well received that additional classes are being scheduled for 2010.

**Report Submitted by**
**Lt. Tom Woodward, Maryland DRE Coordinator**
Massachusetts

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 63
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 28
Number of agencies that have DREs: 41

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 245
Number of training evaluations: 149
Total number of evaluations: 394

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 42
- Depressant: 85
- Hallucinogen: 0
- D/A: 4
- Narcotic Analgesic: 111
- Inhalant: 0
- Cannabis: 74

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 89

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 5
- Medical Rule Out: 
- No Opinion of Impairment: 12
- Results Pending: 0
- Tox Found No Drugs: 2
- Refused: 45
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 16
- Number of DREs Certified: 16

- Number of DRE Instructor Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 27
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 22

- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 1
- Number of Students: 36

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: 4
- Number of School Nurses: 88
- Number of SROs: 9
- Other Students: 106
- Total Number of Students: 203

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: 9
- Number of Students: 364

- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

Other Training

ARIDE - 3
Prosecutor Training – 2
Drugs That Impair Driving – 3
Drug Impairment Training for Health Care Professionals – 5
Drug Lectures for Nurses – 3
Drug Abuse Classes for Students – 3
SFST Refresher - 4
Narrative

The Massachusetts DRE program continues to grow, but at a pace a bit slower than desired. Although there were 63 DREs at the end of 2009, there were more during the year. However, due to various reasons such as retirements and transfers, the numbers were somewhat higher. This year’s school was comprised of 16 students, all Massachusetts officers who successfully completed the classroom portion of the process. All students, through monies provided by the DRE program, were sent to Maricopa County Jail in Phoenix, Arizona, for certification evaluations. Not only did all complete their required field evaluations, but all successfully completed the Final knowledge Exam in Arizona. Upon returning, all students had finished all requirements and were certified. This allowed more DREs to be available for sobriety checkpoints. At this time, we are trying to make arrangements to have at least one DRE at every sobriety checkpoint conducted in the state. Several checkpoints in 2009 had DREs present for screening impaired operators and conducting evaluations.

We continue the Drug Impairment Training for Education Professionals (DITEP). Although only four classes were held, more than 200 school persons were trained. We have received many more requests for DITEP, and several more are being planned for 2010.

The Drug Impairment Training for Health Care Professionals class was conducted several times. There appears to be a growing demand for this class, which was developed in Massachusetts. The Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement (ARIDE) class was conducted at regional academies in Massachusetts. By 2011, it is planned that ARIDE will be a prerequisite for entrance into the DRE School.

Rhode Island has a new state coordinator and has requested help from Massachusetts to get its DEC Program reinvigorated. Several trainings were held in Rhode Island, including an SFST Instructor Course. Massachusetts will continue to work with Rhode Island to build up its program.

Massachusetts continues to have success in courts prosecuting OUI drugs cases. Several DREs have been qualified as experts in various courts. Some courts have been much more receptive to the DRE program and DREs than others have.

One advantage that we now have is that an assistant district attorney is now a certified DRE, who is also associated with a police department. She has been an outstanding prosecutor for OUI court cases, and with her new expertise, has been invaluable for DEC Program. Her DRE background has allowed her to prosecute successfully many OUI Drug cases that previously would have been difficult. She has also lectured at many trainings for law enforcement and prosecutors, and has proved to be an excellent resource for other prosecutors, not only from Massachusetts but also from around New England.

Report Respectfully Submitted by
Sgt. Don Decker, Massachusetts DRE Coordinator
Minnesota

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 174
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 39
Number of agencies that have DREs: 85

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 428
Number of training evaluations: 235
Total number of evaluations: 663

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)
   • Stimulant: 200
   • Depressant: 201
   • Hallucinogen: 13
   • PCP: 7
   • Narcotic Analgesic: 141
   • Inhalant: 3
   • Cannabis: 214

2. Poly Drug Use
   • Total Number: 223

3. Other
   • Alcohol Rule Out: 14
   • Medical Rule Out: 8
   • No Opinion of Impairment: 87
   • Results Pending: 117
   • Tox Found No Drugs: 32
   • Refused: 22

DRE Training
   • Number of DRE Schools: 1
   • Number of Students: 24
   • Number of DREs Certified: 24
   • Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 1
   • Number of Students: 142
SFST Training
- Number of SFST Classes: 36
- Number of Students: 544

Other Training

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TITLE</th>
<th>CLASSES</th>
<th>STUDENTS</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Drugs That Impair Driving (DTID)</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>635</td>
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<tr>
<td>Occupant Protection usage and Enforcement (OPUE)</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>594</td>
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<tr>
<td>OPUE Instructor/Trainer</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SFST/DWI Update</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>675</td>
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</tbody>
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- A sampling of critiques was examined for each class. The scale used: Excellent=5, Very Good=4, Good=3, Fair=2, Poor=1. The average over all opinion for each class was: 
  - SFST: 4.3
  - DTID: 4.2
  - Update: 4.4
  - OPUE: 4.0

- 97.5% of sampled respondents stated that they agreed that the SFSTs would improve their ability to identify impaired drivers
- 96.5% of sampled respondents stated that they were glad they attended SFST training.
- 97.5% of sample respondents reported that the DTID training would improve their ability to enforce the DWI-Controlled Substance law and improve their ability to detect drug-impaired drivers
- 99% of sampled respondents stated that they understand the Minnesota DWI law better after attended DWI Update training.
- 98.5% stated that they feel more prepared to administer and interpret SFSTs after attending DWI Update training.

Narrative

- Minnesota continues to publish the quarterly Snare the Drug Impaired newsletter that is sent to over 1000 recipients.
- Over 35,000 arrests for DWI were made in 2009. To date, 513 of those arrests resulted in a conviction of DWI-CS. One in eight Minnesotans has been arrested for DWI.
- Minnesota’s 17th DRE School was held in April. With the certification of the 24 officers, our state’s DRE ranks rode to 174 from 85 agencies.
- Certification training resulted in determining 35% of the subjects were polydrug users.
- 84% of students participating in DRE training stated the course was “excellent” (14% stated it was “very good”).
- We continue a recognition program for officers who make use of DREs to assist them with their DWI-CS arrests.

