## MULTIMODAL

## Bicycles, Airports, and Transit

The regional transportation system is made up of more than just highways - it also supports movement by bicycle, air, and ransit

Bicycles are accommodated on the shoulders of highways. A four foot paved shoulder is considered to be the minimum width required to provide adequate room for bicyclists.
A paved shoulder four feet or reater provides added safety for vehicles and bicycles.
Airports contribute to the mobility of the area. The irports in Durango and Cortez ave conmercial servce. The general Dove Creek provide private aircraft access for recreational and business activities.

residents. Intercity bus and resort service is lso provided in the region

Please see the Transit Insert for more detailed information on transit services.

## INFRASTRUCTURE

## Bridge Condition and Pavement Service Life

Consistent investment is needed to maintain critical infrastructure.
Bridges are generally in good or fair condition. $52 \%$ of the region's 79 bridges are in good condition and 44\% of the bridges are in fair condition. Both conditions meet safety and geometry standards. Statewide $96 \%$ of the 3,447 bridges are in good or fair condition, which is the same as the $96 \%$ in good and fair bridge condition for the region. 4\% are in poor condition. It should be noted hat a poor bridge is not unsafe; unsafe bridges are closed. A bridge rated poor could, however, be restricted to certain vehicle types or weight restrictions.

SOUTHWEST TRANSPORTATION PLANNING REGION Counties of Archuleta, Dolores, La Plata, Montezuma, San Juan

July 10, 2013
The Southwest Transportation Plannin Region encompasses over 6,500 square miles. over 6,500 square miles
The Southern Ute and the Ute Mountain Ute, the State's only Indian tribes, are located here. The area is known for its scenic beauty, diverse landscapes and cultural resources. With national monuments, national forests, wilderness areas and national historic areas there are numerous outdoor recreation and Agriculture also has an Agricure also has an


TPR by the Numbers
The Southwest TPR is home to:
91,700 population $-1.8 \%$ of the state
1,099 state highway lane miles $4.8 \%$ of the state
2.5 million miles traveled on the state highways daily in 2011 $2.9 \%$ of the state
3 general aviation airports
2 commercial airports
3 Scenic Byways
2 ski areas
21 local and human service transit providers
1 intercity bus provider
Source: CDOT

Population and Employment
Population growth is expected to be strong with the current population of 91,700 growing to about 171,500 . The annual rate of population growth between 2010 and 2040 is estimated to be $2.1 \%$, which exceeds the annual rate of growth for the state population of $1.5 \%$ for the same period.
The region's economy relies heavily on transportation. Three of the top five industries - Food and Agriculture, Energy and Natural Resources, and Tourism and well-connected transportation system.

Population


5,721

## Traffic Congestion

Vehicular travel is projected to have an annual rate of growth of $1.8 \%$ between 2011 and 2040, placing increasing strain on the system. This growth rate is the same as the projected annual rate of growth of $1.9 \%$ for the state during the same period. This growth will place increasing strain on the transportation system.

## Vehicle Miles of Travel (millions daily) <br> 

Roadway Level of Service (LOS) is a measure of congestion delay. It can be thought of as a grading scale where LOS A is excellent and mplies high levels of mobility and ease of maneuverability and LOS F is failure and indicates that the road is experiencing heavy traffic volumes, significant congestion, and stop-and-go traffic. LOS A - LOS D is considered acceptable. Travelers will experience Level of Service E/F increase from $16 \%$ in 2011 to $55 \%$ percent in 2040.

Today's heavily travelled roadways are expected to see increased congestion levels in the future. The junction of US 160 and US 550 is predicted to be the most congested area in the region in 2025. US 160 in the Pagosa Springs area, between Durango and Mancos and in the Cortez area are predicted to see some congestion. These future
congested roadways are indicated by red and orange hatching on the congested roadw
map to the right.

## Travel by Level of Service

| 16\% | 11\% | 17\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 37\% | 26\% | 38\% |
|  | 31\% |  |
|  |  |  |
| 23\% |  | 20\% |
|  | 18\% |  |
| 21\% |  | 16\% |
|  |  |  |
|  | 13\% | 8\% |
| 3\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| 2011 | 2025 | 2040 |



Highway Safety
Crash rates are an important indicator of highway safety. In the Southwest region, the average crash rate was 1.57 per million vehicle miles for 2010-2011, which is lower than the overall state average rate of 1.70 for the same period.


## Commodity Production

ommodity exports are expected to have an annual growth rate of $1.2 \%$ between 2010 and 2040. To accommodate this growth, he region's transportation system must be able to efficiently facilitate eight movements. The top commodities in the region by value include grains, dairy farm products, candy and newspapers.

## Value of Commodity Exports



Truck Traffic
Truck traffic makes up 8\% of the traffic in the region. This lower than the statewide average of $9 \%$. The heaviest truck volumes are on US 160 between Durango and Mancos and south of Cortez. Since trucks are heavier and take up more room on the highway than automobiles, their effects on congestion and pavement and bridge conditions are compounded.

## Truck Miles of Travel (millions daily)



