The Drug Recognition Expert Section of the International Association of Chiefs of Police

Annual Report



The 2008

515 North Washington Street Alexandria, Virginia 22314 <u>www.theiacp.org</u> Section Web Site: <u>www.decp.org</u>

The 2008 Annual Report of the IACP Drug Recognition Section

A summary of activities January 1-December 31, 2008 by U.S. states and Canadian provinces who participate in the IACP/NHTSA International Drug Evaluation and Classification Program

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International Association of Chiefs of Police

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Pikesville, Maryland Dear DRE Colleagues and Highway Safety Advocates,

Lieutenant Tom Woodward Maryland State Police

The bylaws of the Drug Recognition Expert (DRE) Section of the International Association of Chiefs of Police require the chair of the DRE Section to prepare an annual report on the activities and accomplishments of the International Drug Evaluation and Classification Program (DECP).

The information included in this report reflects the overview and activities of the DECP in the United States and Canada for the calendar year 2008. The DECP states' DRE training coordinators provided the information contained in this report.

This report is intended to be a resource for all DREs, DRE Section members, DRE state coordinators, agency administrators, and others with an interest in traffic safety.

Significant achievements in 2008 included the expansion of the DRE program into Mississippi, as well as the varied uses of our DREs beyond the 12-step evaluation. The DRE truly is a well-recognized asset to improving both highway safety and the knowledge our citizens have of the signs, symptoms and effects of drug use.

I want to recognize the tremendous help of our friends from Arizona. Dan Mulleneaux and his staff, with support from the Arizona Governor's Office of Highway Safety, helped DRE students from nine states and Canada to complete the certification phase of their training. Without this help many of these students may have had difficulty completing their training. What an excellent example of effectively sharing resources through a standardized program to improve the safety of all our citizens.

I extend my appreciation to the DRE state coordinators, the DRE Section members, and the U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, whose dedication and support made this report possible. Special thanks also go to the IACP staff members who assisted in the preparation of this report. Their often behind-the-scenes work is what helps this international program succeed.

Thomas Ho Words bal

Tom Woodward Chair 2008-2009, Drug Recognition Expert Section



Description of the Drug Recognition Expert Insignia

The **bald eagle**, a traditional symbol of United States law enforcement, symbolizes strength, courage and confidence.

The eagle is proudly stretching its **wings** to display the title one receives after completing the comprehensive training program: Drug Recognition Expert.

The **twelve rays** that surround the eagle's head represent the twelve steps in the drug influence evaluation process. The first step is a breath alcohol test, and the last is the corroborative toxicological examination.

The eagle's right talon is holding a **grape leaf cluster**, symbolizing the drug alcohol. The left talon is holding **seven arrows or spikes**, signifying the seven categories of drugs. The categories, based on specific signs and symptoms, are Central Nervous System (CNS) Depressants, Inhalants, Phencyclidine (PCP), Cannabis, CNS Stimulants, Hallucinogens, and Narcotic Analgesics.

Surrounding the emblem are the watchwords of the drug evaluation procedure: "Systematic Standardized Evaluation".

In the background of the emblem's center is a **green cross**. Green, the traditional color of safety, symbolizes law enforcement. The cross also represents the center of the Los Angeles Police Department traffic division's uniform shoulder patch.

In the foreground is the **California bear**. This symbolizes the fact that drug recognition expert training had its start in California.

Written by Thomas E. Page Retired, Los Angeles Police Department First Chair of the IACP DRE Section

The DRE insignia is the trademark of the Drug Recognition Expert Section of the International Association of Chiefs of Police (IACP) and may not be used without our prior permission.

The Drug Evaluation and Classification Program and the Drugged Driving Program: 2008 IACP/NHTSA Coordination and Support

One of the major roles of the International Association of Chiefs of Police in the Drug Evaluation and Classification (DEC) Program is to maintain a database that contains the record of each drug recognition expert (DRE) who has been certified after completing the DRE training. By the end of the calendar year 2008, the IACP DEC Program database contained approximately records for 6,150 certified DREs, 1,288 of whom were also certified as DRE instructors. With the addition of Mississippi, the number of states in the DEC Program increased from 45 to 46 (including DC) in 2008.

The National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) of the U.S. Department of Transportation continues to provide funding to the IACP for the services of a program manager, a national training coordinator, a regional training coordinator, a database technical assistant, the use expert witnesses in case trials, and travel support for members of an IACP Technical Advisory Panel (TAP) to the DEC Program. The national and regional coordinators act as liaisons with NHTSA and the DEC Program state coordinators. They provide technical assistance to the individual DEC Program states when needed and serve as a resource to those non-participating states seeking to establish the DEC Program. The following is a summary of the noteworthy activities and programs involving the IACP and NHTSA during 2008.

New DECP States

Mississippi

States without a DEC Program

Alabama has four DREs who were trained out-of-state.
Connecticut has not expressed interest in becoming a DECP state.
Michigan has indicated interest and now has four 4 DREs who traveled out of state for the training. It also has the support of the Michigan Association of Chiefs of Police.
Ohio now has six DREs who attended out-of-state DRE training. Some interest has been indicated for support for a statewide program.
West Virginia's legislation is being proposed to make the DUI laws of arrest more favorable to the DEC Program.

Old DECP Sites

Virginia at present has no certified DREs.

District of Columbia has trained several more DREs (U.S. Capitol Police) and a state coordinator was designated. The DEC Program there appears to be moving forward.

Illinois is continuing to meet challenges with getting the program on track reinvigorated. No DREs are being trained.

Rhode Island had no DRE state coordinator in 2008; however, DREs were recertified.

DRE School Visits

Eight DRE schools were monitored during 2008: Bourne, Massachusetts Hershey, Pennsylvania; Columbia, South Carolina; Poughkeepsie, New York; Folsom, California; Clinton, Mississippi; Seattle, Washington; and Monmouth, Oregon. At these schools, the national coordinator and the regional coordinator met with respective state coordinators and gave an overview on the relationships between NHTSA, IACP, the IACP DRE Section, and the IACP Highway Safety Committee and its Technical Advisory Panel (TAP) to the DEC Program. In addition, DRE instructors were interviewed for their recommended revisions to the DRE training curriculum.

Support

A total of 1,027 DREs and 200 DRE Instructors were credentialed in 2008. As of January 1, 2007, the states were required to provide their own training manuals. Course managers' reports were reviewed, and recommended manual corrections were forwarded through the appropriate channels for approval and revision.

Under a grant from NHTSA, the Transportation Safety Institute (TSI) provided travel expenses for 13 DREs as course managers and instructors for DRE Pre-schools, DRE Schools, DRE Instructor Schools and field certification training in Mississippi, South Carolina, Louisiana and Wyoming. Additionally travel was provided through TSI for presenters at the IACP 14th Annual Training Conference on Drugs, Alcohol and Impaired Driving; and travel and lodging expenses for members of the Technical Advisory Panel (TAP) for their annual meeting.

Drug Impairment Training for Educational Professionals (DITEP)

Unfortunately funding for this innovative program developed in 1999 was terminated in 2007. In 2008 the states of Tennessee and South Carolina received the initial DITEP training, which brought the total to 33 states that are conducting the DITEP Program. This was accomplished with funding from each of the two states. Presently 293 DREs are trained as DITEP instructors.

14th Annual Training Conference on Drugs, Alcohol and Impaired Driving

The IACP DRE Section's 14th Annual Training Conference on Drugs, Alcohol and Impaired Driving was held in Indianapolis, Indiana, on August 10-12, 2008, at the Hyatt Regency at South Capitol. The theme for this year's conference was "Patrolling the Impaired Crossroads of America".

Over the course of three days, approximately 600 members of the DRE and highway safety community participated in morning general sessions and afternoon workshops. Professionals from the fields of DRE training, toxicology, prosecution, research and medicine were among the speakers.

The following are among the topics that were addressed:

- Pharmacodynamics and Pharmacokinetics of Cannabis
- Special Problems in Impaired Driving Cases"
- The abuse of prescription and over-the-counter medications
- Close collaboration between the officer and the toxicologist
- How alcohol affects the brain
- Incidence of alcohol- and drug-positive drivers on the roads across the US
- DRE Collision Investigation
- Inhalant Abuse and Driving Impairment
- Marketing Alcohol to Teens
- Injury, Forensic Medical Evidence, and Operator Identification in Vehicle Collisions
- How Drugs Create the Eye and Physical Signs of Impairment
- Methadone use and driving
- Emotional Survival for Law Enforcement

The conference was co-hosted by the IACP Drug Recognition Expert Section (DRE), the Indiana Law Enforcement Academy, the Criminal Justice Institute, Advocates Against Impaired Driving, Mothers Against Drunk Driving and the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Master Officer Robert Jenkins, Miami Beach, Florida, Police Department, the DRE Section's chair, presided during the three-day event.

Attendee critiques of the session were extremely positive. For a report summary of the evaluations, contact Carolyn Cockroft at <u>cockroftc@theiacp.org</u>.

Technical Advisory Panel (TAP)

In 2008 the TAP's midyear meeting was not held due to limited travel funding. The TAP's annual meeting was held on November 7, 2008, in conjunction with the IACP's annual conference held in San Diego, California. The IACP DECP staff developed the agenda for these meetings as well as briefed issues to be submitted by panel members. Follow-up from the meeting required the DECP staff to report on the actions taken by the panel on various decisions. The minutes for the meeting are posted on the www.DECP.org Web site.

The IACP DRE Section

The IACP DRE Section's annual meeting was held on November 8, 2008, in San Diego, California. The IACP staff assisted the section chair with developing agenda items and following up on issues discussed during the meeting.

Data Collection

The IACP DECP staff continued to work with the Pacific Institute for Research and Evaluation (PIRE). A total of 159,463 evaluations, representing both enforcement and training evaluations, were entered into the data system by the end of 2008. The total evaluations entered for 2008 was 19,569, of which 81 percent were enforcement evaluations. In 2008 5,443 evaluators from 42 of the 46 DRE states were entering data. Of the 14,140 evaluations with toxicology submitted in 2008, 80 percent were supported by toxicology. Our goal is to have 100 percent of all DEC

Program states utilizing this data system. For 2008 the following states had no entries in the system: Illinois, Nevada, Rhode Island and Virginia.

IACP

Additionally, the DEC Program manager and the national and regional coordinators participated in the following events:

- 1. Giving a presentation on the DEC Program at the Michigan Highway Safety Conference.
- 2. Assisting the chair of the TAP (Earl Sweeney, the commissioner of the New Hampshire; Department of Safety) with agenda development, TAP appointments, facilitating subcommittee tasks, and other matters;
- 3. Giving a presentation at the 14th Law Enforcement Recognition Luncheon and Awards Ceremony, Dutchess County New York;
- 4. Participating in DRE in-service training in Little Rock, Arkansas;
- 5. Overseeing SFST and DRE manual revisions;
- 6. Facilitating the TAP Annual Meeting;
- 7. Assisting with the first DITEP in Columbia, South Carolina;
- 8. Assisting with the New York Prosecutor Training Institute training in Albany, New York;
- 9. Updating the DITEP PowerPoint presentation;
- 10. Overseeing updates to the DITEP Instructor Manual;
- 11. Participating in Pharmaceutical Drug Abuse Training in Morris Plains, New Jersey;
- 12. Facilitating the IACP DRE Section annual and midyear meetings;
- 13. Participating in the Department of Justice Random Student Drug Testing Summit in Albany, New York;
- 14. Participation in the New York Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement (ARIDE) training;
- 15. Meeting with the NHTSA law enforcement liaisons (LEL) in Regions I and II;
- 16. Conducting site visits, Indianapolis, Indiana, and Little Rock, Arkansas, for the 14th and 15th IACP Training Conferences on Drugs, Alcohol and Impaired Driving;
- 17. Planning and conducting the IACP's 14th Annual Training Conference on Drugs, Alcohol and Impaired Driving and, the annual meeting of the DEC Program state coordinators;
- 18. Participating in the DRE in-service and recertification trainings in New York, South Carolina, Arkansas, and New Jersey;
- 19. Participating in the meetings of the New Jersey DRE Association;
- 20. Facilitating the quarterly meetings of the New York Governor's Traffic Safety Committee;
- 21. Chairing regular meetings of the Dutchess County STOP-DWI Planning Board and associated committee meetings;
- 22. Participating in the Oregon Transportation Safety Conference;
- 23. Chairing the Oregon Governor's Advisory Committee on DUII;
- 24. Participating in the Oregon DUII Multi-Disciplinary Training Task Force's Annual Impaired Driving Conference;
- 25. Participating in the Society of Forensic Toxicologists (SOFT) Drugged Driving Subcommittee;
- 26. Observing and instructing the at DRE Schools in California, Mississippi, Oregon and Washington;
- 27. Instructing at the Oregon Protecting Lives Saving Futures Course in Salem, Oregon;

- 30. Giving a DRE/SFST presentation at the Western Region LEL Conference in Denver, Colorado;
- 31. Instructing at the SFST (Standardized Field Sobriety Testing) Instructor Train-the-Trainer course, Jacksonville, FL
- 32. Participating in the Oregon Transportation Safety Conference and Workshop in Salem, Oregon;
- 33. Giving an impaired driving presentation at the Oregon Multi-Disciplinary Impaired Driving Training Conference, in Bend, Oregon;
- 34. Giving a drugged driving presentation at the National Lifesavers Conference in Portland, Oregon;
- 35. Participating in the NHTSA SFST Refresher Curriculum workgroup in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma;
- 36. Attending the Mothers Against Drunk Driving (MADD)/NHTSA Sobriety Testing workshop in Arlington, Texas;
- 37. Conducting the DRE site assessment in Mississippi;
- 38. Participating in a panel discussion workshop on drugged driving at Governors Highway Safety Administrators (GHSA) Conference in Phoenix, Arizona;
- 39. Giving a DRE, SFST and ARIDE update at the Oregon Impaired Driving Steering Committee in Salem, Oregon;
- 40. Assisting with DRE field certification training in Arizona and Mississippi;
- 41. Giving a DRE presentation at the South Dakota Impaired Driving Conference in Sioux Falls, South Dakota;
- 42. Assisting at the IACP's annual conference in San Diego, California; and
- 43. Providing impaired driving training updates at the Mississippi S.T.O.R.M. (Sobriety Trained Officers Representing Mississippi) conference in Vicksburg, Mississippi.

About the IACP DRE Section

The IACP Mission

The IACP is a nonprofit organization with members from the world's law enforcement community. Founded more than a century ago, the association's goals, as stated in the constitution, are to advance the science and art of police services; to develop and disseminate improved administrative, technical, and operational practices and promote their use in police work; to foster police cooperation and the exchange of information and experience among police administrators throughout the world; to bring about recruitment and training in the police profession of qualified persons; and to encourage adherence of all police officers to high professional standards of performance and conduct.

IACP supports law enforcement professionals with a wide variety of services including conducting technical assistance programs; presenting state-of-the-art training programs and materials; publishing a professional magazine, newsletters, and reports; and conducting extensive law enforcement research.

Within the framework of the IACP there are two divisions: (1) Division of State and Provincial Police (S&P); and (2) Division of State Associations of Chiefs of Police (SACOP). The S&P concentrates on the special needs of state and provincial law enforcement agencies and serves as a liaison to the U.S. Department of Transportation agencies, including the Federal Highway Administration, the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, and the Federal Railroad Administration, in all matters relating to safety affecting the operation of state highway patrol and state police agencies. The division oversees several IACP Sections, including the *Drug Recognition Expert (DRE) Section*.

Mission of the DRE Section

In 1992, the IACP governing body approved the creation of the IACP Drug Recognition Expert Section. As the by-laws state, the primary purpose of this section is to serve as a coordinating body among the various DRE associations and chapters within states, to serve as a resource, and to respond to the views and needs of the membership. Drug recognition, a growing profession in law enforcement, is an effective means of identifying and prosecuting drug-impaired drivers.

The IACP DRE Section provides a unique opportunity for those professionals already associated with drug recognition to share common management, training, administrative, and practicing concerns. The Section hosts the annual IACP Training Conference on Drugs, Alcohol and Impaired Driving. It also addresses such issues as recertification training, continuing and advanced education, creative teaching techniques for instructors, current technology and products (e.g., saliva testing, pen lights, protective gloves), certification problems and solutions, and the development and sharing of databases. DREs, the practitioners of drug influence recognition, and program coordinators have an ongoing forum for discussion of needs and concerns through membership in the DRE Section.