Report Submitted by
Sgt. Don Marose, Minnesota DRE Coordinator
Mississippi

Current DREs
Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 15
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 0
Number of agencies that have DREs: 14

Evaluations
Number of enforcement evaluations: 35
Number of training evaluations: 41
Total number of evaluations: 76

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)
   - Stimulant: 21
   - Depressant: 13
   - Hallucinogen: 0
   - PCP: 0
   - Narcotic Analgesic: 10
   - Inhalant: 0
   - Cannabis: 36

2. Poly Drug Use
   - Total Number: 28

3. Other
   - Alcohol Rule Out: 3
   - Medical Rule Out: 1
   - No Opinion of Impairment: 5
   - Results Pending: 12
   - Tox Found No Drugs: 0
   - Refused: 0

DRE Training
   - Number of DRE Schools: 0
Number of Students: 0
Number of DREs Certified: 0
Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 0
Number of Students: 0
Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 0
Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 0
Number of Students: 0

DITEP Training

Number of Classes: 0
Number of School Nurses: 0
Number of SROs: 0
Other Students: 0
Total Number of Students: 0

Phlebotomy Training

Number of Classes: 0
Number of Students: 0

SFST Training

Number of SFST Classes: 20
Number of Students: 381
Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 1
Number of Students: 23

Narrative

Three DREs and the traffic safety resource prosecutor (TRSP) attended training in Little Rock.
Six DREs and the TSRP are scheduled to attend ARIDE training in Nashville, Tennessee, on March 22 and 23 so that we can bring ARIDE to Mississippi.

One DRE has not placed his 14 training evaluations into the system. He will soon be taken out of the system and decertified.

Report Submitted by
Tammy Moore, Mississippi DRE Coordinator
Missouri

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 209
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 49
Number of agencies that have DREs: 66

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 625
Number of training evaluations: 217
Total number of evaluations: 842

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 153
- Depressant: 244
- Hallucinogen: 5
- PCP: 47
- Narcotic Analgesic: 170
- Inhalant: 2
- Cannabis: 341

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 239

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 9
- Medical Rule Out: 15
- No Opinion of Impairment: 20
- Results Pending: UNK
- Tox Found No Drugs: 34
- Refused: 61
DRE Training
- Number of DRE Schools: 3
- Number of Students: 62
- Number of DREs Certified: 60
- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 5
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 5
- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

DITEP Training
- Number of Classes: 6
- Number of School Nurses: 10
- Number of SROs: 96
- Other Students: 119
- Total Number of Students: 215

Phlebotomy Training
- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

SFST Training
- Number of SFST Classes: Unk
- Number of Students: Unk
- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: Unk
- Number of Students: Unk

Other Training
Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement: 10 classes conducted in 2009 with 235 officers trained.

Report Submitted by
Randy Silvey, Missouri State DRE Coordinator
Highway Safety Division, Missouri Department of Transportation
Montana

Current DREs

- Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 25
- Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 6
- Number of agencies that have DREs: 8

Evaluations

- Number of enforcement evaluations: 60
- Number of training evaluations: 1
- Total number of evaluations: 61

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 9
- Depressant: 28
- Hallucinogen: 0
- PCP: 0
- Narcotic Analgesic: 19
- Inhalant: 1
- Cannabis: 19

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 21

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 0
- Medical Rule Out: 4
- No Opinion of Impairment: 4
- Results Pending: 13
- Tox Found No Drugs: 3
- Refused: 6
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 0
- Number of Students: 0
- Number of DREs Certified: 2
- Number of DRE/JSST Instructor Schools: 0
- Number of Students: 0
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 1
- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of School Nurses: 0
- Number of SROs: 0
- Other Students: 0
- Total Number of Students: 0

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: 8
- Number of Students: 200
- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

Other Training

Montana recently began the Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement (ARIDE) program. In 2009, one ARIDE class was put on, and 27 students completed the training. The training is becoming very sought after in Montana by many agencies. Students who have completed the training have had very positive input regarding the quality of the training. Many ARIDE trainings are currently scheduled for 2010, and we expect that more than 200 officers will be ARIDE-trained in 2010.
Interesting Cases

The Montana Highway Patrol received a “Report a Drunk Driver” call during the daytime on a vehicle near Billings. The vehicle was stopped and the driver was found to have no alcohol on board. A drug evaluation was conducted on the driver. The DRE came to the opinion that the driver was under the influence of narcotic analgesics. Toxicology confirmed that morphine was in the driver’s blood. The driver later pled guilty to the DUI charge written by the highway patrol trooper. After contacting the agency in the driver’s home area, it was discovered that numerous reports of this vehicle had been received. The vehicle had been stopped quite a few times, but because no alcohol was present, the driver was issued careless driving citations and released. This same individual had also had two previous DRE evaluations conducted resulting in the same narcotic analgesic call. Both of the evaluations were confirmed by toxicology.

Narrative

Montana is continuing to see an increase in drug-related injury and fatal crashes. Calls for service for DREs are on the rise and DREs are becoming more relied upon in many crash and traffic investigations. Many of the calls for service are coming from ARIDE trained officers who are better recognizing the signs of drug impairment.

This past year, Montana added one additional DRE Instructor to the state. Montana now has a total of six DRE instructors and should be able to host a DRE School without relying on outside resources.

The court system in Montana is beginning to rely on DREs as expert witnesses for HGN testimony. Generally HGN is not allowed in court unless an expert establishes foundation. Our courts have recognized DREs as expert witnesses in every case they have been called to testify in. With the expansion of the DRE program coming in the spring, HGN testimony should become more prevalent throughout the state.

After a long process, wet labs have been restored at Montana's Basic Law Enforcement Academy. It is hoped that the addition of this training will help with the prosecution of impaired drivers on Montana’s highways.

Montana has a DRE School planned for April 2010. This school will certify 20 new DREs for the state, nearly doubling our program size. This school will help to get DRE coverage to most areas of the state. We have received large interest in the DRE Program from many agencies across the state. One thing that continually holds departments up is the large investment in getting officers trained.

Report Submitted by
Kurt Sager, Montana DRE Coordinator
Nebraska

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 107
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 16
Number of agencies that have DREs: 32

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 370
Number of training evaluations: 33
Total number of evaluations: 405
*The total 2009 evaluations for Nebraska: 370 enforcement evaluations, 33 training evaluations and two other evaluations.

