

(This sheet must be accompanied with B-504-01,A3,A5,D3,D5,H1)

## NOTES:

- 1. Grout strength shall be 6 KSI minimum. Assumed grout-to-ground nominal bond is 16.5 psi.
- 2. One verification test pile shall be installed at 100' maximum spacing along wall with a minimum two per wall: one the vertical and one for the slanted piles in accordance with ASTM D1143 (Compressive) and ASTM D3689 (Uplift/Tension).
- 3. Micropile design per 5'-0" typical spacing shall satisfy at a minimum, 16.5 psi bond strength with the applied Vehicular collision force (CT) with extreme event II load combination.

Axial Compression = 8.663 KIP/Ft, Impact Load for vertical pile. Axial Tension = 9.970 KIP/Ft, Impact Load for slanted pile. Max. Vert. Displacement @ 1.0 DL = 1/4" Min. Bond Length L1=L2= 10'-0"

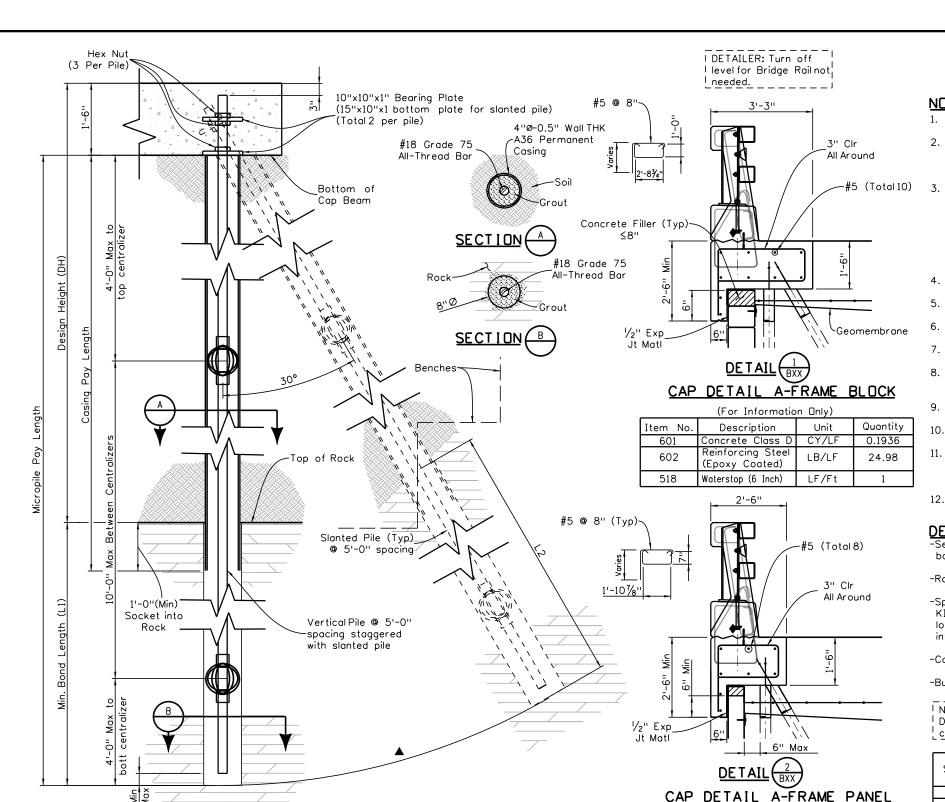
- 4. Refer to specifications for permanent casing yield strength.
- 5. Project inspectors shall note actual bedrock elevations on as-built drawings.
- 6. The vertical and slanted piles are staggered, not in the same plane.
- 7. Both vertical and slanted piles have the same micropile/casing pay length.
- 8. Vertical pile casing shall maintain a minimum 6" clearance to the back facing of the element and may be cored through leveling pad.
- 9. To accomodate asphalt pavement, curb height shall be raised 3 inches.
- 10. For penetrating rock, starter casing shall have carbide sinter bits and may be reused.
- 11. For deep seated slope stability (FS > 1.3) the typical 5'-0" micropile spacing may be increased to a maximum of 10'-0" according to the geotechnical report, grouting methods, and site specific bond strength.
- 12. For B-504-V6, the vertical and slanted piles must be constructed in the same plane.

## DESIGN CRITERIA:

- -Settlement from backfill/soilreinforcement occurs after Phase II (MSE blocks and MSE backfill)construction completed and Phase I construction micropile installed.
- -Rail, Curb, and Micropile are externally stabilized and independent of design height.
- -Spacing of micropiles is determined by three-force free body diagram from TL4 (54 KIP) rail impact to micropile with 10.83' spread length; A-Frame (Rail, Cap, and (2) Piles) load transfer from rail to bedrock via piles with no contribution of soil/structure interaction.
- -Casing is embedded into bedrock to start of usable micropile bond length.
- -Buckling is not a concern for micropile in soil.

Note to Designer and Detailer: | | Design must be updted for | | current MASH loads. |

Station	Top of Cap Beam Elev	Estimated Bedrock Elevation	DH or Casing Pay Length Ft	Minimum Bond Length Ft	Micropile Pay Length Ft	Actual Bedrock Elevation



Colorado Department of Transportation

Description

Concrete Class D

Reinforcing Steel (Epoxy Coated)

(For Information Only)

CDOT CDOT

Item No.

601

2829 West Howard Place, 3rd Floor Denver, CD 80204 Phone: 303-512-4079 FAX: 303-757-9197

Unit

LB/LF

Quantity

0.1482

20.61

otion	As Constructed	BLOCK OR PANEL FACING			Project No./Code	
rd Floor	No Revisions:					
	Revised:	Designer:	XXXXXXX	Structure	XXXXXXXXXXXXX	
		Detailer:	XXXXXXX	Numbers	XXXXXXXXXXXXX	
Initials	Void:	Sheet Subset:	WALL	Subset Sheets: WXX of XXX		Sheet Number
		•				·

From bottom of

bar to bottom

of grout

MICROPILE VERTICAL

AND SLANTED DETAIL

Print Date: \$DATE\$					Sheet Revisions	
File Name: Sheet_B-504-V2 .dgn				Date:	Comments	Ir
Horiz. Scale:	Vert. Scale: As	Noted	0			
Unit Information	Unit Leader	Initials				
			0			
			$\overline{}$			

(L1=L2)

rail by flow line

▲ Circular arc for both vertical

and slanted pile pay length

♦ Continuous 6" neoprene waterstop with

3" min projection above deck for

FAX: 303-75
Staff Bridge Branch

INITIALS DESIGN DATE DETAIL DATE QUANTITY DATE