DRE Section Eligibility

Membership in this section is open to all active and associate members of the IACP in good standing who are either certified DREs or who have a professional interest in the DEC program or procedures. The professional interest criterion was designed to allow physicians, toxicologists, prosecutors, and other professionals to contribute their unique areas of expertise to the field of drug recognition. Voting rights are limited to DRE Section members who are either certified DREs or "who have a direct responsibility for the management and/or coordination of a Drug Recognition Expert Program." DRE Section dues are \$25. IACP membership is a prerequisite, and any amendment to the IACP Constitution also affects DRE Section membership.

IACP Membership Eligibility

- A. *Active* membership in the IACP is open to chiefs and superintendents of police, as well as command and administrative-level police officers in public law enforcement police agencies. Active members have the right to vote and determine official IACP policy and to elect association officers at the annual conference. The annual dues are \$100.
- B. *Associate* membership is open to police officers employed by police agencies below the rank of lieutenant, prosecuting attorneys, their deputies, and deputy sheriffs. Associate members have the same privileges as active members except those of holding office and voting. The annual dues are \$100.

2008 Activities

The section meets once a year at the IACP annual conference in the fall to discuss the agenda for the annual impaired driving training conference, update its strategic plan, vote on the section's awards, and to conduct other pertinent business. The 2008 annual meeting was held on November 8, in San Diego, California. Discussion items included the section's *Annual Report;* the proposed agenda for the section's upcoming 2009 training conference in Little Rock, Arkansas; extending voting privileges to all section members; a revised draft of the section's strategic plan; the DRE Emeritus and Ambassador awards; and the Karen Tarney Bookstaff Award.

The section also held a midyear lunch and meeting on August 12, 2008, at the 14th Annual IACP Training Conference on Drugs, Alcohol and Impaired Driving in Indianapolis, Indiana.

An update on the section 2008 training conference is included in this report under "The Section's Annual Training Conference".

Section Awards

Each year at its annual training conference, the IACP DRE Section recognizes individuals who have contributed in a significant way to the development, support, and improvement of the DEC Program. Nominations for three awards are received by state DRE coordinators, forwarded to the respective DRE Section's regional vice chairs, and voted on by section members at their annual meeting in the fall.

DRE Emeritus: This honor recognizes the contributions and accomplishments of former DREs who have served the DEC Program with honor, integrity, and distinction. The award is given only to formerly certified DREs who, through retirement, transfers, promotions or job changes, will not maintain certification as a DRE.

DRE Ambassador: This honor is bestowed upon an individual who is not a DRE but has contributed in some outstanding way to the DEC program.

Karen Tarney Bookstaff Award: This award is presented annually by the DRE Section to a certified drug recognition expert who demonstrates an outstanding contribution to the Drug Evaluation and Classification Program for the previous calendar year.

The DRE Section Strategic Plan

The International Association of Chief's of Police (IACP) has established a strategic plan to assist in their planning process and to assess current programs and accomplishments. Many of these intents, particularly Intents 1, 4, 5, and 8 are related to activities and accomplishments of the DRE Section. These intents are listed below, along with examples of how the DRE Section addressed them.

Strategic Intent # 1: International Programs

- Since 1995, the Drug Evaluation and Classification Program (DECP) has advanced outside of the United States to Canada. In 2006 there were several active DREs the United Kingdom. The DRE section is instrumental in ensuring that the program is available to other police agencies and that it is an international program that fosters the advancement of law enforcement in all parts of the world. In 2006 members of the DRE section participated in meetings and conferences promoting the effectiveness of the program to law enforcement officials from around the world. Corporal Evan Graham of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police became the chair of the DRE Section in October 2005 and is the first non-U.S. IACP member to hold office in the section.
- DRE section members participated in both the DRE Section meetings and the IACP Annual Conference held in 2006, which were attended by DRE representatives from all over the United States, Canada and several foreign countries. The DRE Section's annual meeting and annual training conference are open to U.S. and non-U.S. law enforcement.
- The DRE Section supports and makes DRE training available to personnel from outside the United States. Canada became a DECP jurisdiction in 1995 and has close to 200 participants in the DRE program. It is anticipated that the international growth of the DEC Program in the future will be slow and steady. Officers from foreign countries routinely visit DRE Section members in the United States and often visit the IACP Headquarters.

Strategic Intent #4: Technology

- The DRE Section, along with the Technical Advisory Committee (TAP), reviews new DRE related training materials and tools for conducting DRE procedures. We are continuing to follow the ROSITA II (Roadside Testing Assessment) roadside oral fluid testing and ambient air monitoring. Other devices being reviewed include a newer version of the DRE pupillometer and the use of ultraviolet light for the estimation of pupil sizes. Members of the DRE section and the TAP have been involved with NHTSA representatives in researching these devices to determine their applicability and accuracy in the DRE process.
- Several of the DRE Section members and officers also serve on the TAP, which makes recommendations to the IACP Highway Safety Committee on training, certification, equipment, and other DECP matters. In 2007 this included ad hoc committees to address updates for the DRE training curriculum and the new Web site (www.decp.org) that

allows DREs and state coordinators access to a wealth of information. TAP committees have also been involved in research on the "normal' range of pupil sizes (which led to a change in the ranges used in the DRE protocol), the normal range of heart rate and blood pressure, and other issues currently influencing DRE procedures. Members of the DRE Section have also been involved in updates of the DRE and Standardized Field Sobriety Tests (SFST) curricula.

 2007 saw the continued expansion of Drug Impaired Training for Education Professionals (DITEP). This successful program has stimulated interest across the nation with several new states participating in the training program. Funding was terminated in the fall of 2007.

Strategic Intent # 5: Communication and Legislative Affairs

- Under the DRE Section bylaws, Section 1, subsections b and c, the chair of the DRE Section will ensure that an annual report is prepared, and submitted to the appropriate personnel and law enforcement executives in support of, or involved in the DECP. The annual report is designed to highlight growth and development of the program and to encourage participation by all law enforcement agencies.
- Each state of jurisdiction with the DECP is encouraged to collect data and submit yearly information to the DRE Section. The information is used to support new and/or existing programs and determine program support, funding, and legislative priorities.
- In 2007, the DRE Section hosted and promoted the 13th Annual IACP Training Conference on Drugs, Alcohol and Impaired Driving, held in Las Vegas, Nevada.
- The DRE Section is encouraged to work cooperatively with the media in promoting and publicizing DRE related events and success. In addition, articles dealing with the DECP and transportation safety were routinely distributed to the media and to national and state law enforcement publications.
- Numerous states and jurisdictions worked with local media and state and federal agencies to develop effective public service announcements (PSAs) promoting the DEC Program.

Strategic Intent #8

- In some jurisdictions throughout the U.S. and Canada, DREs have formed cooperative groups or associations. The members of these associations are encouraged to join and/or work cooperatively with the DRE Section in accomplishing the goals and objectives of the DECP and IACP.
- In 2007, the DRE Section worked closely with many partners in providing training and improved public safety. These partners included prosecutors, doctors, nurses, emergency medical personnel, occupational health providers and education professionals.

2008 DRE Section Officers, Former Chairs and IACP DECP Staff

Chair: Master Officer Robert Jenkins, Miami Beach Police Department

Master Officer Robert Jenkins is a 29-year veteran with the Miami Beach Police Department. He has been the president of the Miami Beach Fraternal Order of Police Lodge #8 since 2002 as well a traffic homicide investigator and DUI/DRE officer. He has served in Patrol, Field Training, DUI/DRE Enforcement, Motors, Traffic Homicide since 1983, and Crash Reconstruction since 1985. He was certified as a DRE in 1989 and a DRE instructor in 2002. He has been a Standardized Field Sobriety Testing instructor since 1984. He is also a certified police instructor (ITW), a certified Intoxilyzer 5000R / Breath Test operator (BTO), and an agency inspector. He served as his agency's DRE coordinator from 1996 to 2002.

Master Officer Jenkins is an instructor at the Miami-Dade College, for Police Driving, Police Radar, Police Laser, Standardized Field Sobriety Tests (SFST) and Crash Investigation. He is also a member of the adjunct faculty for the Institute of Police Technology and Management at the University of North Florida in Jacksonville, Florida.

Master Officer Jenkins has received numerous awards of recognition from the Miami-Dade MADD Chapter for outstanding investigative performance in Traffic Homicide Investigation and DUI/DRE. He is a member of the Miami-Dade County DUI Advisory Committee (Miami-Dade County State Attorney's Office). As a vice chair of the DRE Section, he serves as the Section representative to DRE Region IV.

First Vice Chair: Lieutenant Thomas H. Woodward, Maryland State Police

Lieutenant Tom Woodward is a 32-year law enforcement veteran. He has been employed with the Maryland State Police for 24 years and is currently the commander of the Chemical Test for Alcohol Unit. He has been a DRE instructor for 18 years and is the state coordinator for the DEC program in Maryland. He has been a member of the DRE Section since 2001 and in September 2005 was elected to represent Region III.

Lieutenant Woodward has been a Standardized Field Sobriety Testing (SFST) instructor for 19 years and spent four years in charge of impaired driver training for the state police. He has instructed SFST, DRE, other highway safety courses throughout the country. He has been a presenter for national highway safety conferences as well as judicial and prosecutorial training programs.

He is a graduate of Wheeling Jesuit University with a bachelor's degree in Organizational Leadership and Development and a graduate of the Northwestern University School of Police Staff and Command.

He has worked closely with the Maryland Governor's Office on Crime Control and Prevention and chaired the Law Enforcement subcommittee. He has authored legislative proposals and testified before the state legislature on many highway safety bills.

Second Vice-Chair: Sr. Trooper Timothy Plummer, Oregon State Police

Sr. Trooper Plummer holds certifications as a drug recognition expert and a DRE instructor. He also instructs the Standardized Field Sobriety Tests, Drugs that Impair Driving, DUII Mobile Video Camera use, Implied Consent/Intoxilyzer 5000, and 8000 as well as Drug Identification for the Educational Professional. He also served as the state coordinator for the Oregon DEC program.

Sr. Trooper Plummer is currently the vice chair of the Oregon Multi-Disciplinary DUII Training Task Force, agency liaison for the Governor's Advisory Committee on DUII, a member of the Governor's Statewide Leadership Team for Alcohol – Free Kids, Oregon's Attorney General Task Force on Underage Drinking, Oregon Liquor Control Commission Committee for Alcohol Server Education and a member of the Oregon DRE/SFST Steering Committee.

Third Vice Chair: Sergeant Don Marose, Minnesota State Patrol

Sergeant Marose has been with the Minnesota State Patrol since August 1988. He currently is the patrol's impaired driving specialist and coordinator for the Minnesota's Drug Evaluation and Classification Program. Sergeant Marose directs and oversees all of the Standardized Field Sobriety Testing (SFST), Advanced Field Sobriety Testing (Drugs that Impair Driving), and Drug Evaluation and Classification (DEC) training in Minnesota. He is responsible for the training, certification, and continuing education of the DREs in Minnesota.

Sergeant Marose is a certified instructor in SFST, Advanced FST, and the DEC Program. He is a recognized expert in horizontal gaze nystagmus and DECP procedures in Minnesota.

Third Vice Chair Elect: Major Jim Maisano, Norman, Oklahoma, Police Department (Effective November 8, 2008)

Major Jim Maisano is a 25-year veteran with the Norman Police Department, where he currently serves as the bureau commander of Staff Services Operations. He previously served as the bureau commander of Patrol Operations and ad division commander of the Narcotics Division.

Major Maisano has been a Standardized Field Sobriety Testing (SFST) instructor since 1989. He attended the first DRE class conducted in Oklahoma in 1991 and later attended DRE instructor training in Texas. Major Maisano assumed the duties of the state DRE coordinator in 1994 and continues to serve in that position today. In 2006 he was appointed to the IACP Technical Advisory Panel to the DEC Program where he represents Region IV (Southern). He is currently serving his second term. In 2008 he was elected as a vice chair of the DRE Section.

Major Maisano is a graduate of Northeastern State University with a bachelor's degree in criminal justice and a graduate of Oklahoma City University with a master's degree in criminal justice administration. He is a graduate of the 207th Session of the FBI National Academy conducted at Quantico, Virginia in 2001. Major Maisano is an adjunct faculty for the University of Phoenix. He has worked as the project director with the Oklahoma Association of Chiefs of Police to coordinate the training programs they offer in SFST and impaired driving classes. He has been a guest presenter at numerous events relating to impaired driving and continues to take an active teaching role in classes throughout the state.

Former Chairs of the DRE Section

1994 – 1995	Sergeant Tom Page, Los Angeles Police Department
1995 – 1996	Lieutenant Joe Klima, Phoenix Police Department
1996 – 1997	Paul Helzer, Colorado State Police
1997 – 1998	T/Sergeant Doug Paquette, New York State Police
1998 – 1999	Captain Chuck Hayes, Oregon State Police
1999 – 2000	Lieutenant Doug Thooft, Minnesota State Police
2000 - 2001	Commander T. William (Bill) Tower II, Maryland State Police
2001 - 2002	Captain Gary Fief, California Highway Patrol
2003 - 2004	Joseph Turner, Indiana Law Enforcement Academy
2004 - 2005	Assistant Commander Dan Webb, Texas Department of Public Safety
2005 - 2006	William Morrison, Montgomery County Police Department, Maryland
2006 - 2007	Corporal Evan Graham, Canadian Royal Mounted Police, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada
2007 - 2008	Lt. Colonel Darrell Fisher, Nebraska State Patrol

IACP DRE Section Staff

Carolyn Cockroft, DEC Program Manager IACP Division of State and Provincial Police

Carolyn Cockroft has served for 13 years as the program manager for the IACP Drug Evaluation and Classification (DEC) program. The DEC program is the NHTSA-funded project that develops the international DECP standards, coordinates training for the certification of DREs, maintains a database for DREs certified by the NTHSA/IACP curriculum, and supports the national DECP Web site (<u>www.decp.org</u>). As staff liaison for the IACP DRE Section, Ms. Cockroft oversees the section budget, gives guidance on IACP policy, coordinates the planning for the section's annual training conference on impaired driving, and assists the chair in other projects, such as the section's annual report, the Emeritus and Ambassador awards, and the annual and midyear meetings. She also maintains the DECP Web site and is program manager for the Drug Impaired Training for Education Professionals (DITEP). She also serves as the IACP staff liaison to the Technical Advisory Panel to the DECP. Ms. Cockroft's other responsibilities at IACP include editing and publishing a division newsletter, serving as staff liaison to the Arson and Explosives Committee and the Police Administration Committee, for which she oversees the judging of the Annual Volunteers in Police Services (VIPS) Awards. She serves as a member to the IACP Tuition Reimbursement Policy Committee. An IACP staff member for 22 years, Ms. Cockroft works in the Division of State and Provincial Police.

Ernie Floegel, IACP Drug Programs Coordinator IACP Division of State and Provincial Police

While still with the New York State Police, Mr. Floegel was on detached duty to the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA). His specific assignment dealt with the Drug Evaluation and Classification (DEC) program. Upon his retirement from the New York State Police, he joined the IACP DEC program team, where he serves as the staff coordinator for the Technical Advisory Program (TAP). He also coordinates all DEC program training, including the maintenance of the training agenda. Mr. Floegel also assists Ms. Cockroft with coordinating the DRE Section's Annual Training Conference on Drugs, Alcohol and Impaired Driving, including the agenda development, speaker identification, participant invitations and summaries of meetings. In addition, he assists the state DRE coordinators, including training and implementing the DEC program. He coordinates DEC program activities and technology transfer between NHTSA, IACP, and the states. He handles the day-to-day operations and inquiries about the SFST or DEC program for NHTSA (headquarters/regional offices) and the IACP.