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 77
- Depressant: 85
- Hallucinogen: 4
- PCP: 1
- Narcotic Analgesic: 34
- Inhalant: 2
- Cannabis: 207

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 81

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 1
- Medical Rule Out: 6
- No Opinion of Impairment: 24
- Results Pending: 44
- Tox Found No Drugs: 17
- Refused: 23
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 21
- Number of DREs Certified: 19
- Number of DRE/ SFST Instructor Schools: 0
- Number of Students: 0
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 0
- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 1
- Number of Students: 92

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of School Nurses: 0
- Number of SROs: 0
- Other Students: 0
- Total Number of Students: 0

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: *
- Number of Students: *
- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

**The Nebraska Office of Highway Safety does not track SFST classes sponsored across the state—only the SFST instructor training sponsored by this office.

Other Training

In 2009, funding assistance was provided through the Nebraska Office of Highway Safety for seven DRE instructors, nine DREs and one prosecutor to attend the 2009 IACP Impaired Driving Conference.
Interesting Cases

In November 2009, the Nebraska Supreme Court affirmed the DRE protocol with their opinion in *State vs. Daly*.

Narrative

In 2009, Nebraska DREs conducted 405 evaluations with a toxicology confirmation rate of 91.86 percent. The 2009 DRE activity reflected in this report was extracted from the DRE data tracking collection system. Nebraska DREs are required to be up-to-date on their entries into the DRE data collection system to be considered for funding assistance for the national conference and prior to being recertified as a DRE.

Report Submitted by
Becky Stinson, Nebraska State Coordinator
Nevada

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 284
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 38
Number of agencies that have DREs: 48

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations:
Number of training evaluations:
Total number of evaluations:

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant:
- Depressant:
- Hallucinogen:
- PCP:
- Narcotic Analgesic:
- Inhalant:
- Cannabis:

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number:

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out:
- Medical Rule Out:
- No Opinion of Impairment:
- Results Pending:
- Tox Found No Drugs:
- Refused:
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 11
- Number of DREs Certified: 1

- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 8
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 8

- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: 
- Number of School Nurses: 
- Number of SROs: 
- Other Students: 
- Total Number of Students: 

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 1
- Number of Students: 8

Other Training

Basic SFST courses are mandatory in Basic Academy pursuant to the Nevada Administrative Codes (NAC) for the Standards of Training

Report Submitted by
Scott Johnston, Nevada DRE Coordinator
New Hampshire

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 97
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 23
Number of agencies that have DREs: 45

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 103
Number of training evaluations: 140
Total number of evaluations: 243

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 32
- Depressant: 15
- Hallucinogen: 3
- PCP: 0
- Narcotic Analgesic: 30
- Inhalant: 1
- Cannabis: 37

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 40

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 14
- Medical Rule Out: 4
- No Opinion of Impairment: 13
- Results Pending: 0
- Tox Found No Drugs: 5
- Refused: 27
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 2
- Number of Students: 23
- Number of DREs Certified: 21
- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 0
- Number of Students: 0
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 0
- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 3
- Number of Students: 95

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of School Nurses: 0
- Number of SROs: 0
- Other Students: 0
- Total Number of Students: 0

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: 4
- Number of Students: 104
- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

Other Training

Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement
* Number of Classes 4
* Number of Students 98
Narrative

2009 was a busy year for the New Hampshire DEC Program. Perhaps of greatest significance, we presented a legislative bill to re-word our state impaired driver statute by changing the definition of the cause of impairment from “controlled drug” to “any substance.” While extensive efforts fell short of obtaining the required number of votes to pass the bill, it did bring forward great discussion and interest and will be actively pursued until its implementation is achieved.

Increased awareness and interest in the program have resulted in the membership of additional agencies who, by virtue of their locations, are instrumental in reaching a major goal; expanding coverage throughout our state. We now include two members of New Hampshire Fish and Game in our ranks, one whose patrol covers one of our northernmost regions.

As with all areas of the public and private sectors, law enforcement is subject to the current economic constraints and pressures. We continue to maintain and implement improved impairment detection, as well as the related proactive and reactive measures. We look forward to a rapid economic recovery and the continued, outstanding progression of our state’s DEC Program.

Report Submitted by
William Quigley, New Hampshire DRE Coordinator
New Jersey

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 259
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 45
Number of agencies that have DREs: 12

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 536
Number of training evaluations: 169
Total number of evaluations: 705

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 109
- Depressant: 196
- Hallucinogen: 8
- PCP: 19
- Narcotic Analgesic: 231
- Inhalant: 6
- Cannabis: 192

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 237

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 9
- Medical Rule Out: 26
- No Opinion of Impairment: 56
- Results Pending: 91
- Tox Found No Drugs: 11
- Refused: 22
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 2
- Number of Students: 40
- Number of DREs Certified: 40

- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 10
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 10

- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 5
- Number of Students: 110

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of School Nurses: 0
- Number of SROs: 0
- Other Students: 0
- Total Number of Students: 0

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: 25
- Number of Students: 770

- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

Other Training

Drug Abuse Recognition Training for Probation Services: 3 classes
Number of Students: 90 probation officers trained
Interesting Cases

Note: The drug categories of stimulant and narcotic analgesic are high and not reflective of New Jersey’s motoring public. Certification training takes place in high-density urban areas in the state (Camden City). We have found these two drug categories, especially in conjunction (poly-drug use) to be the majority of our training evaluations.

Narrative

The state continues its close working relationship with the Forensic Science Bureau by having toxicologists from that unit audit the DRE training. These scientists assist in blocks of instruction dealing with tox samples procedures, and receive feedback from officers on law enforcement concerns related to these procedures.

Report Submitted by
SFC Kevin M. Flanagan, New Jersey DRE Coordinator
New Mexico

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 134
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 12
Number of agencies that have DREs: 25

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 232
Number of training evaluations: 124
Total number of evaluations: 356

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 38
- Depressant: 56
- Hallucinogen: 3
- PCP: 1
- Narcotic Analgesic: 33
- Inhalant: 4
- Cannabis: 60

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 58

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 3
- Medical Rule Out: 8
- No Opinion of Impairment: 9
- Results Pending: 35
- Tox Found No Drugs: 20
- Refused: 12
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 29
- Number of DREs Certified: 18
- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 0
- Number of Students: 0
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 0
- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 5
- Number of Students: 55

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of School Nurses: 0
- Number of SROs: 0
- Other Students: 0
- Total Number of Students: 0

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: N/A
- Number of Students: N/A

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: N/A
- Number of Students: N/A
- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: N/A
- Number of Students: N/A

Other Training

We put on five trainings throughout the state, in conjunction with our traffic safety resource prosecutor, for law enforcement and assistant district attorneys. These classes consist of approximately 30-40 students each. We also put on two two-hour classes for school personnel on drugs that impair. The classes consisted of about 20 students each.
**Narrative**

Overall 2009 was a huge success for DRE training in New Mexico. The DREs in the state were informed they would be entering all of their evaluations into the tracking system or they would no longer be recertified. This has increased the number of evaluations being entered. For 2009, there is still a discrepancy as to how many evaluations were done and how many were entered; however, we are on the right track for 2010. A class was conducted successfully, using Arizona for our certification phase, and 19 students graduated. This phase has been a smooth every year with the help of our Arizona neighbors. There is a push for training of new assistant district attorneys and law enforcement around the state on when to call DREs out and how to prosecute a DRE case. We had a successful appeal on a case where we are now able to testify to HGN once again (however, our judges do not see it this way). We are working on an even better partnership with our labs and we speak on a weekly basis. Since SFST falls under a private organization for New Mexico, the state coordinator does not put on any SFST classes.

*Report Submitted by*
*Detective Christine Frank, New Mexico DRE Coordinator*
New York

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 150
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 15
Number of agencies that have DREs: 70

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 724
Number of training evaluations: 291
Total number of evaluations: 1015

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 112
- Depressant: 213
- Hallucinogen: 11
- PCP: 18
- Narcotic Analgesic: 180
- Inhalant: 0
- Cannabis: 284

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 328

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 3
- Medical Rule Out: 18
- No Opinion of Impairment: 41
- Results Pending: 250
- Tox Found No Drugs: 22
- Refused: 50
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 25
- Number of DREs Certified: 25
- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 2
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 2
- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 4
- Number of Students: 72

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: 8
- Number of School Nurses: 150
- Number of SROs: 10
- Other Students: 21
- Total Number of Students: 181

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0
- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

Report Submitted by
Richard J. Devlin, New York DRE Coordinator
North Carolina

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 120
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 25
Number of agencies that have DREs: 73

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 503
Number of training evaluations: 337
Total number of evaluations: 840

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 123
- Depressant: 346
- Hallucinogen: 1
- PCP: 188
- Narcotic Analgesic: 18
- Inhalant: 24
- Cannabis: 271

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 306

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 23
- Medical Rule Out: 46
- No Opinion of Impairment: 52
- Results Pending: 356
- Tox Found No Drugs: 8
- Refused: 23
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 2
- Number of Students: 23
- Number of DREs Certified: 20
- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 0
- Number of Students: 0
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 0
- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 2
- Number of Students: 100

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of School Nurses: 0
- Number of SROs: 0
- Other Students: 0
- Total Number of Students: 0

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: 74
- Number of Students: 1036
- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

Other Training
ARIDE Training: 31 classes, with a total of 496 students

Report Submitted by
Eddie M. Buffaloe, North Carolina DRE Coordinator
North Dakota

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 20
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 40
Number of agencies that have DREs: 6

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 25
Number of training evaluations: 6
Total number of evaluations: 31

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 7
- Depressant: 12
- Hallucinogen: 1
- PCP: 0
- Narcotic Analgesic: 7
- Inhalant: 0
- Cannabis: 10

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 8

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 0
- Medical Rule Out: 0
- No Opinion of Impairment: 2
- Results Pending: 0
- Tox Found No Drugs: 2
- Refused: 2
**DRE Training**

- Number of DRE Schools: 0
- Number of Students: 0
- Number of DREs Certified: 0
- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 0
- Number of Students: 0
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 0
- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 8
- Number of Students: 19

**DITEP Training**

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of School Nurses: 0
- Number of SROs: 0
- Other Students: 0
- Total Number of Students: 0

**Phlebotomy Training**

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

**SFST Training**

- Number of SFST Classes: 2
- Number of Students: 50
- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 1
- Number of Students: 15

**Narrative**

North Dakota remained consistent in the number of DRE evaluations in 2009. The number of DREs will increase significantly in 2010 because we held the first DRE School. The interest continues from other agencies as we are trying to expand the number of DREs statewide. With four instructors, North Dakota’s goal for 2010 is to hold another DRE School in late fall and conduct several first-time Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement (ARIDE) schools.

**Report Submitted by**
Gregory E. Smith, North Dakota DRE Coordinator
# Oklahoma

## Current DREs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:</td>
<td>190</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of DRE Instructors in your state:</td>
<td>74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of agencies that have DREs:</td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Evaluations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of enforcement evaluations:</td>
<td>271</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of training evaluations:</td>
<td>139</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total number of evaluations:</td>
<td>410</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. **Drug Category (DRE Opinion)**

   - Stimulant: 78
   - Depressant: 182
   - Hallucinogen: 1
   - PCP: 10
   - Narcotic Analgesic: 134
   - Inhalant: 9
   - Cannabis: 150

2. **Poly Drug Use**

   - Total Number: 166

3. **Other**

   - Alcohol Rule Out: 5
   - Medical Rule Out: 5
   - No Opinion of Impairment: 31
   - Results Pending: 31
   - Tox Found No Drugs: 12
   - Refused: 59
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 22
- Number of DREs Certified: 21

- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 12
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 12

- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 2
- Number of Students: 54

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: 2
- Number of School Nurses: 2
- Number of SROs: 0
- Other Students: 25
- Total Number of Students: 29

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: 20
- Number of Students: 238

- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 3
- Number of Students: 24

Other Training

Drugs that Impair Driving classes were conducted in several departments. Thirteen classes were conducted and 159 officers attended the training. Six initial Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement (ARIDE) classes were started and had favorable results and feedback.
Narrative

Oklahoma is seeing an increase in the abuse of prescription drugs in all areas of the state. DREs working in or with narcotic units are reporting the distribution of prescription drugs to be one of the leading types of cases they are working. Another area of marked increase in Oklahoma is in the use and distribution of heroin. In recent months several heroin overdose cases occurred, resulting in deaths; however, we are not seeing a sharp increase in the number of DUID drivers under the influence of narcotics.

A grant has been obtained by the Oklahoma Association of Chiefs of Police to conduct 20 ARIDE classes in the state. The classes will be held in metro and rural areas to allow access by a larger group of officers. DRE instructors will conduct all the classes.