Chuck Hayes, IACP DRE Coordinator, Regional Programs IACP Division of State and Provincial Police

In September 2003, Chuck Hayes joined the project team for the IACP/NHTSA DEC program. Mr. Hayes retired as a captain with the Oregon State Police after serving 29 years. He was also the DRE state coordinator for Oregon and has served on the IACP Technical Advisory Panel since 1997. He spearheaded the planning for the 4th Annual DRE Impaired Driving Training Conference held in Portland, Oregon, and served as the chair of the IACP DRE Section in 1999. Mr. Hayes provides additional program support and assists with the expansion and development of the DEC program and the Drug Impaired Training for Education Professionals (DITEP). He also assists with planning the section's annual training conference and meetings conducted each year by the four DRE regions. He also serves as the chair for the Oregon Governor's Advisory Committee on DUII.

Carrie Hancock, Technical Support Specialist, DRE Section and DEC Program IACP Division of State and Provincial Police

Ms. Hancock joined the DECP team in the S&P Division as a support specialist in April 2003. She maintains both the certification database and physical records for more than 12,000 active and inactive DREs. She also assists with the TAP and DRE Section meetings, as well as the section's Annual Training Conference on Drugs, Alcohol and Impaired Driving and provides administrative support for the Drug Impairment Training for Education Professionals. She acts as liaison on a daily basis with the DECP state coordinators, IACP members, and IACP staff.

The DRE Section's Annual Training Conference

The 14th Annual IACP Training Conference on Drugs, Alcohol & Impaired Driving was held in Indianapolis, Indiana, on Aug. 10-12, 2008, at the Hyatt Regency at South Capitol. The theme for the Indianapolis conference was "Patrolling the Impaired Crossroads of America".

The conference is hosted every year by the IACP's Drug Recognition Experts Section. The Indiana co-hosts included members of the Indiana Law Enforcement Academy, Advocates Against Impaired Driving, the Indianapolis Metro Police Department, the Indiana Criminal Justice Institute, the Decatur County Sheriff's Department, and the Fort Wayne Police Department.

Over the course of three days, approximately 600 members of the DRE and highway safety community attended morning general sessions and afternoon workshops. Professionals from the fields of DRE training, toxicology, prosecution, research and medicine participated in the agenda.

Morning general sessions and afternoon break outs addressed the following topics:

- Pharmacodynamics and Pharmacokinetics of Cannabis
- Special Problems in Impaired Driving Cases"
- The abuse of prescription and over-the-counter medications
- Close collaboration between the officer and the toxicologist
- How alcohol affects the brain
- Incidence of alcohol- and drug-positive drivers on the roads across the US
- DRE Collision Investigation
- Inhalant Abuse and Driving Impairment
- Marketing Alcohol to Teens
- Injury, Forensic Medical Evidence, and Operator Identification in Vehicle Collisions
- How Drugs Create the Eye and Physical Signs of Impairment
- Methadone use and driving

The closing speaker was Kevin M. Gilmartin, Ph.D., spoke on emotional survival for law enforcement.

About the IACP Technical Advisory Panel

The IACP Technical Advisory Panel (TAP) provides the IACP Highway Safety Committee (HSC) with information and advice as requested concerning the IACP/NHTSA DEC Program and areas of concern dealing with impaired driving. The TAP also provides information of a technical nature regarding the program and associated issues such as

- Reviewing, on an as-needed basis, the currently approved DRE and Standardized Field Sobriety Testing (SFST) training programs and recommending modifications to reflect current court rulings and changes in procedures as appropriate.
- Reviewing and evaluating DRE training programs to ensure that learning objectives and course content are consistent with approved standards
- Establishing and updating the national DRE training examinations.
- Making recommendations as to the policy and direction of the DEC Program.

The TAP has 19 members: the Highway Safety Committee chair, who also chairs TAP; the IACP DEC program manager; the IACP drug programs coordinator; the IACP coordinator of DEC program regional programs; four DRE regional representatives; a representative of Police Officer Standards and Training (POST); one members from the medical field; a NHTSA staff member; a police training representative; a prosecutor; a state DRE coordinator; a toxicologist; a police administrator; a governor's highway safety representative, and two at-large members, on of whom is the chair of the DRE Section and serves for one year. The current roster of the TAP members is contained in this report.

Reports from the DECP States

The following information is an overview of each state with an IACP-approved and recognized Drug Evaluation and Classification (DEC) Program in place. Each report was written and submitted by the state coordinator or a representative from that office.

A report on the DEC Program in Canada is follows the states' reports.

Alaska **DRE Year End Summary Report 2008**

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	29
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	4
Number of agencies that have DREs:	10

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	229
Number of training evaluations:	7
Total number of evaluations:	234

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

•	Stimulant:	38
•	Depressant:	85
•	Hallucinogen:	0
•	PCP:	1
•	Narcotic Analgesic:	52
•	Inhalant:	1
•	Cannabis:	64

Poly Drug Use

Total Number: 17 •

Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 4
- Medical Rule Out: 3 9
- No Opinion of Impairment:
- Results Pending: 4
- Tox Found No Drugs: 12
- **Refused:** 20 •

DRE Training

 Number of DRE Schools: Number of Students: Number of DREs Certified: Number of DRE Instructor Schools: Number of Students: 	0 0 0 0
 Number of DRE Instructors Certified: Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: Number of Students: 	0 0 0
DITEP Training	
 Number of Classes: Number of School Nurses: Number of SROs: Other Students: Total Number of Students: 	0 0 0 0 0
Phlebotomy Training	
Number of Classes:Number of Students:	<u> </u>
SFST Training	
Number of SFST Classes:Number of Students:	7 150
Number of SFST Instructor Classes:Number of Students:	<u>0</u> 0

Other Training

Officer Pete Steen gave DRE overview training to approximately 12 school resource officers and other high school officials. This was not an official Drug Impairment Training for Education Professionals (DITEP) course, but had many of the same elements.

Interesting Cases

Alaska DREs are evaluating the Draeger DrugTest 5000—an oral fluid testing device—at two locations. Preliminary results are very favorable: the device is sturdy, easy to use, and reliable; the results are quickly produced; and it seems to be accurate in comparison with blood toxicology results. The device has enough flexibility in its design to be useful for analyzing surface swabs. Tests are continuing and we expect to publish results in a journal in the upcoming year.

Narrative

2008 was a static year for our program. We added no new DREs or DRE instructors. We also did not put on a DRE in-service course. DRE experts are more accepted by courts and defense counsel has contacted me for information about the program. 2009 will be a much more eventful year for our program with the newly formed Alaska Bureau of Highway Patrol planning to add numerous DREs to the state roster.

Report submitted by Jeanne Swartz, Alaska Crime Lab, State DRE Coordinator

Arizona DRE Year End Summary Report 2008

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	461
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	157
Number of agencies that have DREs:	59

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	2,351
Number of training evaluations:	538
Total number of evaluations:	2,904

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

•	Stimulant:	798
•	Depressant:	369
	TT 1	14

- Hallucinogen: 14
- PCP: 16
- Narcotic Analgesic: 338
- Inhalant: 1
- Cannabis: 1,061

Poly Drug Use

• Total Number: 709

Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 3
 Medical Rule Out: 25
 No Opinion of Impairment: 49
- Results Pending: 887
- Tox Found No Drugs: 146
- Refused: 9

DRE Training

• Number of DRE Schools:	3
Number of Students:	65
• Number of DREs Certified:	50
• Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	1
Number of Students:	14
• Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	14
• Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	14
• Number of Students:	190
DITEP Training	
• Number of Classes:	13
Number of School Nurses:	0
• Number of SROs:	0
• Other Students:	565
• Total Number of Students:	565
Phlebotomy Training	
Number of Classes:	7
• Number of Students:	195
SFST Training	
Number of SFST Classes:	54
• Number of Students:	1,358
Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	3
Number of Students:	39

Other Training

Our traffic safety resource prosecutor (TSRP) hosted two classes with a total of 41 students from all across the state. We have received positive feedback on ARIDE and will have more classes in 2009. We started scheduling classes from Purdue Pharma with Dr. Marc Gonzalez for 2009 and find it to be very informative. This is an excellent way to get additional training and it is free.

Narrative

2008 was a busy year. The Maricopa County Sheriff's Office and their staff have again opened their doors to us and the rest of the DRE community. We hosted numerous certification training nights at the 4th Avenue Jail using Arizona DRE Instructors to supplement the ones coming in from outside the state.

In 2008 we tested 1,270 subjects. Since we usually get more than one evaluation from each subject, we conducted closer to 3,000 evaluations.

We sent 72 DREs to the 2008 DRE Conference in Indianapolis.

Report Submitted by Dan Mulleneaux, Governor's Office of Highway Safety, DRE State Coordinator

Arkansas **DRE Year End Summary Report 2008**

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	132
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	43
Number of agencies that have DREs:	42

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	298
Number of training evaluations:	80
Total number of evaluations:	379

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

•	Stimulant:	70
•	Depressant:	176
•	Hallucinogen:	0
•	PCP:	5
•	Narcotic Analgesic:	122
•	Inhalant:	3
	a	1.40

Cannabis: 149 •

Poly Drug Use

Total Number: 71 •

Other

•	Alcohol Rule Out:	0
•	Medical Rule Out:	12
•	No Opinion of Impairment:	27
•	Results Pending:	

- **Tox Found No Drugs:** 9 ۲ 12 •
 - **Refused:**

DRE Training

Number of DRE Schools:	2	
• Number of Students:	32	
Number of DREs Certified:	18	
Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	1	
Number of Students:	10	
• Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	9	
• Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	1	
• Number of Students:	78	
DITEP Training		
Number of Classes:	0	
Number of School Nurses:	0	
• Number of SROs:	0	
Other Students:	0	
• Total Number of Students:	0	
Phlebotomy Training		
Number of Classes:	0	
• Number of Students:	0	
SFST Training		
Number of SFST Classes:	19	
• Number of Students:	454	
Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	1	
 Number of Students: 	12	
	14	

Narrative

Mr. Marty Sullivan of the Administrative Office of the Courts requested a presentation on DRE training at the yearly district judges' conference in September 2008—the first time the DRE program was presented collectively to this group in Arkansas. The speakers—Pam Mays, Criminal Justice Institute, and Corporal Jeff Hust, Arkansas State Police—discussed the development of the program and the 12-step process; conducted an entire evaluation; and had practical exercises for the judges to experience hands-on the clinical aspect of the DRE program. The presentation was well received and a positive impact has been observed in DRE cases from multiple parts of the state since.

Report Submitted by Pam Mays, Arkansas Criminal Justice Institute

California **DRE Year End Summary Report 2008**

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	1224
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	183
Number of agencies that have DREs:	107

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	3973
Number of training evaluations:	120
Total number of evaluations:	4098

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

• Stimulant:	2262
• Depressant:	882
• Hallucinogen:	53
• PCP:	59
• Narcotic Analgesic:	1135
• Inhalant:	7
Cannabis:	1446

Poly Drug Use

1643 **Total Number:** •

Other

- 6 **Alcohol Rule Out:** •
- 33 **Medical Rule Out:** ٠ 93
- No Opinion of Impairment: •
- 1216 **Results Pending:** • **164**
- **Tox Found No Drugs:** •
- 287 **Refused:** •

DRE Training

Number of DRE Schools:	6
Number of Students:	191
• Number of DREs Certified:	132
• Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	1
Number of Students:	10
• Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	8
• Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	31
• Number of Students:	219

DITEP Training

•	Number of Classes:	1
•	Number of School Nurses:	25
•	Number of SROs:	4
•	Other Students:	15
•	Total Number of Students:	44

Phlebotomy Training

•	Number of Classes:	0
•	Number of Students:	0

SFST Training

•	Number of SFST Classes:	41
•	Number of Students:	1670
•	Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	2
•	Number of Students:	29

Other Training

Prosecutors Training - Number of Classes	4
Number of Students	240
Criminalists Training - Number of Classes	1
Number of Students	60

Narrative

In 2008 California revised the state standards to make the DRE Tracking System the required rolling log for recertification. Tracking system training was added to the initial DRE School, field certification, and recertification with hands-on live data entry. This has increased 10 times the data entry into the tracking system.

California has also gone to 100 percent electronic certification files. This has resulted in a much more rapid turn around of documents and a much greener paperless system.

Report Submitted by Sergeant Daniel Lamm, California Highway Patrol, DRE State Coordinator

Colorado DRE Year End Summary Report 2008

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	153
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	21
Number of agencies that have DREs:	50

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	544
Number of training evaluations:	185
Total number of evaluations:	729

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

•	Stimulant:	205
•	Depressant:	171
•	Hallucinogen:	0
•	PCP:	0
•	Narcotic Analgesic:	159
•	Inhalant:	0
•	Cannabis:	429

Poly Drug Use

• Total Number: 167

Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 3
- Medical Rule Out: 3
- No Opinion of Impairment:
- Results Pending: 44
- Tox Found No Drugs: 60
- Refused: 4

20

DRE Training

Number of DRE Schools:	1
Number of Students:	25
• Number of DREs Certified:	25
Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	0
Number of Students:	0
• Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	0
• Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	2
• Number of Students:	120

DITEP Training

Number of Classes:	0			
Number of School Nurses:	0			
• Number of SROs:	0			
• Other Students:	0			
• Total Number of Students:	0			
Phlebotomy Training				
• Number of Classes:	0			
• Number of Students:	0			
SFST Training				
• Number of SFST Classes:	1			
• Number of Students:	2			
Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	5			
• Number of Students:	61			

Narrative

Colorado DRE Centennial Award

Lieutenant Jim Williamson of the Littleton Police Department was the recipient of the 2008 Colorado DRE Centennial Award, given for significant contributions to Colorado's DRE program. The first runner up for the award was Colorado State Trooper Jerald Wolff. Second runner up was Corporal Ryan Parker. Honorable mention went to the following Colorado State Troopers: Sergeant Marshall Schwarz, Sergeant Kirk Gardner, Trooper Jeffrey Thornton, Trooper Mark Parsons, Trooper Michelle Shannon, Trooper Howard Thompson

DRE School April 2008

Colorado's DRE School was held in Avon. The top student was Agent Alan Ma, Lakewood Police. Alan Ma was also selected to attend the DRE conference in Arkansas, scheduled for August 8-20, 2009.

Agent Alan Ma will be presented with the Denver Police Sergeant Daryl Gauthier Top Student award in 2009

DRE evaluations in Colorado increased 8 percent from 2007.

Colorado recognized 18 Colorado DREs as "Top Performers in Impaired Driving Enforcement" at the Colorado Traffic Safety Training Summit.

Colorado has begun to recognize DREs who are leaving the program after 10 years of service with a plaque commemorating their service.

Report Submitted by Robin Rocke, Colorado Department of Transportation, Assistant DRE Coordinator

Delaware DRE Year End Summary Report 2008

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	8
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	2
Number of agencies that have DREs:	4

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	31
Number of training evaluations:	0
Total number of evaluations:	31

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

•	Stimulant:	7
•	Depressant:	13

- Hallucinogen: 0
- PCP: 1
- Narcotic Analgesic: 13
- Inhalant: 0
- Cannabis: 12

Poly Drug Use

• Total Number: 14

•	Alcohol Rule Out:	0
•	Medical Rule Out:	0
•	No Opinion of Impairment:	2

- Results Pending: 11
 Tox Found No Drugs: 0
- Refused: <u>1</u>

Number of DRE Schools:	0
• Number of Students:	0
• Number of DREs Certified:	0
Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	0
 Number of Students: 	0
 Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 	2
• Number of DRE instructors certified.	
Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	0
• Number of Students:	0
DITEP Training	
	0
Number of Classes:	
Number of School Nurses:	
Number of SROs:	<u> </u>
Other Students: Tratel Number of Standarday	0
• Total Number of Students:	
Phlebotomy Training	
Number of Classes:	0
Number of Students:	0
SFST Training	
• Number of SFST Classes:	2
• Number of Students:	46
Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	9

• Number of Students:

Narrative

Delaware was able to send two DREs to a Maryland DRE Instructor school and have them certified. Big thanks to Maryland for their help and willingness to partner with us.

68

Report Submitted by Lisa Shaw, Delaware Office of Highway Safety, DRE State Coordinator

District of Columbia DRE Year End Summary Report 2008

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	6
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	1
Number of agencies that have DREs:	3

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	7
Number of training evaluations:	23
Total number of evaluations:	30

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

• \$	timulant:	3
• 1	Depressant:	1
• F	Iallucinogen:	0
• P	PCP:	4
	Varcotic Analgesic:	20
·I	nhalant:	0
• (Cannabis:	1

Poly Drug Use

Total Number: 12 •

Other

- 0 **Alcohol Rule Out:** ٠
- 0 **Medical Rule Out:** • 0
- No Opinion of Impairment: •
- **Results Pending:** •
- **Tox Found No Drugs:** •
- 2 **Refused:** •

0

0

• Number of DRE Schools:	0
• Number of Students:	0
• Number of DREs Certified:	3
• Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	0
• Number of Students:	0
• Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	0
• Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	0
	0
• Number of Students:	
DITEP Training	
Number of Classes:	0
Number of School Nurses:	0
• Number of SROs:	0
• Other Students:	0
• Total Number of Students:	0
Phlebotomy Training	
Number of Classes:	0
• Number of Students:	0
SFST Training	
Number of SFST Classes:	0
Number of Students:	0
Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	0
 Number of Styst Instructor Classes. Number of Students: 	0
• Number of Students:	<u> </u>

Other Training

Attendance at the I.P.T.M.'s Symposium of Alcohol and Drugged Driving

Narrative

2008 was an interesting year with all the distractions of a Presidential election and inauguration. All three agencies that participate in the DRE program had their manpower stretched to the limit, but three officers were still able to complete their certifications.

Report Submitted by John A. Emrick, Jr., Federal Law Enforcement Training Center, DRE Coordinator

Florida DRE Year End Summary Report 2008

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	189
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	46
Number of agencies that have DREs:	72

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	758
Number of training evaluations:	148
Total number of evaluations:	906

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

•	Stimulant:	188
•	Depressant:	467
•	Hallucinogen:	3
•	PCP:	2
•	Narcotic Analgesic:	336
•	Inhalant:	3
•	Cannabis:	336

Poly Drug Use

• Total Number: 440

Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 27
- Medical Rule Out: 16
- No Opinion of Impairment:
- Results Pending: 231
- Tox Found No Drugs:
- Refused: 49

30

87

Number of DRE Schools:	2		
Number of Students:	36		
Number of DREs Certified:	36		
Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	0		
Number of Students:	0		
• Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	0		
• Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	2		
• Number of Students:	95		
DITEP Training			
	0		
Number of Classes:	0		
Number of School Nurses:	0		
• Number of SROs:	0		
• Other Students:	0		
• Total Number of Students:	0		
Phlebotomy Training			
Number of Classes:	0		
• Number of Students:	0		
SFST Training			
Number of SFST Classes:	20		
• Number of Students:	529		
Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	4		
• Number of Students:	67		

Other Training

Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement: 4 classes, total students: 132. Medical Foundations for Visual Systems Testing classes: 2 classes, total students: 53. HGN Workshop for Law Enforcement and Prosecutors: 2 classes, total students: 81.

Report Submitted by Kyle J. Clark, Institute of Police Technology and Management, State DRE Coordinator

Georgia **DRE Year End Summary Report 2008**

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	66
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	10
Number of agencies that have DREs:	40

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	55
Number of training evaluations:	73
Total number of evaluations:	128

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

•	Stimulant:	33
•	Depressant:	45
•	Hallucinogen:	0
•	PCP:	0
•	Narcotic Analgesic:	25
•	Inhalant:	0
•	Cannabis:	72

Poly Drug Use

Total Number: 46 •

Other

- 0 • Alcohol Rule Out:
- Medical Rule Out: 1 7
- No Opinion of Impairment:
- Results Pending: n/a 5
- **Tox Found No Drugs:** •
- **Refused:** •

7

• Number of DRE Schools:	1
Number of Students:	19
• Number of DREs Certified:	12
• Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	0
Number of Students:	0
• Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	0
Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	4
• Number of Students:	30
DITEP Training	
Number of Classes:	0
Number of Classes:Number of School Nurses:	0
	Ŷ
Number of School Nurses:	0

Phlebotomy Training

•	Number of Classes:	0
•	Number of Students:	0

SFST Training

•	Number of SFST Classes:	15
•	Number of Students:	348
•	Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	1
•	Number of Students:	21

Report Submitted by Bruce Stanford, Georgia Public Safety Training Center, State DRE Coordinator

Hawaii **DRE Year End Summary Report 2008**

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	35
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	9
Number of agencies that have DREs:	5

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	85
Number of training evaluations:	0
Total number of evaluations:	85

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

•	Stimulant:	18
•	Depressant:	35
•	Hallucinogen:	0
•	PCP:	0
•	Narcotic Analgesic:	19
•	Inhalant:	2
•	Cannabis:	48

Poly Drug Use

Total Number: 34 •

- Alcohol Rule Out: 0
- 2 • Medical Rule Out:
- No Opinion of Impairment: 0
- Results Pending: 0
- **Tox Found No Drugs:** 4 • 2
- **Refused:** •

Number of DRE Schools:	1		
Number of Students:	23		
Number of DREs Certified:	6		
Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	0		
• Number of Students:	0		
• Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	0		
• Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	1		
• Number of Students:	10		
DITEP Training			
Number of Classes:	0		
Number of School Nurses:	0		
• Number of SROs:	0		
• Other Students:	0		
• Total Number of Students:	0		
Phlebotomy Training			
Number of Classes:	0		
Number of Students:	0		
SFST Training			
Number of SFST Classes:	3		
Number of Students:	104		
Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	0		
• Number of Students:	0		
	-		

Interesting Cases

A prominent State of Hawaii senator and advocate for stricter DUI penalties and ignition interlocks was arrested and charged for DUI and later pled no contest to DUI.

Narrative

Hawaii passed legislation in 2008 to have ignition interlocks for repeat DUI offenders in place by 2010.

Report Submitted by Ryan Nishibun, Honolulu Police Department, State DRE Coordinator

Idaho DRE Year End Summary Report 2008

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	96
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	22
Number of agencies that have DREs:	42

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	83
Number of training evaluations:	4
Total number of evaluations:	87

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

•	Stimulant:	4
•	Depressant:	31
•	Hallucinogen:	0
•	PCP:	0
•	Narcotic Analgesic:	17
•	Inhalant:	0
•	Cannabis:	28

Poly Drug Use

• Total Number: 24

Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 3
 Medical Rule Out: 8
- Medical Rule Out: 8
 No Opinion of Impairment: 10
- No Opinion of Impairment: <u>10</u>
 Results Pending: ?
- Tox Found No Drugs: 3
- Refused:

2

Number of DRE Schools:	0
Number of Students:	0
Number of DREs Certified:	0
Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	2
Number of Students:	8
• Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	0
• Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	1
• Number of Students:	80
DITEP Training	
Number of Classes:	0
	0
Number of School Nurses:	
• Number of SROs:	0
• Other Students:	0
• Total Number of Students:	0
Phlebotomy Training	
Number of Classes:	0
Number of Students:	0
SFST Training	
Number of SFST Classes:	?
• Number of Students:	?
Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	1
• Number of Students:	2

Narrative

On April 15, 2008 I provided Data Tracking training to Idaho DREs. I stressed the need to enter evaluations in the PIRE system, making sure that all DREs knew evaluation entry was mandatory. Unfortunately, only 87 evaluations were entered during 2008. We hope that 2009 will be a better reported year.

Report Submitted by Sgt. Dean L. Matlock, Idaho State Police, State DRE Coordinator

Illinois

(No report submitted)

Indiana DRE Year End Summary Report 2008

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	147
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	36
Number of agencies that have DREs:	68

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	290
Number of training evaluations:	116
Total number of evaluations:	406

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

• Stin	mulant:	74
• De	pressant:	141
• Ha	llucinogen:	3
• PC	P:	3
• Na	rcotic Analgesic:	98
• Inh	alant:	1
• Ca	nnabis:	189

Poly Drug Use

• Total Number: 128

- Alcohol Rule Out: 4
- Medical Rule Out:
 13
- No Opinion of Impairment: 18
- Results Pending: 124
- Tox Found No Drugs: 15
- Refused: 21

•	Number of DRE Schools:	2
•	Number of Students:	42*
•	Number of DREs Certified:	36*
•	Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	0
•	Number of Students:	0
•	Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	0
•	Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	1
•	Number of Students:	116

* Includes one officer from Michigan and five from Ohio. The Michigan officer, and two of the Ohio officers went on to complete certification.

DITEP Training

Number of Classes:	0		
Number of School Nurses:	0		
• Number of SROs:	0		
• Other Students:	0		
• Total Number of Students:	0		
Phlebotomy Training			
Number of Classes:	0		
• Number of Students:	0		
SFST Training			
Number of SFST Classes:	17*		
• Number of Students:	713		
Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	1		
• Number of Students:	30		

Other Training

In 2008 we were busy co-hosting the IACP's 14th Annual Impaired Driving Conference. Our goal was to provide a conference with some of the most informative training. We also wanted to make the atmosphere comfortable and enjoyable for all other officers, prosecutors, toxicologists, government representatives, and associated impaired driving advocates. I firmly believe we accomplished our goals. Feedback from attendees was extremely positive. The most important measure we used in our post conference meeting was the fact that we were proud of the entire outcome.

The SFST training portion shows only 17 classes for the 713 trained. This list includes all officers trained as part of several different academy classes.

Narrative

Although the DREs have been contacted and are constantly asked to enter their evaluations on the data tracking Web site, it is difficult to get some of them to do so. Unfortunately, this remains a problem and leaves us with low numbers until time comes for the officer to be recertified.

Report Submitted by Joseph Turner, Indiana Law Enforcement Academy, State DRE Coordinator

Iowa **DRE Year End Summary Report 2008**

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	135
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	10 *
Number of agencies that have DREs:	107
* One nending to be certified	

* One pending to be certified

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	208
Number of training evaluations:	156
Total number of evaluations:	364

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

•	Stimulant:	46
•	Depressant:	27
•	Hallucinogen:	1
•	PCP:	4
•	Narcotic Analgesic:	15
•	Inhalant:	1
•	Cannabis:	138
	Poly Drug Use	

Total Number: 42 •

•	Alcohol Rule Out:	0
•	Medical Rule Out:	6

- No Opinion of Impairment: 21
- 5 • Results Pending: • Tox Found No Drugs: 7 25
- Refused:

• Number of DRE Schools:	1
Number of Students:	13
Number of DREs Certified:	13
Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	0
• Number of Students:	0
• Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	1
• Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	4
Number of Students:	37
DITEP Training	
Number of Classes:	6
Number of School Nurses:	7
Number of SROs:	0
Other Students:	118
Total Number of Students:	125
Phlebotomy Training	
Number of Classes:	0
• Number of Students:	0
SFST Training	
• Number of SFST Classes:	0
• Number of Students:	0
Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	0
Number of Students:	0

Interesting Cases

More evaluations and OWIs are involving prescription and over-the-counter drugs.

Report Submitted by Denny Becker, Governor's Traffic Safety Bureau, State DRE Coordinator

Kansas DRE Year End Summary Report 2008

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	89
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	15
Number of agencies that have DREs:	31

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	331
Number of training evaluations:	135
Total number of evaluations:	466

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

•	Stimulant:	125
•	Depressant:	132
•	Hallucinogen:	8
•	PCP:	10
•	Narcotic Analgesic:	108
•	Inhalant:	5
•	Cannabis:	177

Poly Drug Use

• Total Number: 108

- Alcohol Rule Out: 6
- Medical Rule Out: 6
- No Opinion of Impairment: <u>26</u>
- Results Pending:
- Tox Found No Drugs: 14
- Refused: 6

•	Number of DRE Schools:	1
•	Number of Students:	10
•	Number of DREs Certified:	9
	Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	0
•	Number of Students:	<u> </u>
٠	Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	0
•	Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	2
-		
•	Number of Students:	45

DITEP Training

Number of Classes:	11
Number of School Nurses:	64
• Number of SROs:	52
• Other Students:	193
Total Number of Students:	309
Phlebotomy Training	
• Number of Classes:	0
• Number of Students:	0
SFST Training	

Number of SFST Classes: 20 Number of Students: 521 Number of SFST Instructor Classes: 1 Number of Students: 10

Other Training

SFST Refresher Training (see narrative)

Interesting Cases

State of Kansas vs Richard Shadden, 40 Kan.App.2d 11303, 199 P.3d 167 (1/16/2009) Kansas Court of Appeals says officers cannot testify to percentages on the field sobriety tests without first subjecting the scientific studies to a Frye Hearing. Officers can testify to the clues observed, and can say the subject passed or failed, but cannot testify to percentage of accuracy of each test. This was a defense motion *in limine* to exclude the reference to sobriety tests as "tests" and indicating that he failed such exercises. Also excluded were any references to the scientific credibility of the results of such exercises. Ultimately, this ruling became more of a disadvantage for the defense than for the prosecution. One tactic they liked to use was to get the officer to testify about the 68 percent or 65 percent accuracy and then use the inverse of those numbers (32% or 35%) to show reasonable doubt that the tests were bullet proof. Now they can no longer talk about the percentage of inaccuracy.

Narrative

In 2008 we completed the first cycle of SFST Refresher training under our new Credentialing Program. We held 165 practitioner inservice classes and credentialed 1,787 officers in addition to the credentials furnished to the 521 officers that completed SFST Basic Classes. Further, we provided instructor inservice to 55 approved instructors. For those practitioner officers who failed to participate during the past cycle, the refresher training for the 2007-2008 training cycle will be available on line by around mid July.

Report Submitted by Jeff Collier, Kansas Highway Patrol, State DRE Coordinator

Kentucky DRE Year End Summary Report 2008

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	106
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	16
Number of agencies that have DREs:	25

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	129
Number of training evaluations:	100
Total number of evaluations:	229

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

•	Stimulant:	48
•	Depressant:	80
•	Hallucinogen:	0
•	PCP:	2
•	Narcotic Analgesic:	78
•	Inhalant:	1
•	Cannabis:	115

Poly Drug Use

• Total Number: 100

- Alcohol Rule Out: 0
- Medical Rule Out:
- No Opinion of Impairment: 5
- Results Pending: 0
 Tox Found No Drugs: 4
- Refused:
 A

Number of DRE Schools:	3
• Number of Students:	36
Number of DREs Certified:	18
Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	1
• Number of Students:	4
• Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	3
• Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	3
• Number of Students:	35
DITEP Training	
Number of Classes:	0
Number of School Nurses:	0
Number of SROs:	0
Other Students:	0
Total Number of Students:	0
Phlebotomy Training	
Number of Classes:	0
• Number of Students:	0
SFST Training	
Number of SFST Classes:	13
• Number of Students:	335
Number of SFST Instructor Classes:Number of Students:	0

Other Training

Breath Test Operator's Class (40 hours): 14 classes, 327 students.

Report Submitted by Terry Mosser, Department of Criminal Justice Training, State DRE Coordinator

Louisiana **DRE Year End Summary Report 2008**

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	30
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	7
Number of agencies that have DREs:	6

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	91
Number of training evaluations:	70
Total number of evaluations:	116

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

•	Stimulant:	5
•	Depressant:	43

- Hallucinogen: 0 ٠
- PCP: 1 ٠
- **Narcotic Analgesic:** 32 •
- 0 **Inhalant:** •
- 35 **Cannabis:** •

Poly Drug Use

Total Number: 87 •

- 2 **Alcohol Rule Out:** •
- 1 **Medical Rule Out:** • 0
- No Opinion of Impairment: •
- **Results Pending:** 45 • **Tox Found No Drugs:** 0 • 5 **Refused:** •

• Number of DRE Schools:	1
Number of Students:	9
• Number of DREs Certified:	7
• Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	1
Number of Students:	5
• Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	5
• Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	1
• Number of Students:	15
DITEP Training	

Number of Classes:	0		
Number of School Nurses:	0		
• Number of SROs:	0		
• Other Students:	0		
• Total Number of Students:	0		
Phlebotomy Training			
• Number of Classes:	0		
• Number of Students:	0		
SFST Training			
• Number of SFST Classes:	3*		
• Number of Students:	80*		
• Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	1		
• Number of Students:	25		

Narrative

A big boost to the program in Louisiana has been the addition of five new DRE instructors. This has helped greatly with field certifications and is another step toward total self sufficiency. Louisiana has also seen great success with the drug impairment training conducted statewide by our DREs. The training being offered to prosecutors' offices and the judiciary has helped with the overall understanding of the drug impaired driving problem in Louisiana and has helped to build several partnerships. Many court cases, which in previous years were dismissed or resolved by other means, are now being aggressively prosecuted. The governor's office and others are looking at several different DWI-related matters during this legislative session in an attempt to strengthen the criminal statute for DWI and the implied consent statutes. We are also trying to strengthen the SFST and DEC Program by working toward having SFST included as a basic POST requirement in order to complete basic police academy requirements. This is a crucial step in strengthening the overall quality of the SFST and DEC Program.