Report Submitted by
Major Jim Maisano, Oklahoma DRE Coordinator
Oregon

Current DREs

- Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 177
- Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 40
- Number of agencies that have DREs: 63

Evaluations

- Number of enforcement evaluations: 1287
- Number of training evaluations: 128
- Total number of evaluations: 1415

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 270
- Depressant: 441
- Hallucinogen: 6
- PCP: 6
- Narcotic Analgesic: 358
- Inhalant: 8
- Cannabis: 545

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 640

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 51
- Medical Rule Out: 40
- No Opinion of Impairment: 68
- ResultsPending: 6
- Tox Found No Drugs: 148
- Refused: 39
**DRE Training**

- Number of DRE Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 18
- Number of DREs Certified: 17
- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 5
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 0
- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 1
- Number of Students: 5

**DITEP Training**

- Number of Classes: 8
- Number of School Nurses: 10
- Number of SROs: 91
- Other Students: 29
- Total Number of Students: 130

**Phlebotomy Training**

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

**SFST Training**

- Number of SFST Classes: *
- Number of Students: *
- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 1
- Number of Students: 26

**Other Training**

Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement: 3 sessions/45 students total.

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Report Submitted by  
Sgt. Michael S. Iwai, Oregon DECP Coordinator
Pennsylvania

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 65
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 16
Number of agencies that have DREs: 14

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 1118
Number of training evaluations: 98
Total number of evaluations: 1216

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 124
- Depressant: 398
- Hallucinogen: 7
- PCP: 23
- Narcotic Analgesic: 442
- Inhalant: 4
- Cannabis: 440

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 423

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 47
- Medical Rule Out: 12
- No Opinion of Impairment: 141
- Results Pending: 197
- Tox Found No Drugs: 45
- Refused: 40
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 16
- Number of DREs Certified: 16
- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 4
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 4
- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: 1
- Number of School Nurses: 109
- Number of SROs: 4
- Other Students: 12
- Total Number of Students: 125

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: 6
- Number of Students: 142
- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 1
- Number of Students: 31
Other Training

SFST and SFST Instructor Schools reported are state police classes only. Other agencies conduct SFST training within the Commonwealth and do not report those classes to the state DEC Program coordinator. Several prosecutor training courses were presented throughout the Commonwealth under the coordination of the traffic safety research prosecutor, the Pennsylvania DUI Association, and the Institute for Law Enforcement Education (ILEE). Additionally, three Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement (ARIDE) courses were conducted in state and some of our instructors assisted with an ARIDE class in Michigan.

Interesting Cases

The first significant Frye hearing was held in Pennsylvania in Commonwealth v Tiche. Several out-of-state prosecution witnesses contributed to the successful prosecution, and the court's recognition of the Drug Influence Evaluation protocol.

Narrative

Pennsylvania is looking forward to hosting the 16th Annual IACP Training Conference on Drugs, Alcohol and Impaired Driving in Pittsburgh, July 22 - 24, 2010. The Conference Planning Committee has remained busy throughout 2009 in the planning stages of the conference to ensure that all attendees enjoy their visit to the Commonwealth.

Although the Pennsylvania DEC Program is relatively young (six years), it has made significant strides in the area of drug impaired driving enforcement. The graphs below illustrate the success in Pennsylvania:

Report Submitted by
Corporal David Andrascik, Pennsylvania DRE Coordinator
Rhode Island

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 2
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 0
Number of agencies that have DREs: 6

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 0
Number of training evaluations: 24
Total number of evaluations: 24

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 15
- Depressant: 4
- Hallucinogen: 0
- PCP: 0
- Narcotic Analgesic: 5
- Inhalant: 0
- Cannabis: 7

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 31

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 0
- Medical Rule Out: 0
- No Opinion of Impairment: 0
- Results Pending: 0
- Tox Found No Drugs: 0
- Refused: 0
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 2
- Number of DREs Certified: 2
- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 0
- Number of Students: 0
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 0
- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of School Nurses: 0
- Number of SROs: 0
- Other Students: 0
- Total Number of Students: 0

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: 4
- Number of Students: 120
- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 1
- Number of Students: 15

Narrative

Rhode Island re-activated the DEC Program after a two- to three-year lapse in training and recertifications. We have two newly trained DREs and their evaluations were all part of training. Most of the DRE training has taken place in 2010, the results of which will be reported next year.

Report Submitted by
Richard T. Sullivan, Rhode Island DRE Coordinator
South Carolina

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 50
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 6
Number of agencies that have DREs: 18

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 190
Number of training evaluations: 251
Total number of evaluations: 444

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 193
- Depressant: 109
- Hallucinogen: 0
- PCP: 6
- Narcotic Analgesic: 106
- Inhalant: 0
- Cannabis: 201

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 240

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 8
- Medical Rule Out: 2
- No Opinion of Impairment: 0
- Results Pending: 0
- Tox Found No Drugs: 9
- Refused: 4
## DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 20
- Number of DREs Certified: 18
- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 3
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 3
- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 3
- Number of Students: 14

## DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of School Nurses: 0
- Number of SROs: 0
- Other Students: 0
- Total Number of Students: 0

## Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students:

## SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: 26
- Number of Students: 420
- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 4
- Number of Students: 45

## Other Training

Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement: Four Classes with 63 students.
Narrative

2009 was a year of transition for the DEC Program in South Carolina. Larry Spearman was the state coordinator but retired shortly after the first of the year. Dennis Ray of the Office of Highway Safety assumed the role as state coordinator and did an outstanding job with the February 2009 DRE combined school. The South Carolina Criminal Justice Academy was awarded a grant from the Office of Highway Safety in October and now has oversight of the DEC Program. The program continues to grow daily. Sgt. Tim Slupski of the Beaufort County Sheriff’s Office, Sgt. Mark Mims of the Florence Police Department, Officers Chad Causey and Josh Scott of the Conway Police Department, Officer Shari Driggers of the Summerville Police Department, and Cpl. Greg Ryan of the Mauldin Police Department have done an outstanding job of spreading the word of what drug recognition experts are able to do and educating officers in the field.

Report Submitted by
Dave Kopenhaver, South Carolina DRE Coordinator
South Dakota

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 26
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 2
Number of agencies that have DREs: 12

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 78
Number of training evaluations: 18
Total number of evaluations: 96

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 31
- Depressant: 32
- Hallucinogen: 0
- PCP: 2
- Narcotic Analgesic: 24
- Inhalant: 0
- Cannabis: 38

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 37

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 0
- Medical Rule Out: 1
- No Opinion of Impairment: 6
- Results Pending: 0
- Tox Found No Drugs: N/A
- Refused: 1
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 17
- Number of DREs Certified: 16

- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 0
- Number of Students: 0
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 0

- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 1
- Number of Students: 12

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of School Nurses: 0
- Number of SROs: 0
- Other Students: 0
- Total Number of Students: 0

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: 4
- Number of Students: 60

- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0
Other Training

South Dakota DRE students performed field certifications in California (Oakland, Fresno, and Bakersfield). We extend a big thank-you to the California Highway Patrol for welcoming the students.