Report Submitted by Sergeant. Jay Cripple, Louisiana State Police, State DRE Coordinator

Maine **DRE Year End Summary Report 2008**

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	82
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	16
Number of agencies that have DREs:	46

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	319
Number of training evaluations:	0
Total number of evaluations:	319

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

•	Stimulant:	52
•	Depressant:	174
•	Hallucinogen:	0
•	PCP:	7
•	Narcotic Analgesic:	170
•	Inhalant:	0
•	Cannabis:	83

Poly Drug Use

Total Number: 200 •

- Alcohol Rule Out: 0
- Medical Rule Out: 0 0
- No Opinion of Impairment:
- Results Pending: 0
- **Tox Found No Drugs:** 24 •
- **Refused:** 0 •

Number of DRE Schools:	0
• Number of Students:	0
Number of DREs Certified:	0
Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	0
Number of Students:	0
• Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	0
• Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	2
• Number of Students:	43

DITEP Training

Number of Classes:	2
Number of School Nurses:	?
• Number of SROs:	?
Other Students:	?
• Total Number of Students:	117
Phlebotomy Training	
Number of Classes:	0
• Number of Students:	0
SFST Training	
• Number of SFST Classes:	18
• Number of Students:	181
• Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	0
• Number of Students:	0

Other Training

Maine conducted four Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement (ARIDE) Programs with 60 students and saw an immediate value in increased communication between the SFST practitioner and the DRE. We have not required DRE candidates to attend ARIDE as a prerequisite to the DRE School, although many did in preparation for our 2009 DRE School. We conducted a test run of the ARIDE program with a limited number of students to get instructors familiar with the new curriculum. We decided to require attendees to review their SFST skills with an instructor signoff prior to the class. This created a more streamlined class as all attendees were at the same SFST level of proficiency on day one.

Narrative

We are planning for our next DRE School in February 2009. Two Maine officers attended the DRE school held in New Hampshire and have returned to Maine to complete their field evaluations and certification. Our current DRE population has leveled off at around 80 officers, down from a previous number of 125. Our next school will put us at the 100 level, which is about what we have been able to sustain. We continue to offer SFST training to all basic cadets going through the academy and also sponsor off site classes. We will continue to offer ARIDE and DITEP courses and are working with our state's Bureau of Highway Safety to schedule our NHTSA SFST assessment for 2009.

Report Submitted by James A. Lyman, Criminal Justice Academy, State DRE Coordinator

Maryland DRE Year End Summary Report 2008

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	102
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	32
Number of agencies that have DREs:	24

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	385
Number of training evaluations:	125
Total number of evaluations:	510

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

•	Stimulant:	33
•	Depressant:	157
•	Hallucinogen:	2
•	PCP:	61
•	Narcotic Analgesic:	107
•	Inhalant:	2
•	Cannabis:	83

Training evaluations were not included. Those evaluations are so heavily weighted toward narcotic analgesics and stimulants, and to include them would provide a grossly misrepresented view of the drugs involved in impaired driving cases in Maryland.

Poly Drug Use

• Total Number: 124

- Alcohol Rule Out: 6
- Medical Rule Out: 15
- No Opinion of Impairment:
 48
- Results Pending:
- Tox Found No Drugs: 0
- Refused: 151

Number of DRE Schools:	1
• Number of Students:	16
Number of DREs Certified:	10
Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	1
Number of Students:	7
• Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	3
• Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	1
 Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: Number of Students: 	<u> </u>
DITEP Training	
Number of Classes:	0
Number of School Nurses:	0
• Number of SROs:	0
• Other Students:	0
• Total Number of Students:	0
Phlebotomy Training	
Number of Classes:	0
• Number of Students:	0
SFST Training	
Number of SFST Classes:	*
Number of Students:	*
Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	*
Number of Students:	*

* SFST Training classes conducted throughout Maryland are not tracked by the DRE coordinator, the Highway Safety Office or by the Police Training Commission.

Other Training

Training is provided to prosecutors when requested. This primarily occurs in the metropolitan areas. The one-day training covers the background, training and procedures involved in Standardized Field Sobriety Testing (SFST), evidential breath testing and the Drug Recognition Expert (DRE) program. The feedback received from these training programs has resulted in work toward a regular schedule of regional training programs in the future. Attempts to provide similar educational opportunities for judges have met with much less success.

Narrative

Maryland has been unable to analyze blood specimens for the presence of drugs since October 01, 2007, and that remained the case throughout 2008. This absence of testing has resulted in a slight reduction of guilty findings in situations in which a DRE evaluation was completed. It has also contributed to a reduction in the number of DRE evaluations. Some prosecutors are not interested in proceeding with a case when there is no option for a laboratory finding, and some judges won't hear a DRE case in which a defendant submitted a blood specimen but no testing was available. This has led to hesitancy by some DREs to conduct evaluations in areas where a case will not be heard and reluctance by some agencies to pay overtime for a DRE to respond off-duty. Fiscal constraints within many agencies, leading to reductions in call-out overtime, has also kept back DREs from being used when they may have been in the past.

Progress was made this year. The Maryland Highway Safety Office provided funds to purchase equipment, and the Maryland State Police Forensic Sciences Division hired two forensic scientists and a supervisor in spite of a challenging economic environment. Personnel training, instrument certification and development of analytical protocols are expected to take place throughout 2009 with in-state testing to commence before the end of next year.

Maryland continues to report its statistical data to the national DRE tracking system on an annual basis by sending a complete data file to the Pacific Institute for Research and Evaluation (PIRE). DREs enter data from each evaluation into an internet-based system accessed via the <u>www.mddre.org</u> Web site.

An assessment of the Maryland DRE program, conducted in November 2008 with funding provided by the Maryland Highway Safety Office, helped to identify successful aspects of the program as well as opportunities for improvement. The assessment will help guide the internal operations of the Maryland program over the next several years.

Use of the MEDTOX Sure-Screen 12-panel urine test kits, approved by the IACP Technical Advisory Panel, was initiated for certification training in the fall of 2008. The kits were significantly less expensive than the laboratory urine screening previously used. These kits accurately identified drug categories more regularly than did the laboratory testing. Each DRE instructor needed to be properly trained to interpret test results accurately, but this was accomplished with no great difficulty or inconvenience. Instructors and students liked using these test kits because of the ease of use and the speed at which results are obtained. On-site testing also helps prevent the loss of urine specimens as was experienced during 2007. We will continue to use these kits and recommend this method to other jurisdictions.

Report Submitted by Lieutenant Tom Woodward, Maryland State Police, State DRE Coordinator

Massachusetts DRE Year End Summary Report 2008

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	51
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	17
Number of agencies that have DREs:	37

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	190*
Number of training evaluations:	148*
Total number of evaluations:	338*

* estimate (46 of 51 DREs reporting)

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

• Stimulant:	96
• Depressant:	114
Hallucinogen:	2
• PCP:	2
• Narcotic Analgesic:	84
Inhalant:	2
Cannabis:	74
	-

Poly Drug Use

Total Number: 101 •

- 7 **Alcohol Rule Out:** •
- 5 **Medical Rule Out:** ٠ 2
- No Opinion of Impairment: •
- **Results Pending:** 0 • 5 **Tox Found No Drugs:** •
- 15 **Refused:** •

Number of DRE Schools:	1
Number of Students:	16
Number of DREs Certified:	14
Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	0
Number of Students:	0
Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	0
• Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	2
Number of Students:	55
DITEP Training	
Number of Classes:	3
Number of School Nurses:	32
Number of SROs:	7
• Other Students:	141
Total Number of Students:	183
Phlebotomy Training	
Number of Classes:	0
Number of Students:	0
SFST Training	
Number of SFST Classes:	12
• Number of Students:	351
Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	1
• Number of Students:	16

Narrative

In 2008, the Massachusetts Drug Evaluation and Classification (DEC) Program was placed under the direction of the Massachusetts Municipal Police Training Committee (MPTC). The Highway Safety Division, Office of Grants and Research, Executive Office of Public Safety continues to fund the program. At the end of this calendar year, Massachusetts had 51 DREs. Currently 17 certified instructors and two students are working towards final certification. Massachusetts conducted one DRE School in the spring. Sixteen students attended; 15 successfully completed the classroom portion of certification. Since the program's inception, it has been somewhat difficult to get students through the field certification phase in a timely manner. Twelve students from this year's class were able to travel to Maricopa County Jail in Phoenix, Arizona to conduct field evaluations. This was successful: all of the students not only completed all of their evaluations, but they were able to complete the Final Knowledge Exam as well. After returning from Arizona, all students were completely certified in a matter of weeks. We are still continuing to utilize other arenas for field evaluations, as some students are or were not able to travel to Arizona, and other states have requested using Massachusetts as a field evaluation site for their students.

Although no DRE instructor schools were conducted this year, a combined DRE/SFST Instructor school has been scheduled for the next calendar year. One SFST Instructor School was conducted and certified 16 SFST Instructors.

DRE instructors were utilized a few times throughout the year for sobriety checkpoints in conjunction with state and local police departments; however, they were not utilized nearly as many times as they were the previous year. There were 3 OUI drugs arrests at sobriety checkpoints where DRE instructors were on location. Many other sobriety checkpoints were conducted without DREs or instructors and resulted in very few OUI drugs arrests. The OUI drugs arrests that were made did not have the benefit of a drug influence evaluation conducted. It is planned to try to increase the number of DRE/Instructors at sobriety checkpoints in calendar year 2009.

Massachusetts passed a law in November decriminalizing small amounts of marijuana. The law itself is rather confusing to most of the general public. Many people think that marijuana possession is now legal. It is believed that this leads to a more care-free attitude, which may lead to many more instances of driving under the influence of marijuana. The law enforcement community, as well as the DREs, is waiting to see how this law will affect instances of impaired driving.

Requests by Massachusetts prosecutors for DREs to testify in OUI Drugs cases continue to increase. The vast majority of these cases are those where the defendant had been arrested for impaired driving but no evaluation took place. The DREs have been called in to reconstruct the events, and explain drug impairment in court. This program has been a great success for the Massachusetts DEC program. Requests from prosecutors continue to grow, as does the number of DREs who are being qualified as experts in Massachusetts courts. One problem encountered this year is that, although the number of requests for DRE testimony increases, the actual amount of DREs who are testifying has decreased. There are a number of reasons for this. First, many of the DREs have in the past testified in court on their own time, for no compensation. At one time Massachusetts had grant funds available to fund DRE testimony; however, that program no longer exists. The actual funds would be available, but due to state rules and some other issues, DREs cannot be paid directly by the state.

We have made several attempts to get other groups and agencies involved in receiving funds to pay for DREs in court, but have not been able to get that funding to come to fruition. During the next calendar year, attempts will again be made to rectify the problem.

Another frequent problem seems to be that many prosecutors have heard about DREs testifying in cases but have little training and knowledge of the DEC Program; nor do they understand how to properly present it in court. Several trainings for prosecutors are planned for 2009. Also, there will be one prosecutor attending the spring 2009 DRE School, and it is anticipated that she will be certified. Massachusetts also is looking to host a "Prosecuting the Drugged Driver" course, as New Hampshire did this current year.

New updates to the DEC curriculum were again recommended to the IACP Technical Assistance Panel (TAP) at their annual meeting in November. One suggested revision to the "CNS Depressant" category of drugs was accepted by the TAP, and changes will be made to the curriculum starting in 2009. Other updates proposed by our DREs have been presented to the TAP, and a subcommittee is preparing a recommendation for changes. Further, updates to the "Hippus", "Rebound Dilation", and "Lack of Convergence" definitions have been accepted by the TAP and will be in the 2009 curriculum version.

The Highway Safety Division, Executive Office of Public Safety, continues to fund a program that provides preliminary breath test units and simulators to all certified DREs.

Massachusetts conducted three Drug Impairment Training for Education Professionals (DITEP) courses, which trained more than 100 school teachers, administrators and counselors, a school resource officer, and 24 school nurses.

The Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement (ARIDE) training was not conducted in Massachusetts in 2008; there are plans for the ARIDE course in 2009.

Drug Abuse, Impairment and Treatment Training for Health Care Professionals is a program that was developed in Massachusetts for EMTs, paramedics, nurses and doctors. This has met with success, and is requested routinely by a variety of groups in health care, nursing conferences, EMS conferences, EMS Continuing Education Seminars, and general health care agencies. The design of this course is to educate health care workers in the symptomology of drug impairment, drug abuse, and drug overdose. Research conducted here has led to some suggested treatments for drug impairment and overdose that were not previously utilized. Over 500 EMTs, paramedics, nurses and doctors were trained in 2008. Feedback on this program has been nothing short of outstanding.

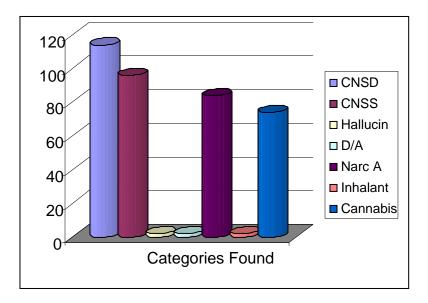
The Massachusetts DRE Program utilizes the DRE Tracking Web Site to input evaluation data. Many of the DREs regularly enter their evaluations into the system; however, as in years past, several of the DREs are not as proficient as others entering data. Although one of the recertification requirements in Massachusetts is to enter all evaluations in the system, the full compliance rate on a regular basis is only at approximately 85 percent. This is better than last year's compliance rate. The current data listed above is an estimate based on actual data entered into the system. Out of 51 certified DREs, 46 have entered evaluation information into the system; however, some have made only partial entries.

Of the total 338 evaluations conducted in Massachusetts in 2008, the DREs were correct in their findings 85.9 percent of the time. Please note that of this percentage, 37 of 46 DREs had 100

percent confirmation of their findings; therefore, the vast majority of DREs had excellent confirmation rates.

Drug catgories found were CNS Depressants (114); CNS Stimulants (96); Hallucinogens (2); Dissociative Anesthetics (2); Narcotic Analgesics (84); Inhalants (2); Cannabis (74) There were 101 instances of polydrug use in subjects evaluated out of a total of 338 evaluations, thereby making polydrug use at approximately 30 percent.

The following graph depicts the drug categories found during evaluations:



As shown above, CNS Depressants, CNS Stimulants and Narcotic Analgesics are the prevalent drugs found. In calendar year 2009, it is believed that Cannabis use will increase dramatically, as mentioned above.

Report Submitted by Sgt. Don Decker, Marblehead Police Department, State DRE Coordinator and Pamela King, Municipal Police Training Committee, Statewide Programs Coordinator

Minnesota DRE Year End Summary Report 2008

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	165
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	47
Number of agencies that have DREs:	84

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	677
Number of training evaluations:	127
Total number of evaluations:	804

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

•	Stimulant:	180
•	Depressant:	177
•	Hallucinogen:	9
•	PCP:	14
•	Narcotic Analgesic:	113
•	Inhalant:	11
•	Cannabis:	179

Poly Drug Use

• Total Number: 181

Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 12
- Medical Rule Out:
- No Opinion of Impairment:
- Results Pending: 97
- Tox Found No Drugs: 30
- Refused: 28

• Number of DRE Schools:	1
Number of Students:	24
Number of DREs Certified:	24
Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	1
Number of Students:	19
• Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	19
• Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	1
• Number of Students:	126
DITEP Training	
Number of Classes:	0
Number of School Nurses:	0
• Number of SROs:	0
Other Students:	0
Total Number of Students:	0
Phlebotomy Training	
,	
Number of Classes:	0
Number of Students:	0
SFST Training	
STOT TRUINING	
Number of SFST Classes:	28
 Number of Students: 	564
- manufer of Students.	
Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	1
 Number of Stys 1 instructor classes. Number of Students: 	25
• multiper of Students.	40

Narrative

•Minnesota continues to publish the quarterly *Snare the Drug Impaired* newsletter that is sent to over 1000 recipients.

•Over 39,000 arrests for DWI were made in 2008. To date, 719 of those arrests resulted in a conviction for DWI-CS.

•Minnesota's 16th DRE School was held in April. With the certification of the 24 officers that attended that training, Minnesota now has 165 DREs from 84 agencies.

Report Submitted by Sergeant Don Marose, Minnesota State Patrol, State DRE Coordinator

Mississippi DRE Year End Summary Report 2008

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	11
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	0
Number of agencies that have DREs:	11

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	0
Number of training evaluations:	132
Total number of evaluations:	132

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

•	Stimulant:	85
•	Depressant:	29
•	Hallucinogen:	2
•	PCP:	0
•	Narcotic Analgesic:	16
•	Inhalant:	0
•	Cannabis:	84

Poly Drug Use

• Total Number: 68

Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 8
 Medical Rule Out: 2
- No Opinion of Impairment: 13
- Results Pending: 0
- Tox Found No Drugs: 12
- Refused: 0

Number of DRE Schools:	1		
 Number of Students: 	18		
Number of DREs Certified:	11		
Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	0		
Number of Students:	0		
• Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	0		
• Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	0		
• Number of Students:	0		
DITEP Training			
Number of Classes:	0		
Number of School Nurses:	0		
• Number of SROs:	0		
• Other Students:	0		
• Total Number of Students:	0		
Phlebotomy Training			
Number of Classes:	0		
• Number of Students:	0		
SFST Training			
• Number of SFST Classes:	21		
• Number of Students:	297		
Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	1		
 Number of Students: 	21		

Narrative

The first DRE training in Mississippi was held in Madison in September 2008. We had 18 law enforcement, two prosecutors and one toxicologist in attendance.

The Mississippi Law Enforcement Liaison Office, along with Special Assistant Attorney General Molly Miller (Mississippi's Traffic Safety Resource Prosecutor), has provided training to prosecutors, municipal judges, justice court judges and chiefs of police on the DRE program. All entities have been very receptive to the training and the DRE program. We are also in the process of including ARIDE training in the LEL curriculum in the upcoming fiscal year. We also hope to have a second DRE School in the spring of 2010.

Report Submitted by Tammy Moore, Deputy Director, Mississippi Law Enforcement Liaison Office, State DRE Coordinator

Missouri **DRE Year End Summary Report 2008**

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	108
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	36
Number of agencies that have DREs:	62

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	613
Number of training evaluations:	115
Total number of evaluations:	728

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

• St	timulant:	120
• D	epressant:	179
• H	allucinogen:	4
• P	CP:	23
• N	arcotic Analgesic:	153
• Ir	nhalant:	1
• C	annabis:	322

Poly Drug Use

Total Number: 256 •

Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 5
- Medical Rule Out: 17
- No Opinion of Impairment:
- Results Pending: unk 44
- **Tox Found No Drugs:** •
- **Refused:** 62 •

• Number of DRE Schools:	2		
Number of Students:	40		
• Number of DREs Certified:	36		
Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	2		
 Number of Students: 	14		
 Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 	14		
- Tumber of Ditle instructors certifica.			
• Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	1		
• Number of Students:	18		
DITEP Training			
Number of Classes:	0		
Number of School Nurses:	0		
• Number of SROs:	0		
Other Students:	0		
Total Number of Students:	0		
Phlebotomy Training			
Number of Classes:	0		
• Number of Students:	0		
SFST Training			
• Number of SFST Classes:	0		
• Number of Students:	0		
Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	0		
 Number of Students: 	0		

Report Submitted By Randy Silver, Missouri Highway Safety Division, State DRE Coordinator

Montana DRE Year End Summary Report 2008

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	22
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	4
Number of agencies that have DREs:	7

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	51
Number of training evaluations:	2
Total number of evaluations:	53

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

•	Stimulant:	4

- Depressant: 9
- Hallucinogen: 1
 PCP: 0
- PCP: 0
 Narcotic Analgesic: 2
- Narcotic Analgesic: 2
 Inhalant: 1
- Inhalant: <u>1</u>
 Cannabis: <u>8</u>

Poly Drug Use

• Total Number: 8

Other

- Alcohol Rule Out:
- Medical Rule Out: 2
- No Opinion of Impairment: <u>3</u>
- Results Pending: 0
- Tox Found No Drugs: 4
- Refused: 2

Number of DRE Schools:	0
• Number of Students:	0
Number of DREs Certified:	0
• Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	0
• Number of Students:	0
• Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	0
• Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	4
• Number of Students:	15
DITEP Training	
DITEI ITaning	
Number of Classes:	0
Number of School Nurses:	0
• Number of SROs:	0
• Other Students:	0
Total Number of Students:	0
Phlebotomy Training	
Number of Classes:	0
• Number of Students:	0
SFST Training	
Number of SFST Classes:	7
Number of Students:	250
Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	0
• Number of Students:	0

Other Training

Approximately 10 SFST refresher trainings (sponsored by Montana Highway Patrol).

Narrative

Montana nearly doubled the number of evaluations conducted in the state from 2007 to 2008. A large factor is an increased awareness of drug impaired drivers at levels below the certified DREs, in large part because of the SFST classes and recertifications taught by the Montana Highway Patrol.

In 2008 Montana sent three officers to DRE Instructor School in Los Angeles, California. With the addition of these three instructors, Montana now has a total of four spread out across the state. With the additional instructors, we will bring ARIDE to the state and it will be used as a prerequisite for the DRE program. The DRE School planned for the fall of 2009 has now been postponed until the spring of 2010 due to budgetary reasons.

We have added three new DREs in 2009 and are just waiting on the certification process to be completed on two of them. We have also added a new DRE instructor for the state.

Our state law enforcement academy has stopped using wet labs for DUI training. This is a major foundational problem for our courts. Missoula Police Department DREs have recognized this shortcoming, and we are planning to start our own wet labs to preserve Horizontal Gaze Nystagmus testimony. I've passed along the concern in the recertification class and am encouraging other agencies to do the same. The Montana Highway Patrol also conducts its own wet labs to compensate for the lack of quality HGN training. Additional SFST trainings conducted outside of the Montana Law Enforcement Academy contain wet labs. The Montana Highway Patrol will continue to conduct trainings in this manner to help preserve HGN testimony for the state.

Our reporting to the national data tracking program has become better over the past year. I continue to urge officers to use the program and have reminded them of the benefits to all by using the program.

Report Submitted by Trooper Kurt Sager, Montana Highway Patrol, State DRE Coordinator

Nebraska DRE Year End Summary Report 2008

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	98
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	17
Number of agencies that have DREs:	30

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	365
Number of training evaluations:	72
Total number of evaluations:	440*

* The total 2008 evaluations for Nebraska include 365 enforcement evaluations, 72 training evaluations and 3 other evaluations

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

•	Stimulant:	100	
•	Depressant:	168	
•	Hallucinogen:	2	
•	PCP:	4	
•	Narcotic Analgesic:	58	
•	Inhalant:	0	
•	Cannabis:	229	
•	Poly Drug Use Total Number:	84	
	Other		
•	Alcohol Rule Out:		0
•	Medical Rule Out:	-	9
•	No Opinion of Impairn	nent:	23
•	Results Pending:	-	42
		-	4.0

- Tox Found No Drugs: 18
- Refused:

• Number of DRE Schools:	1		
• Number of Students:	20		
Number of DREs Certified:	20		
Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	1		
Number of Students:	7		
• Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	6		
• Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	1		
• Number of Students:	65		
DITEP Training			
Number of Classes:	0		
Number of School Nurses:	0		
• Number of SROs:	0		
• Other Students:	0		
Total Number of Students:	0		
Phlebotomy Training			
Number of Classes:	0		
Number of Students:	0		
SFST Training			
Number of SFST Classes:	**		
• Number of Students:	**		
	_		
Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	1		
• Number of Students:	20		

* The Nebraska Office of Highway Safety does not track SFST classes sponsored across the state only the SFST instructor training sponsored by this office.

Other Training

In 2008, funding was provided through the Nebraska Office of Highway Safety for two DRE instructors and three DREs to attend the 2008 IACP Impaired Driving Conference. It should be noted that Nebraska was under a travel restriction during 2008, which significantly decreased the out-of-state training.

Narrative

In 2008, Nebraska DREs conducted 440 evaluations with a toxicology confirmation rate of 92.4 percent. The 2008 DRE activity reflected in this report was extracted from the DRE data tracking collection system. Nebraska DREs are required to be up-to-date on their entries into the DRE data collection system to be considered for funding assistance for the IACP Annual Training Conference on Drugs, Alcohol and Impaired Driving and prior to being recertified as a DRE.

Report Submitted by Becky Stinson, Nebraska Office of Highway Safety, State DRE Coordinator

Nevada

(No report submitted)

New Hampshire DRE Year End Summary Report 2008

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	85
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	20
Number of agencies that have DREs:	31

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	46
Number of training evaluations:	147
Total number of evaluations:	193

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

• \$	timulant:	55
• [Depressant:	22
• H	Iallucinogen:	3
• P	СЪ	0

- Narcotic Analgesic: 48
- Inhalant: 0
- Cannabis: 48

Poly Drug Use

• Total Number: 92

Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 13
- Medical Rule Out: 3
- No Opinion of Impairment:
 8
- Results Pending: 0
 Tox Found No Drugs: 4
- Refused: 11

Number of DRE Schools:	1	
Number of Students:	11	
• Number of DREs Certified:	10	
	0	
Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	0	
Number of Students:	0	
• Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	0	
Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	1	
Number of Students:	70	
DITEP Training	<u>^</u>	
Number of Classes:	0	
Number of School Nurses:	0	
• Number of SROs:	0	
• Other Students:	0	
Total Number of Students:	0	
Phlebotomy Training		
Number of Classes:	0	
• Number of Students:	0	
SFST Training		
Number of SFST Classes:	6	
• Number of Students:	200	
Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	0	
 Number of Students: 	0	
- manufer of Students.	•	

Other Training

A.R.I.D.E. 20 students

Narrative

New Hampshire's DRE Program is, as of July 2008, a division of the NH Liquor Commission, supported by grant funding through NH Highway Safety. Funding of the state DRE coordinator position allows us the ability to devote 100 percent to the program, its members and associated training. Great progression is anticipated in our statistics, membership, achievement and realization of our many goals.

Report Submitted by Bill Quigley, New Hampshire, State DRE Coordinator

New Jersey DRE Year End Summary Report 2008

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state: Number of DRE Instructors in your state: Number of agencies that have DREs:	218 37 126
Evaluations	
Number of enforcement evaluations :	312
Number of training evaluations:	336
Total number of evaluations:	648

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

•	Stimulant:	204
•]	Depressant:	113
•]	Hallucinogen:	4
•]	Dissociative Anesthetic:	12
•]	Narcotic Analgesic:	293
•]	Inhalant:	1
•	Cannabis:	125

The drug categories of stimulant and narcotic analgesic are high and not reflective of the state's motoring public. Certification training takes place in high density urban areas within the state. We have found these two drug categories, especially in conjunction (poly-drug use), to be the majority of our training evaluations.

Poly Drug Use

•	Total Number:	193
	Other	
•	Alcohol Rule Out:	0
•	Medical Rule Out:	0
•	No Opinion of Impairment:	27
•	Results Pending:	unk
•	Tox Found No Drugs:	8
•	Refused:	10

Number of DRE Schools:	0
Number of Students:	0
Number of DREs Certified:	0
Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	0
Number of Students:	0
• Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	0
Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	2
Number of Students:	67

DITEP Training

•	Number of Classes:	0
•	Number of School Nurses:	0
•	Number of SROs:	0
•	Other Students:	0
•	Total Number of Students:	0

Phlebotomy Training

•	Number of Classes:	0
•	Number of Students:	0

SFST Training

•	Number of SFST Classes:	30
•	Number of Students:	727
•	Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	1
•	Number of Students:	8

Other Training

Drug Abuse Recognition Training Probation Services - 135 students

Narrative

The state continues its close working relationship with the Forensic Science Bureau by having toxicologists from that unit audit the DRE training. These scientists assist in blocks of instruction dealing with tox sample procedures, and receive feedback from officers on law enforcement concerns relating to these procedures.

Report Submitted by Sgt. Kevin M. Flanagan, New Jersey State Police, State DRE Coordinator

New Mexico DRE Year End Summary Report 2008

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	107
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	13
Number of agencies that have DREs:	24

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	208
Number of training evaluations:	6
Total number of evaluations:	214

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

• Stimulant:	37
• Depressant:	80
Hallucinogen:	2
Dissociative Anesthetic:	0
Narcotic Analgesic:	53
• Inhalant:	NA
Cannabis:	56

Poly Drug Use

• Total Number: 54

Other

•	Alcohol Rule Out:	3
•	Medical Rule Out:	12
•	No Opinion of Impairment:	11
•	Results Pending:	23
•	Tox Found No Drugs:	12
	Defused	6

	•
• Number of DRE Schools:	2
• Number of Students:	41
• Number of DREs Certified:	28
	_
Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	0
• Number of Students:	0
• Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	2
	_
• Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	5
• Number of Students:	62
DITEP Training	
DITER ITaming	
Number of Classes:	2
Number of School Nurses:	51
 Number of SROs: 	$\frac{31}{2}$
 Other Students: 	1
	<u> </u>
• Total Number of Students:	
Phlebotomy Training	
Number of Classes:	NA
• Number of Students:	NA
SFST Training	
Number of SFST Classes:	NA
• Number of Students:	NA
Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	NA
• Number of Students:	NA

Other Training

Throughout 2008 both district attorneys and law enforcement were trained in four classes on what are DREs, when to use them, and how to prosecute these cases successfully. These prove to be invaluable for our rural areas where both officers and DAs are uneducated on the program. These are done in conjunction with, and with the help of, our traffic safety resource prosecutor, Donna Bevacqua-Young.

Interesting Cases

A city worker (mayor's clean detail) was killed by an individual driving on the freeway under the influence of Ambien. This had significant impact within the media concerning the DRE Program.

Narrative

Two successful classes were held in 2008 in spite of a late start to the grant. Of the 41 students scheduled to attend, 36 participated. Out of those 36 students, 28 became certified. We are still holding our certification phase in Arizona. The training evaluations are not included in the above figure.

Out of our 107 DREs in the state, most are actively involved in the program. The "resume builders" have been let go from the program. The biggest problem facing New Mexico is still getting all DREs to enter their reports in the DRE national tracking system. Therefore, there is a difference in evaluations presented and what is in the tracking system. The numbers represented are the best estimate we can give with the information I am given.

Report Submitted by Christine Frank, Albuquerque Police Department, State DRE Coordinator

New York State DRE Year End Summary Report 2008

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	142
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	20
Number of agencies that have DREs:	59

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	634
Number of training evaluations:	193
Total number of evaluations:	827

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

•	Stimulant:	193
•	Depressant:	189
•	Hallucinogen:	4
•	PCP:	10
•	Narcotic Analgesic:	188
•	Inhalant:	0
•	Cannabis:	286

Poly Drug Use

Total Number: 277 •

Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 1
- Medical Rule Out: 3 76
- No Opinion of Impairment:
- Results Pending: 65 15
- **Tox Found No Drugs:** •
- **Refused:** 41 •

•	Number of DRE Schools:	0
•	Number of Students:	0
•	Number of DREs Certified:	0
•	Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	0
•	Number of Students:	0
•	Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	0
•	Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	4
•	Number of Students:	81
•	Number of Students:	81

DITEP Training

Number of Classes:	7	
Number of School Nurses:	168	
• Number of SROs:	20	
• Other Students:	10	
Total Number of Students:	205	
Phlebotomy Training		
• Number of Classes:	0	
• Number of Students:	0	
SFST Training		
• Number of SFST Classes:	N/A	
• Number of Students:	N/A	
Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	N/A	
• Number of Students:	N/A	

Other Training

Pharmaceutical Diversion, Cops in Court, DWI Mock trail

Report Submitted by Richard J. Devlin, Governor's Traffic Safety Committee, State DRE Coordinator

North Carolina DRE Year End Summary Report 2008

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	114
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	25
Number of agencies that have DREs:	60

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	306
Number of training evaluations:	465
Total number of evaluations:	771

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

•	Stimulant:	74
•	Depressant:	350
•	Hallucinogen:	20
•	PCP:	13
•	Narcotic Analgesic:	170
•	Inhalant:	2
•	Cannabis:	204

Poly Drug Use

• Total Number: 291

Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 6
- Medical Rule Out: 19
- No Opinion of Impairment:
- Results Pending: 253
- Tox Found No Drugs: 16
- Refused: 14

Number of DRE Schools:	2	
• Number of Students:	28	
Number of DREs Certified:	27	
Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	0	
• Number of Students:	0	
• Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	0	
• Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	1	
Number of Students:	79	
DITEP Training		
Number of Classes:	0	
Number of School Nurses:	0	
• Number of SROs:	0	
• Other Students:	0	
• Total Number of Students:	0	
Phlebotomy Training		
Theorem, Training		
Number of Classes:	0	
• Number of Students:	0	
SFST Training		
<u> </u>		
Number of SFST Classes:	57	
• Number of Students:	548	
Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	2	
• Number of Students:	21	
-	·	

Other Training

A Prosecuting the Drugged Driver training course was conducted in conjunction with the North Carolina Conference of District Attorneys, July 28-August 1, 2008, at the Wilmington Hilton, Wilmington, North Carolina. A total of 26 DREs, 16 prosecutors, and 12 DREs from South Carolina and Alabama attended the training.