South Dakota DREs, in conjunction with the Office of Highway Safety, held various Standardized Field Sobriety Testing (SFST) refresher trainings during the year.

A combined Pre-School/DRE school was held in Rapid City in November. Instructors for the school were Robert Rausch (Idaho State Police), Vaughn Gates (CHP), Scott Singleton (Utah Highway Patrol), Chuck Matson (Omaha) and Sgt. Ryan Mechaley the South Dakota Highway Patrol. A total of 17 students, including one prosecutor attended the training. The class would not have been possible without the assistance of the James (JC) Carpenter, the director of the Highway Safety Office.

Sgt. Mechaley and JC Carpenter attended an ignition interlock conference sponsored by MADD in Denver, Colorado, in October.

Interesting Cases

A South Dakota DRE played a vital role in the conviction of a habitual DUI offender. The subject was arrested for Felony DUI with a low BAC. He was subsequently found guilty at trial for DUI 4th (9th lifetime conviction) with the assistance of DRE testimony. The prosecutor in the case had just completed the DRE classroom training in November as well.

Narrative

South Dakota is happy to report that, with the support of the highway patrol and the Office of Highway Safety, the DEC Program is continuing to progress and expand. We are in the early stages of planning another combined Pre-School/DRE school. No dates have been selected as of yet.

Report Submitted by
Sgt. Ryan Mechaley, South Dakota DRE Coordinator
# Tennessee

## Current DREs

| Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: | 87 |
| Number of DRE Instructors in your state:   | 5  |
| Number of agencies that have DREs:        | 38 |

## Evaluations

| Number of enforcement evaluations: | 93 |
| Number of training evaluations:    | 66 |
| Total number of evaluations:       | 159 |

### 1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 43
- Depressant: 59
- Hallucinogen: 0
- PCP: 3
- Narcotic Analgesic: 62
- Inhalant: 1
- Cannabis: 44

### 2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 71

### 3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 24
- Medical Rule Out: 0
- No Opinion of Impairment: 7
- Results Pending: N/A
- Tox Found No Drugs: 2
- Refused: 9
### DRE Training
- Number of DRE Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 18
- Number of DREs Certified: 87
- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 0
- Number of Students: 0
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 5
- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 4
- Number of Students: 25

### DITEP Training
- Number of Classes: 1
- Number of School Nurses: 4
- Number of SROs: 8
- Other Students: 12
- Total Number of Students: 25

### Phlebotomy Training
- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

### SFST Training
- Number of SFST Classes: 13
- Number of Students: 194
- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 2
- Number of Students: 13

### Other Training
- DRE In-service: Two classes with combined total of 25 DREs
- Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement (ARIDE): Seven classes, with 127 students
- Standardized Field Sobriety Testing (SFST): Eight refresher classes, with 64 students
- SFST Instructor Updates: Two classes with 13 students
- Four academy classes, with 180 students

Note: ARIDE is a prerequisite for DRE training in Tennessee

**Report Submitted by**  
Richard M. Holt, Tennessee DRE Coordinator
Texas

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 337
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 57
Number of agencies that have DREs: 89

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 764
Number of training evaluations: 322
Total number of evaluations: 1103

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 89
- Depressant: 271
- Hallucinogen: 1
- PCP: 19
- Narcotic Analgesic: 171
- Inhalant: 1
- Cannabis: 112

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 473

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 3
- Medical Rule Out: 31
- No Opinion of Impairment: 101
- Results Pending: N/A
- Tox Found No Drugs: 19
- Refused: 187
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 3
- Number of Students: 68
- Number of DREs Certified: 62
- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 14
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 14
- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 10
- Number of Students: 108

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: 13
- Number of School Nurses: 177
- Number of SROs: 16
- Other Students: 236
- Total Number of Students: 429

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: N/A
- Number of Students: N/A

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: N/A
- Number of Students: N/A
- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: N/A
- Number of Students: N/A

Other Training

Drug Impairment Training for Education Professionals (DITEP): Due to funding, Texas is currently only teaching the first day of the course.

During 2009, 290 Texas law enforcement personnel received the Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement (ARIDE) training. Fourteen DREs became DRE instructors, representing 11 agencies. An agency coordinator meeting was held in the Houston area with 11 agencies.
represented. Not only were attendees updated on DRE issues, but they were also shown how to extract data from the DRE National Tracking Database regarding their agency, region, etc. Three Texas DRE instructors were selected to attend the NHTSA/IACP national SFST assessment training.

**Narrative**
Texas continues to make great strides in working with the DRE National Tracking Database. Texas DREs must be current with the DRE National Tracking Database or they are not recertified. Sam Houston State University Forensic Graduate Students (DRE Staff) continue to work with DREs in revising/correcting and entering their data.

**Report Submitted by**
Cecelia P. Marquart, Texas DRE Coordinator
Utah

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 120
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 41
Number of agencies that have DREs: 45

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 409
Number of training evaluations: 194
Total number of evaluations: 609

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 141
- Depressant: 180
- Hallucinogen: 2
- PCP: 2
- Narcotic Analgesic: 145
- Inhalant: 1
- Cannabis: 189

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 200

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 3
- Medical Rule Out: 13
- No Opinion of Impairment: 0
- Results Pending: 44
- Tox Found No Drugs: 37
- Refused: 10
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 21
- Number of DREs Certified: 20
- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 10
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 10
- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 1
- Number of Students: 124

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of School Nurses: 0
- Number of SROs: 0
- Other Students: 0
- Total Number of Students: 0

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: 5
- Number of Students: 62

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: 25
- Number of Students: 625
- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

Other Training

11 Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement (ARIDE) classes attended by 220 students
Interesting Cases

1. The state of Utah has started to use an online warrant system for blood draws. This e-warrant system is an online program that officers can access after a short Web-based training class. It uses an automated form that officers can complete from their vehicles using their computers. Once the form is completed, it is electronically submitted to a judge who is on call. The judge can access the officer’s warrant request through a wireless phone and or laptop. They can review, approve and sign it electronically. The officer then has a signed electronic warrant for the subject’s blood. It takes minutes to get a warrant now. The system has worked very well; we are now able to get a chemical sample on refusals and this in turn has benefitted our conviction rate.

2. Our phlebotomy program is also flourishing. As a state agency the Utah Department of Public Safety completed 753 blood draws last year for a savings of $75,300 (we were contracting blood draws to a medical company for $100 a draw). Besides DPS, we have approximately 40 police agencies that have certified officers drawing blood. They completed more than 500 blood draws last year.

Report Submitted by
Trooper Jason Marshall, Utah DRE Coordinator
Vermont

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 18
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 1
Number of agencies that have DREs: 8

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 95
Number of training evaluations: 29
Total number of evaluations: 124

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 6
- Depressant: 36
- Hallucinogen: 0
- PCP: 0
- Narcotic Analgesic: 20
- Inhalant: 0
- Cannabis: 17

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 18

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 0
- Medical Rule Out: 1
- No Opinion of Impairment: 14
- Results Pending: 0
- Tox Found No Drugs: 3
- Refused: 18
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 0
- Number of Students: 0
- Number of DREs Certified: 0
- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 0
- Number of Students: 0
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 0
- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 1
- Number of Students: 6

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: 7
- Number of School Nurses: 7
- Number of SROs: 2
- Other Students: 148
- Total Number of Students: 157

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: 9
- Number of Students: 167
- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

Other Training

Standardized Field Sobriety Testing (SFST) training included 4 basic academy classes and five SFST refresher classes.

An Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement (ARIDE) class was held at the Vermont Police Academy in September 2009 and attended by 19 Vermont police officers and one officer from Massachusetts.
Narrative

The DRE program continues to grow in the Green Mountain State. By design, the program recruits, selects, and trains potential DRE candidates at a very measured pace. Our DRE team put on the state’s first Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement (ARIDE) program in September and found the attendees to be a good corps of advocate support for the program. In 2009, our first DRE instructor received his certification and there are plans to have one other instructor certified during calendar year 2010. Vermont continues to work in partnership with the other New England states, and a great system of reciprocity has been developed. Although the criminal use of prescription drugs poses the biggest problem in our state, we have been somewhat successful spreading the word through solid media relations, good public outreach and very active Drug Impairment Training for Education Professionals (DITEP) sessions.

Report Submitted by
Ted Minall, Vermont DRE Coordinator
Virginia

No report submitted.
Washington State

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 225
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 74
Number of agencies that have DREs: 74

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 1410
Number of training evaluations: 420
Total number of evaluations: 1830

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 254
- Depressant: 716
- Hallucinogen: 8
- PCP: 7
- Narcotic Analgesic: 366
- Inhalant: 5
- Cannabis: 406

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 525

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: N/A
- Medical Rule Out: 40
- No Opinion of Impairment: N/A
- Results Pending: 6
- Tox Found No Drugs: 73
- Refused: 174
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 2
- Number of Students: 29
- Number of DREs Certified: 29

- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 9
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 9

- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: 14
- Number of School Nurses: 0
- Number of SROs: 0
- Other Students: 0
- Total Number of Students: 497

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: N/A
- Number of Students: N/A

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: 108
- Number of Students: 1210

- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 1
- Number of Students: 9

Other Training

DUI Alcohol/Drug Presentations: 68 (1,796 students)
DID Classes: 6 (102 students)
ARIDE: 20 (269 students)
Prosecutor/DRE School: 1 (33 students)
Judicial DUI Forums: 4 (80 students)

Report Submitted by
Sergeant Rob Sharpe, Washington State DRE Coordinator
Wisconsin

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 128
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 14
Number of agencies that have DREs: 58

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 340
Number of training evaluations: 14
Total number of evaluations: 360

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 23
- Depressant: 216
- Hallucinogen: 1
- PCP: 3
- Narcotic Analgesic: 117
- Inhalant: 1
- Cannabis: 98

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 100

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 1
- Medical Rule Out: 16
- No Opinion of Impairment: 20
- Results Pending: 0
- Tox Found No Drugs: 13
- Refused: 10
DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 0
- Number of Students: 0
- Number of DREs Certified: 0
- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 0
- Number of Students: 0
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 0
- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 6
- Number of Students: 120

DITEP Training

- Number of Classes: 25
- Number of School Nurses: 150
- Number of SROs: 50
- Other Students: 175
- Total Number of Students: 375

Phlebotomy Training

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

SFST Training

- Number of SFST Classes: 99
- Number of Students: 1855
- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

Other Training

Drugs That Impair Driving Training: 99 classes, 1,844 students
University of Wisconsin Law School - Resource Center on Impaired Driving Conference, and the Governor’s Conference on Highway Safety.
Interesting Cases

Former Waukesha County surgeon Mark Benson pleaded no contest to three counts of homicide by intoxicated use of vehicle and two other charges. Benson was charged with killing Jennifer Bukosky and Courtney Bella while driving under the influence of prescription drugs. Under a plea agreement, several other charges were dropped.

Case Timeline:

On April 25, 2008, a pregnant Bukosky, her 10-year-old daughter Courtney Bella and Courtney's friend were rear-ended on Highway 67 and Pabst Road in Oconomowoc. Police said a 56-year-old former doctor who had just been convicted a few days earlier of his third impaired-driving offense was behind the wheel.

Three days later, prosecutors charged Benson with three counts of homicide by intoxicated use of a vehicle. Officers said Benson was high on prescription drugs during the crash.

In early May 2008, Bukosky's family filed a civil wrongful death lawsuit against Benson. A judge froze the former doctor's assets. Benson remained in jail for nine months on a $1 million bond, but in February 2009, a judge reduced the bail to $500,000. His family posted the money and Benson was released.

On March 18, less than a month after being released, officers were at Benson's home with a search warrant. Officers found numerous weapons, more than 20,000 rounds of ammunition and mail order steroids—all a violation of his bail.

He has been in jail since. Bukosky's family said they will ask the judge at Benson's August sentencing to give him the maximum, 53 years in prison. Benson was sentenced to 30 years in prison. Mark Benson also received decades of extended supervision. He will also not be able to operate or own a motor vehicle when he does get out of prison.

Note: A DRE who performed an evaluation on Benson shortly after the crash. The DRE’s conclusion was that Mark Benson was under the influence of drugs at the time of the crash and was unable to drive a motor vehicle safely. Toxicology results supported his conclusion.