Report Submitted by Eddie M. Buffaloe, Assistant Director, Forensic Tests for Alcohol, State DRE Coordinator

North Dakota DRE Year End Summary Report 2008

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	20
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	4
Number of agencies that have DREs:	6

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	29
Number of training evaluations:	5
Total number of evaluations:	34

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

•	Stimulant:	4
•	Depressant:	11
•	Hallucinogen:	1
•	PCP:	0
•	Narcotic Analgesic:	6
•	Inhalant:	0
•	Cannabis:	15
	Poly Drug Use	
	Total Number	10

Total Number: 12 •

Other

- 3 **Alcohol Rule Out:** ٠
- 1 **Medical Rule Out:** • 0
- No Opinion of Impairment: •
- **Results Pending:** •
- **Tox Found No Drugs:** •
- 3 **Refused:** •

0

Number of DRE Schools:	0
• Number of Students:	0
Number of DREs Certified:	0
	_
• Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	0
• Number of Students:	0
• Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	0
• Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	0
Number of Students:	0
DITEP Training	
• Number of Classes:	0
Number of School Nurses:	0
• Number of SROs:	0
• Other Students:	0
• Total Number of Students:	0
Phlebotomy Training	
Number of Classes:	0
Number of Students:	0
SFST Training	
Number of SFST Classes:	3
• Number of Students:	75
Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	0
 Number of Students: 	0

Narrative

North Dakota has seen a steady increase in the number of officers who are DREs and the number of officers interested in becoming DREs. With four instructors, North Dakota's goal for 2009 is to hold a DRE school in late summer or early fall.

Report Submitted by Robert J. Arman, North Dakota Highway Patrol, State DRE Coordinator

Oklahoma DRE Year End Summary Report 2008

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	181
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	61
Number of agencies that have DREs:	49

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	214
Number of training evaluations:	69
Total number of evaluations:	283

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

-	Stimulant:	53
•	Depressant:	137
•	Hallucinogen:	1
•	PCP:	5
•	Narcotic Analgesic:	91
•	Inhalant:	3
•	Cannabis:	103

• Total Number: 112

Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 5
- Medical Rule Out:
 4
- No Opinion of Impairment:
- Results Pending: 26
- Tox Found No Drugs:
- Refused: 34

12

• Number of DRE Schools:	1
Number of Students:	25
Number of DREs Certified:	22
• Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	1
Number of Students:	1
• Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	13
• Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	2
Number of Students:	0
DITEP Training	
Dilli Huming	
Number of Classes:	2
Number of School Nurses:	36
• Number of SROs:	38
Other Students:	47
Total Number of Students:	53
Phlebotomy Training	
Number of Classes:	0
• Number of Students:	0
SFST Training	
Number of SFST Classes:	15
• Number of Students:	180
Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	3
• Number of Students:	18

Other Training

With the assistance of the Oklahoma Highway Safety Office, grant funds were used to send DRE instructors to the IACP's annual impaired driving conference in Indianapolis. The information they obtained assisted with in-service training of local DRE officers.

Interesting Cases

Local DRE officers are still reporting that they are seeing an increase in the number of prescription drug abuse cases among younger drivers. This appears to be consistent with similar reports from other states. Recently a local sheriff's office sponsored a "Drug Drop-Off Day", in which three sites were advertised and staffed so that citizens could bring by unused prescription medications and drop them off for proper disposal.

Narrative

Oklahoma continues to get positive support from our highway safety office. One DRE class was conducted this year and plans are being made for another class next year. We are continuing our efforts to expand into the rural areas of the state. Many departments have less than 20 officers and, when a DRE is needed, the closest DRE may be an hour away. We have begun to get a more active response from the county sheriff offices so that they can assist us in providing DRE coverage on a county-wide basis.

Report Submitted by Major Jim Maisano, Norman Police Department, State DRE Coordinator

Oregon DRE Year End Summary Report 2008

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	190
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	37
Number of agencies that have DREs:	72

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	1175
Number of training evaluations:	150
Total number of evaluations:	1325

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

• Sti	imulant:	292
• De	pressant:	463
• Ha	allucinogen:	14
• PC	CP:	0
• Na	rcotic Analgesic:	376
• In	halant:	0
• Ca	nnabis:	553

Poly Drug Use

• Total Number: 540

Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 44
- Medical Rule Out: 35
- No Opinion of Impairment:
- Results Pending: 10
- Tox Found No Drugs: 124
- Refused: 36

Number of DRE Schools:	1
Number of Students:	24
Number of DREs Certified:	23
Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	0
• Number of Students:	0
• Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	0
• Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	0
• Number of Students:	0
DITEP Training	
Number of Classes:	7
Number of School Nurses:	0
• Number of SROs:	15
• Other Students:	80
Total Number of Students:	95
Phlebotomy Training	
Number of Classes:	0
Number of Students:	0
SFST Training	
Number of SFST Classes:	10
• Number of Students:	180
Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	0
	0
• Number of Students:	<u> </u>

Report Submitted by Senior Trooper Michael Iwai, Oregon State Police, State DRE Coordinator

Pennsylvania DRE Year End Summary Report 2008

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	50
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	11
Number of agencies that have DREs:	8

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	693
Number of training evaluations:	90
Total number of evaluations:	783

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

•	Stimulant:	94
•	Depressant:	258
•	Hallucinogen:	4
•	PCP:	12
•	Narcotic Analgesic:	257
•	Inhalant:	3
•	Cannabis:	278

Poly Drug Use

• Total Number: 278

Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 24
- Medical Rule Out: 15
- No Opinion of Impairment:
- Results Pending: 161
- Tox Found No Drugs: 30
- Refused: 21

 Number of DRE Schools: Number of Students: Number of DREs Certified: Number of DRE Instructor Schools: Number of Students: Number of DRE Instructors Certified: 	1 15 15 0 0 0		
 Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: Number of Students: 	$\frac{1}{35}$		
DITEP Training			
Number of Classes:	2		
Number of School Nurses:	90		
• Number of SROs:	4		
• Other Students:	210		
• Total Number of Students:	304		
Phlebotomy Training			
Number of Classes:	0		
• Number of Students:	0		
SFST Training			
Number of SFST Classes:	6		
• Number of Students:	350		
Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	2		
• Number of Students:	45		

Other Training

Four Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement (A.R.I.D.E.) training classes were conducted throughout the year in Pennsylvania. This training class has drawn awareness to the DRE program. Eight of the 15 DRE students had previously attended the A.R.I.D.E. training.

Interesting Cases

A significant DRE trial began in April. *Commonwealth v. Tiche* pretrial motions began. The Commonwealth provided expert witnesses: Dr. Jack Richman from Massachusetts, Dr. Zenon Zuk from California, Dr. Michelle Spirk from Arizona, and retired LAPD Sergeant Tom Page. After the prosecution witnesses testified, the defense requested and received a continuance. The trial has not resumed since.

Narrative

Since the program inception, statewide DUI drug arrests have increased 64 percent. DUI drug arrests by state police troopers have increased 136 percent. A statistical relation exists between the amount of officers trained and certified as DREs and the substantial increase in drug influence evaluations, as well as the amount of drug impaired drivers being identified, removed from the highways, and prosecuted for DUI.

Report Submitted by Corporal David Andrascik, Pennsylvania State Police, State DRE Coordinator

Rhode Island

(No report submitted)

South Carolina DRE Year End Summary Report 2008

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	33
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	4
Number of agencies that have DREs:	23

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	344
Number of training evaluations:	208
Total number of evaluations:	552

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

•	Stimulant:	274
•	Depressant:	85
•	Hallucinogen:	2
•	PCP:	2
•	Narcotic Analgesic:	123
•	Inhalant:	1
•	Cannabis:	253

Poly Drug Use

Total Number: 133 •

Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: -
- Medical Rule Out: -
- No Opinion of Impairment: -
- Results Pending: -
- Tox Found No Drugs: 14 -
- **Refused:** •

DRE Training

•	Number of DRE Schools:	1
•	Number of Students:	14

• Number of DREs Certified:	14		
Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	1		
• Number of Students:	4		
• Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	4		
• Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	0		
 Number of Students: 	0		
DITEP Training			
Number of Classes:	0		
Number of School Nurses:	0		
• Number of SROs:	0		
Other Students:	0		
Total Number of Students:	0		
Phlebotomy Training			
Number of Classes:	0		
Number of Students:	0		
SFST Training			
Number of SFST Classes:	5		
• Number of Students:	94		
Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	3		
 Number of Students: 	52		

Other Training

"Prosecuting the Impaired Driver" by our state's Traffic Safety Resource Prosecutor's Office: Four classes trained a total of 273 officers.

Narrative

As our DRE program continues to grow, we see more cases made for impairment other than alcohol. We are seeing a gradual change in the alcohol-only mindset of law enforcement. We intend to conduct more DRE and DRE instructor classes every year.

Report Submitted by Dennis K. Ray, South Caroline Office of Highway Safety, State DRE Coordinator

South Dakota DRE Year End Summary Report 2008

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	13
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	1
Number of agencies that have DREs:	6

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	67
Number of training evaluations:	0
Total number of evaluations:	67

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

•	Stimulant:	10
•	Depressant:	17
•	Hallucinogen:	2
•	PCP:	2
•	Narcotic Analgesic:	12
•	Inhalant:	4

35 **Cannabis:** •

Poly Drug Use

Total Number: 21 •

Other

1
1
4
0
17
1

•	Number of DRE Schools:	0
•	Number of Students:	0
•	Number of DREs Certified:	0
•	Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	0
•	Number of Students:	0
•	Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	0
•	Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	1
•	Number of Students:	24

DITEP Training

Number of Classes:	0		
Number of School Nurses:	0		
• Number of SROs:	0		
• Other Students:	0		
• Total Number of Students:	0		
Phlebotomy Training			
• Number of Classes:	0		
• Number of Students:	0		
SFST Training			
• Number of SFST Classes:	2		
• Number of Students:	60		
• Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	0		
• Number of Students:	0		

Other Training

An ARIDE School for 14 state troopers received favorable comments. We are in the early planning stages for a DRE school in November 2009.

Report Submitted by Sergeant Ryan Mechaley, South Dakota Highway Patrol, State DRE Coordinator

Tennessee **DRE Year End Summary Report 2008**

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	71
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	5
Number of agencies that have DREs:	29

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	89
Number of training evaluations:	61
Total number of evaluations:	151

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

•	Stimulant:	17
•	Depressant:	4
•	Hallucinogen:	1
•	PCP:	0
•	Narcotic Analgesic:	7
•	Inhalant:	0
•	Cannabis:	12

Poly Drug Use

Total Number: 32 •

Other

- 5 **Alcohol Rule Out:** •
- 1 **Medical Rule Out:** • 3
- No Opinion of Impairment: •
- **Results Pending:** -• **Tox Found No Drugs:** 6 •
- **Refused:** •

13

• Number of DRE Schools:	1
• Number of Students:	16
Number of DREs Certified:	16
Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	0
• Number of Students:	16
• Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	5
• Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	4
Number of Students:	22
DITEP Training	
Number of Classes:	0
Number of School Nurses:	0
• Number of SROs:	0
• Other Students:	0
Total Number of Students:	0
Phlebotomy Training	
Number of Classes:	0
• Number of Students:	0
SFST Training	
Number of SFST Classes:	0
• Number of Students:	0
Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	0
• Number of Students:	0

Report Submitted by Richard M. Holt, Governor's Highway Safety Office, State DRE Coordinator

Texas DRE Year End Summary Report 2008

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	310
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	49
Number of agencies that have DREs:	82

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	795
Number of training evaluations:	385
Total number of evaluations:	1180

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

•	Stimulant:	617
•	Depressant:	656
•	Hallucinogen:	4
•	PCP:	79
•	Narcotic Analgesic:	472
•	Inhalant:	4

• Cannabis: 675

Poly Drug Use

• Total Number: 578

Other

•	Alcohol Rule Out:	6
•	Medical Rule Out:	33
•	No Opinion of Impairment:	91
•	Results Pending:	175

Tox Found No Drugs: 22
Refused: 162

Number of DRE Schools:	3
Number of Students:	62
• Number of DREs Certified:	52
• Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	0
• Number of Students:	0
• Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	2*
• Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	10
• Number of Students:	131

* These two instructors actually attended the classroom portion of the training during 2007 but were unable to complete the course during that year.

DITEP Training

Number of Classes:	6
Number of School Nurses:	60
• Number of SROs:	22
• Other Students:	212
• Total Number of Students:	294
Phlebotomy Training	
• Number of Classes:	N/A
• Number of Students:	N/A
SFST Training	
• Number of SFST Classes:	N/A
• Number of Students:	N/A
• Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	N/A
• Number of Students:	N/A

Other Training

Seven ARIDE courses, attended by 165

Three DRE Basic Courses: Waco (central Texas), Grand Prairie (Dallas area), and Humble (Houston area)

10 DRE recertifications courses attended by 131 officers

One DRE Course Manager's Course attended by 16 DRE instructors

One DITEP Instructor Course attended by 19 DRE instructors. Texas has received funding to provide the first day of the training (8 hours).

Two 8-hour Instructor Update sessions, attended by 39 instructors. In Texas, DRE instructors must attend an instructor update (if offered) in order to train in the classroom or assist with field certifications.

Annual Texas Save a Life Summit: A DRE instructor and the state coordinator presented an overview of ARIDE. The overview was well received and two agencies that attended committed to hosting an ARIDE training.

It should be noted that SFST is not administered by the Texas Drug Evaluation and Classification (DEC) Program.

Narrative

Hurricanes Gustav and Ike affected several training initiatives. Recertification and ARIDE courses were rescheduled and the final knowledge exam for the Humble DRE course was delayed.

The Texas DEC Program continues to assist the Texas and District Attorney's Association (TDCAA) in marketing their training initiatives.

Dallas Police Department DREs were involved in a Rave.

A Sam Houston State University forensic graduate student (DRE staff) worked with DREs to revise and enter their data into the DRE national tracking database. Texas has made great strides in this area. Texas DREs must be current with the DRE national tracking database or they are not recertified.

Report Submitted by Cecelia P. Marquart, Texas Department of Transportation, State DRE Coordinator

Utah DRE Year End Summary Report 2008

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	149
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	35
Number of agencies that have DREs:	64

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	252
Number of training evaluations:	35
Total number of evaluations:	287

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

•	Stimulant:	63
•	Depressant:	134
•	Hallucinogen:	4
•	PCP:	0
•	Narcotic Analgesic:	96
•	Inhalant:	1
•	Cannabis:	75

Poly Drug Use

• Total Number: 98

Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 0
- Medical Rule Out:
 11
- No Opinion of Impairment:
- Results Pending: 49
- Tox Found No Drugs:
- Refused: 6

3

20

• Number of DRE Schools:	1		
Number of Students:	26		
Number of DREs Certified:	23		
Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	0		
• Number of Students:	0		
• Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	0		
• Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	0		
Number of Students:	0		
DITEP Training			
2			
Number of Classes:	0		
Number of School Nurses:	0		
Number of SROs:	0		
• Other Students:	0		
Total Number of Students:	0		
Phlebotomy Training			
Number of Classes:	3		
• Number of Students:	30		
SFST Training			
Number of SFST Classes:	5		
• Number of Students:	320		
Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	0		
• Number of Students:	0		

Narrative

Utah Highway Patrol and the Utah Police Academy combined in April of 2008. Lt. Steven Winward was given the assignment to oversee the Alcohol and DRE program with the State of Utah.