Narrative

2009 was a busy year playing catch-up with certifications and providing DREs with updates and opportunities to perform instructor-witnessed evaluations as well as receive the required training to maintain certifications. Preparations for the 2010 year included establishing a selection process and lists for future DRE candidates, DRE instructors, instructors for Drug Impairment Training for Education Professionals, Standardized Field Sobriety Testing instructors, and breaking ground with the new Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement program.

Report Submitted by
Sgt. Nate Thompson, Wisconsin DRE/SFST Coordinator
Wyoming

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: 57
Number of DRE Instructors in your state: 10
Number of agencies that have DREs: 24

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations: 185
Number of training evaluations: 117
Total number of evaluations: 302

1. Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

- Stimulant: 101
- Depressant: 60
- Hallucinogen: 3
- PCP: 2
- Narcotic Analgesic: 67
- Inhalant: 1
- Cannabis: 131

2. Poly Drug Use

- Total Number: 78

3. Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 3
- Medical Rule Out: 5
- No Opinion of Impairment: 20
- Results Pending: 0
- Tox Found No Drugs: 31
- Refused: 23

DRE Training

- Number of DRE Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 27
- Number of DREs Certified: 19
- Number of DRE/SFST Instructor Schools: 1
- Number of Students: 12
- Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 9
- Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: 1
- Number of Students: 50

**DITEP Training**

- Number of Classes: 4
- Number of School Nurses: 20
- Number of SROs: 2
- Other Students: 38
- Total Number of Students: 60

**Phlebotomy Training**

- Number of Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

**SFST Training**

- Number of SFST Classes: 3
- Number of Students: 95
- Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 0
- Number of Students: 0

**Other Training**

Several DREs attended the Methamphetamine Conference in Casper, Wyoming. The state coordinator attended the IACP Impaired Driving Conference in Little Rock, Arkansas.
Interesting Cases

On March 15, 2009, in Casper, 24-year-old Daniel Breazeale was driving a borrowed 2008 F250 Ford, while 72-year-old Madeline Rakestraw, who was on her way to Eastridge Mall to meet family, was driving a 2000 Suzuki station wagon. Breazeale was huffing Dustoff and lost control of his vehicle, crashing into Rakestraw. An accident reconstructionist estimated the pickup was traveling about 33 mph when it hit the Suzuki, which was either completely stopped or barely moving. Investigators determined the truck crossed through three lanes of traffic and its brakes were never applied. The first officer to arrive at the scene testified that Rakestraw's car “was completely totaled. It was destroyed. The interior, especially the driver’s side, was completely smashed.” Rakestraw died later that day after being taken to Wyoming Medical Center. Officers found two cans of Dust Off in Breazeale’s truck after the crash. Breazeale's then-girlfriend was in the pickup at the time and testified during his trial that he passed out after huffing one of the cans to get high in the moments before the deadly crash. Convicted at trial, Breazeale was later sentenced to 18 to 20 years in the Wyoming State Penitentiarys.

Narrative

In April, we hosted a DRE Instructor School that trained nine students from Colorado, two from Alaska, and one from Montana. The instructors were from Arizona and Colorado. On May 11-21, the third DRE Preliminary School and Basic school was completed in Laramie. Nineteen students from ten different agencies in Wyoming and an additional eight from Colorado completed the training. The instructor expenses were paid for with a Wyoming Highway Safety Program grant. The instructors were from Arizona, Colorado, and Oregon.

The 19 students were divided into three separate groups for the field certifications in Phoenix, Arizona. The actual evaluations were conducted at the Maricopa County Jail in downtown Phoenix assisted by representatives from the Arizona Governor's Office of Highway Safety as well as DRE instructors from around the Phoenix area.

All 10 students completed the necessary evaluations for certification. Since then, the newest Wyoming DREs have already completed over 40 field evaluations on a variety of charges. Thirty-five of the evaluations were performed on subjects who had been arrested for driving under the influence.

We are now up to 57 total DREs around the state. We had 58, but one of our Campbell County DREs, JB Kelley, passed away on August 26, 2009, due to natural causes. His presence in the program will be sorely missed. All in all, the third year of Wyoming’s Drug Evaluation and Classification Program was a resounding success and I expect continued success out of the fourth year of the program.

Report Submitted by
Lt. Jonlee Anderle, Wyoming State DECP Coordinator
NATIONAL DRUG USE BY CATEGORY

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<tr>
<th>Category</th>
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<td>Inhalant</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cannabis</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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(As of September 29, 2010)

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DRE Section and TAP Regional Representatives

A DRE regional coordinator is appointed by the chair of the Technical Advisory Panel (TAP) of the IACP Highway Safety Committee. This person represents one of four assigned regions and assists in the delivery and coordination of the DEC Program in accordance with the IACP DEC Program International Standards and the TAP. In addition, the chair and vice chairs of the IACP's Drug Recognition Expert Section also represent these same regions. The following lists these regional coordinators and the regions they represent.

Region I

Alaska, Arizona, California, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, and Washington and Wyoming (Also Canadian Provinces of Alberta, British Columbia, Manitoba, and Saskatchewan)

TAP Representative: Lt. Jonlee Anderle, Laramie, Wyoming, Police Department; (307) 721-3504; janderle@ci.laramie.wy.us
DRE Section Representative: Sr. Trooper Timothy Plummer, (503) 339-4281; tap2dre@aol.com

Region II

Colorado, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota, and Wisconsin

TAP Representative: Joe Turner, Indiana Law Enforcement Academy; (317) 837-3297, jturner@ilea.in.gov
DRE Section Representative: Sergeant Don Marose, Minnesota State Patrol; (651) 297-7132; don.marose@state.mn.us

Region III

Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Jersey, New Hampshire, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Virginia (Also Canadian Provinces of Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, and Newfoundland)

TAP Representative: Sergeant Don Decker, Marblehead, Massachusetts, Police Department; (781) 631-1212; djdecker57@verizon.net
DRE Section Representative: Joe Abrusci, Mt. Olive, New Jersey, Police Department; (973) 691-0900; E-mail:jta037@aol.com

Region IV

Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Oklahoma, Tennessee, Texas. and West Virginia

TAP Representative: Major Jim Maisano, Norman, Oklahoma, PD; (405) 321-1600; jmaisano@cox.net
DRE Section Representative: Major Jim Maisano, Norman, Oklahoma, PD; (405) 321-1600; jmaisano@cox.net
The Drug Recognition Expert Section
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