We completed a DRE conference and DRE school scheduled for June of 2008. We also held three separate phlebotomy schools.

Report Submitted by Sgt. Harley Watkins, Utah Highway Patrol, State DRE Coordinator

Vermont **DRE Year End Summary Report 2008**

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	13
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	0
Number of agencies that have DREs:	5

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	60
Number of training evaluations:	24
Total number of evaluations:	84

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

•	Stimulant:	4
•	Depressant:	23
•	Hallucinogen:	0
•	PCP:	0
•	Narcotic Analgesic:	11
•	Inhalant:	0
	~	10

Cannabis: 10 •

Poly Drug Use

Total Number: 12 •

Other

- 0 **Alcohol Rule Out:** •
- 0 **Medical Rule Out:** ٠ 6
- No Opinion of Impairment: •
- **Results Pending:** 0 •
- **Tox Found No Drugs:** 1 •
- 14 **Refused:** •

Number of DRE Schools:	0
Number of Students:	0
Number of DREs Certified:	4 *
Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	0
Number of Students:	0
• Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	0
Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	1
• Number of Students:	3
* Four DREs were trained out of state.	
DITEP Training	
Number of Classes:	9
Number of School Nurses:	23
• Number of SROs:	8
Other Students:	261
Total Number of Students:	301
Phlebotomy Training	
	0

•	Number of Classes:	0
•	Number of Students:	0

SFST Training

	Number of SFST Classes: Number of Students:	0 0
	Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	0
٠	Number of Students:	0

Narrative

The DEC Program in Vermont continues to grow within the geographical pattern, framework, and timeline originally designed at the time of the program's inception. Vermont's rural environment influences the deployment of resources and affects the recruitment and selection of potential DRE candidates. The current number of certified DREs has risen to 15 during the current budget year. Two DRE candidates will be attending a New Hampshire DRE school during the month of May 2009. In addition we project training two more DREs during the fall of 2009. One of our current DREs will be completing DRE instructor training in May 2009.

The DRE program, in partnership with the Vermont Criminal Justice Training Council, will be sponsoring an ARIDE (Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement) class in the fall of 2009. ARIDE trained officers will provide us with a larger arsenal of informed enforcement partners.

School districts throughout the state have embraced DITEP (Drug Impairment Training for Education Professionals) and the demand for continued sessions is constant.

Report Submitted by Ted Minall, NHTSA Law Enforcement Liaison, State DRE Coordinator

Virginia **DRE Year End Summary Report 2008**

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	1
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	0
Number of agencies that have DREs:	1

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	0
Number of training evaluations:	4
Total number of evaluations:	4

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

•	Stimulant:	0
•	Depressant:	0
•	Hallucinogen:	0
•	PCP:	0
•	Narcotic Analgesic:	0
•	Inhalant:	0

Cannabis: 0 •

Poly Drug Use

Total Number: 0 •

Other

- **Alcohol Rule Out:** 0 •
- Medical Rule Out: 0
- No Opinion of Impairment: 0
- Results Pending: 0
- **Tox Found No Drugs:** 0 • 0
- **Refused:** •

 Number of DRE Schools: Number of Students: 	<u> </u>
• Number of DREs Certified:	0
• Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	0
• Number of Students:	0
• Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	0
• Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	1
• Number of Students:	1
DITEP Training	

•	Number of Classes:	0
•	Number of School Nurses:	0
•	Number of SROs:	0
•	Other Students:	0
•	Total Number of Students:	0

Phlebotomy Training

•	Number of Classes:	0
•	Number of Students:	0

SFST Training

•	Number of SFST Classes:	4
•	Number of Students:	120
•	Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	0
•	Number of Students:	0

Report Submitted by Sergeant James R. White, Virginia State Police, State DRE Coordinator

Washington State DRE Year End Summary Report 2008

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	211
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	66
Number of agencies that have DREs:	73

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	1,415
Number of training evaluations:	209
Total number of evaluations:	1,624

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

•	Stimulant:	442
•	Depressant:	534
•	Hallucinogen:	3
•	PCP:	23
•	Narcotic Analgesic:	503
•	Inhalant:	9
•	Cannabis:	522

Poly Drug Use

Total Number: 763 •

Other

- **Alcohol Rule Out:** 9 •
- Medical Rule Out: 35 N/A
- No Opinion of Impairment:
- Results Pending: 0
- **Tox Found No Drugs:** 31 •
- **Refused:** 124 •

Number of DRE Schools:	1
Number of Students:	24
Number of DREs Certified:	24
Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	1
Number of Students:	8
• Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	8
Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	1
Number of Students:	225
DITEP Training	
Number of Classes:	10
Number of School Nurses:	N/A
Number of SROs:	N/A
Other Students:	N/A
Total Number of Students:	312
Phlebotomy Training	
Number of Classes:	N/A
• Number of Students:	N/A
SFST Training	
Number of SFST Classes:	49
Number of Students:	1,010**
	1
Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	1

** Please note that SFST Training included the three-day classes and refresher classes.

Other Training

Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement classes – 2 attended by 28 students Driving Under the Influence of Drugs classes – 27, attended by 693 students Drinking labs for prosecutors and other professionals - 9 Drug Impairment presentations – 77 total, given to 2,686 students

Report Submitted by Sergeant Courtney Stewart, Washington State Patrol, State DRE Coordinator

Wisconsin **DRE Year End Summary Report 2008**

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	148
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	15
Number of agencies that have DREs:	65

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	378
Number of training evaluations:	37
Total number of evaluations:	387

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

•	Stimulant:	72
•	Depressant:	257
•	Hallucinogen:	4
•	PCP:	6
•	Narcotic Analgesic:	137
•	Inhalant:	4

143 **Cannabis:** •

Poly Drug Use

Total Number: 115 •

Other

- 3 **Alcohol Rule Out:** •
- 6 **Medical Rule Out:** ٠
- 32 No Opinion of Impairment: ٠
- **Results Pending:** 0 • 19
- **Tox Found No Drugs:** •
- 9 **Refused:** •

Number of DRE Schools:	0
• Number of Students:	0
• Number of DREs Certified:	0
• Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	0
• Number of Students:	0
• Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	0
• Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	2
• Number of Students:	47
DITEP Training	
Number of Classes:	20
Number of School Nurses:	35
• Number of SROs:	20

- Number of SROs:Other Students:
- Total Number of Students:

Phlebotomy Training

•	Number of Classes:	0
•	Number of Students:	0

SFST Training

•	Number of SFST Classes:	93
•	Number of Students:	1500
•	Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	0
•	Number of Students:	0

Other Training

Drugs That Impair Driving: 50 classes were conducted and attended by 1,275 participants.

The University of Wisconsin Law School - Resource Center on Impaired Driving Conference

280

335

Eight Legal Updates

The Governor's Conference on Highway Safety.

Narrative

2008 was a challenging year for the Wisconsin Drug Evaluation and Classification Program. Wisconsin continues to experience a slight decline in DRE evaluations due to the passage of ACT 97 (the Restricted Controlled Substance Act). ACT 97 made it illegal to operate or drive a motor vehicle with any detectable amount from a small list of restricted controlled substances. This led to enforcement officers handling incidents in which a person was suspected of driving while drug impaired and was arrested, and a toxicological sample (blood) was obtained. The assumption is that the person would be prosecuted under the new law. On many occasions, drugs not listed under ACT 97 were detected but lacked the supporting documentation from the DRE. DREs need to be utilized to corroborate drug-impaired driving.

Report Submitted by Sergeant Nathan Thompson, Wisconsin Department of Transportation, State DRE Coordinator

Wyoming **DRE Year End Summary Report 2008**

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	38
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	0
Number of agencies that have DREs:	17

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	141
Number of training evaluations:	147
Total number of evaluations:	288

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

•	Stimulant:	179
•	Depressant:	38
•	Hallucinogen:	0
•	PCP:	2
•	Narcotic Analgesic:	89
•	Inhalant:	0
•	Cannabis:	160

Poly Drug Use

Total Number: 120 •

Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 1
- Medical Rule Out: 1 6
- No Opinion of Impairment:
- Results Pending: 0 **Tox Found No Drugs:** 8
- 14
- **Refused:** •

 Number of DRE Schools: Number of Students: Number of DREs Certified: Number of DRE Instructor Schools: Number of Students: Number of DRE Instructors Certified: Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: Number of Students: DITEP Training Number of Classes: Number of School Nurses: Number of SROs: Other Students: 	$ \begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 19 \\ 19 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{array} $
 Number of DREs Certified: Number of DRE Instructor Schools: Number of Students: Number of DRE Instructors Certified: Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: Number of Students: DITEP Training Number of Classes: Number of School Nurses: Number of SROs: Other Students: 	19 0 0 0 0 0
 Number of DRE Instructor Schools: Number of Students: Number of DRE Instructors Certified: Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: Number of Students: DITEP Training Number of Classes: Number of School Nurses: Number of SROs: Other Students: 	0 0 0 0 0
 Number of Students: Number of DRE Instructors Certified: Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: Number of Students: DITEP Training Number of Classes: Number of School Nurses: Number of SROs: Other Students: 	0 0 0 0 4 2
 Number of Students: Number of DRE Instructors Certified: Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: Number of Students: DITEP Training Number of Classes: Number of School Nurses: Number of SROs: Other Students: 	0 0 0 0 4 2
 Number of DRE Instructors Certified: Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: Number of Students: DITEP Training Number of Classes: Number of School Nurses: Number of SROs: Other Students: 	0 0 0 4 2
 Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes: Number of Students: DITEP Training Number of Classes: Number of School Nurses: Number of SROs: Other Students: 	0 0 4 2
 Number of Students: DITEP Training Number of Classes: Number of School Nurses: Number of SROs: Other Students: 	0 4 2
 Number of Students: DITEP Training Number of Classes: Number of School Nurses: Number of SROs: Other Students: 	0 4 2
DITEP Training Number of Classes: Number of School Nurses: Number of SROs: Other Students: 	4 2
 Number of Classes: Number of School Nurses: Number of SROs: Other Students: 	2
 Number of School Nurses: Number of SROs: Other Students: 	2
Number of SROs:Other Students:	
Other Students:	2
• Total Number of Students:	88
	92
Phlebotomy Training	
Number of Classes:	0
Number of Students:	0
SFST Training	
Number of SFST Classes:	3
Number of Students:	72
Number of SFST Instructor Classes:	~
Number of Students:	0

Other Training

The state coordinator and the top two DREs attended the IACP's annual impaired driving conference in Indianapolis in August 2008.

Narrative

On May 12-22 the second Drug Recognition Expert Preliminary and Basic schools were completed in Laramie. Nineteen students from 12 agencies completed the training. The instructors were again provided through direct funding from IACP through a NHTSA grant. The instructors were from Arizona, California, South Dakota, and Oregon. Unfortunately, this will be the last year the funding will be provided, so we will need to fund our own instructors for future classes.

Upon the completion of the training, a graduation ceremony was held. All the administrators and contributors to the program were invited but many were unable to attend. A major thunderstorm preceded the graduation and disrupted the schedule. Additionally, a tornado came through Laramie at the same time, but no effects from the tornado were felt at the police department.

The 19 students were divided into three separate groups for the field certifications in Phoenix, Arizona. The actual evaluations were conducted at the Maricopa County Jail in downtown Phoenix with the assistance of representatives from the Arizona Governor's Office of Highway Safety as well as DRE instructors from around the Phoenix area.

All 19 students completed the necessary evaluations for certification. Since then, the newest Wyoming DREs have already completed more than 50 field evaluations on a variety of charges. Forty-two of the evaluations were performed on subjects who had been arrested for driving under the influence. We now have a total of 39 DREs around the state. We had 40, but our Thermopolis Police Department DRE moved to Oklahoma.

With some of the leftover funding for this grant, we purchased a Hawkeye Vision Training System. This system is compatible with a computer so that HGN evidence can be broadcast on a projection screen or recorded for future training. This is timely considering the focus that HGN evidence is receiving in the courtrooms around Wyoming. In all, the second year of Wyoming's Drug Evaluation and Classification Program was a resounding success, and I expect that to continue in the third year of the program.

Report Submitted by Lt. Jonlee Anderle, Laramie Police Department, State DRE Coordinator

Canada DRE Year End Summary Report 2008

Current DREs

Number of evaluators (DREs) in your state:	410
Number of DRE Instructors in your state:	68
Number of agencies that have DREs:	63

Evaluations

Number of enforcement evaluations :	283
Number of training evaluations:	917
Total number of evaluations:	1200

Drug Category (DRE Opinion)

Stimulant:	95
Depressant:	2
Hallucinogen:	10
PCP:	255
Narcotic Analgesic:	222
Inhalant:	3
Cannabis:	109

Poly Drug Use

• Total Number: 221

Other

- Alcohol Rule Out: 1
 Medical Rule Out: 12
- No Opinion of Impairment: 25
- Results Pending: 2
- Tox Found No Drugs: 12
- Refused: 43

Number of DRE Schools:	8	
Number of Students:	196	
• Number of DREs Certified:	184	
• Number of DRE Instructor Schools:	3	
Number of Students:	30	
• Number of DRE Instructors Certified:	30	
• Number of 8 Hour Recertification Classes:	4	
Number of Students:	210	
DITEP Training		

 Number of Classes: Number of School Nurses: Number of SROs: Other Students: Total Number of Students: 	0 0 0 0 0		
Phlebotomy Training			
Number of Classes:Number of Students:	<u> </u>		
SFST Training			
Number of SFST Classes:Number of Students:	15 360		
Number of SFST Instructor Classes:Number of Students:	<u>4</u> 46		

Other Training

Twelve students from Canada attended the Medical Foundations of Visual Testing course hosted by the Arizona Governor's Office of Highway Safety in Mesa Arizona. This course was delivered by Dr. Karl Citek.

Interesting Cases

The Midland Police Service (Ontario) uniform patrol arrested a male party for public intoxication by alcohol. Prior to being booked into detention, the subject was viewed by a drug recognition expert and was determined to be suffering from a drug overdose of narcotic analgesics. The subject was taken to hospital and treated. The hospital staff advised that the subject would have died if not for prompt treatment.

Narrative

On July 2, 2008, long awaited amendments to the criminal code of Canada came into force. The amendments give police the power to compel a suspected impaired driver to submit to the Standardized Field Sobriety Tests battery with criminal penalties should he/she refuse to comply. The legislation also gives the police the power to compel a suspected drug impaired driver to submit to an evaluation by a DRE and, if impairment is found to be by drugs, provide a bodily fluid sample to confirm or refute the evaluator's findings. The bodily fluid sample can be blood, urine or oral fluid with the choice being that of the police officer. The law has criminal sanctions that are equal to those of impaired driving should the subject refuse or fail to comply with either demand.

The Drug Evaluation and Classification (DEC) Program in Canada has contracted the Canadian Centre on Substance Abuse to conduct an evaluation of the roll out of the DEC Program in Canada. As part of the evaluation, a number of studies have been conducted. These studies include the *BC Roadside Survey 2008, the Accuracy of Evaluations by Drug Recognition Experts in Canada, the Development of an Evaluation Framework for the Drug Recognition Expert Program, Drug Use by Fatally Injured Drivers in Canada, and the Evaluation of the Drug Evaluation and Classification Program: A Critical Review of the Evidence.*

In addition, ongoing studies are addressing oral fluid testing, drug indicators (detailed analysis of signs and symptoms), a needs assessment to determine the ideal ratio of DREs per 100,000 population.

Report Submitted by Sergeant E.D. (Evan) Graham, Royal Canadian Mounted Police National Coordinator, Drug Evaluation and Classification Program

IACP DECP State Coordinators

(As of September 8, 2009)

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(Updated May 1, 2009)

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The Drug Recognition Expert Section of the International Association of Chiefs of Police



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