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## PROCEEDINGS

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My name is and I live at 8230 West Eighth Avenue. This is two blocks from Sixth Avenue and it's a slightly higher elevation. concerned about the construction of the new sound wall as I think it might make the noise pollution at my house The current proposal calls for building two walls worse. out of concrete on either side of Sixth Avenue. do this, I will receive both direct sound and the reflected sound from the far wall at my house. What I am suggesting is that CDOT spend approximately 3 percent more money to build sound-absorbant sound walls so that it will actually reduce the sound at my house and other peoples' houses at this elevation. There would only be a 3 percent cost difference, and I think it is worth it for the long term benefit of these residents.

Gulch. Lakewood City was going to improve the gulch -stabilize the gulch, the banks of the gulch and this was
to be done between Carr and Wadsworth where all the
property owners are losing 2 to 3 feet of property every
year into the gulch. The gulch is going deeper, wider.
What impact is working on Sixth Avenue going to have on
this project? All other problems on the gulch or a lot
of the problems have been fixed over the past year. Now

it is time for this section to be fixed, according to Lakewood. The funding should come from the Colorado water people and Lakewood. This section is probably the last section of the gulch that is eroding.

They are going to increase the size of the culvert where it goes under Wadsworth and it goes into that new Two Creeks Park north of Tenth Avenue. Where the water goes through that park, it then goes back underground into another culvert for approximately 1 to 1 1/2 blocks along Tenth Avenue. Since they are increasing the culvert leading into Two Creeks Park, are they going to increase the size of the culvert that leads out? Because that is a real flood problem. Every time we have a moderate rain, the water goes over the top of that culvert along Tenth Avenue, especially where it crosses Teller.

Sixth Avenue at 7727 West Sixth Avenue. On the proposed site you have a noise wall that starts at the beginning of the building. It's going to block all of the signage; it's a commercial building. What I would like them to do is move that wall to the back of the building — at least behind the building. It's supposed to be 15 feet, and it's too tall. It will block all the signage — moving the beginning of the wall westward to the building or to

the back of the property. This would allow the signage to be unobstructed.

My concern is the noise during construction. I live on Fifth Avenue, so not far at all from where the construction will be taking place. And I imagine it will be a long construction period; one to two years, something like that. So I'm just curious if they have taken that into consideration at all. Do they have any plans to at least contain the hours or the noise levels, anything that would improve that whole situation during that time frame?

(The proceedings were concluded at 7:31 p.m., on Wednesday, July 22, 2009.)

## US 6/Wadsworth Environmental Assessment and Draft Section 4(f) Evaluation Public Hearing Lakewood City Council Chambers July 22, 2009

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Transcript provided by:

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| 1  | US 6/Wadsworth Environmental Assessment          |
|----|--------------------------------------------------|
| 2  | and Draft Section 4(f) Evaluation Public Hearing |
| 3  | Lakewood City Council Chambers                   |
| 4  | July 22, 2009                                    |
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## PROCEEDINGS

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MR. RANDALL FURST: Thanks, Colleen. Thank you all for coming. We appreciate you coming and taking time out of your busy schedules to be here. We're very excited to be here today. As Colleen mentioned, we're going to be presenting the proposed improvements to Wadsworth and to the interchange at US 6; the findings of the Environmental Assessment. And we would like to know your guys' thoughts, your folks' thoughts on the environmental assessment. Here it is; the finished product. As Colleen mentioned, it's available in several different ways around the -- around the city. CDOT has it, Lakewood has it, Belmar Library; several different locations.

As Colleen mentioned, I'm Randy Furst. I'm the resident engineer for Colorado Department of Transportation. And I've been -- had this project for a couple of years. Seyed Kalantar -- I don't know if he's in -- there he is; back at the back -- he is the project manager on CDOT's behalf. Tim Eversoll is going to be talking to us as well. He's the CH2M Hill consultant project manager. Mandy Whorton is also going to be presenting. She is the environmental manager for CDOT -- or for CH2M Hill.

The mission of the Colorado Department of

Transportation is to provide the best multi-modal transportation system for Colorado that most effectively moves people, goods, and information. That's why CDOT exists.

1.5

Here's what I'm going to talk about tonight.

The purpose of this presentation, as Colleen alluded to already, is to provide information for you folks about the proposed transportation improvements -- we have some pretty large graphics out in the hallway there -- and solicit comments on the proposal and on the study process.

As Colleen said, we're going to -- after this presentation -- we think this is going to be about a half an hour or so. And after that, we're going to take a small break. And then we're going to -- if folks have signed up to speak and make public comments, we'll allow you to do so at that time. I wanted to reiterate that if you have a verbal question or a comment or if you make a phone call to one of the team members, that's not considered to be an official comment.

What -- what the -- the methodologies that you'll use to comment officially on this -- on this process, you can fill out a comment card. There's many of them back available in the foyer there. You can drop them in the comment box. You can -- they're -- you can take them home, fill them out, and then mail them to the

address that's shown at CH2M Hill's address on the back of it -- back of the card. You can fit -- there's a way to comment on the -- on the EA and on the process -- on the project Web site, which is WWW.US6Wadsworth.com. You can comment verbally tonight at the end of this presentation. We mentioned there's going to be a break and then a comment period.

2.0

And a court reporter will take down your -your comments. And if you feel uncomfortable speaking in
front of such a large group, like I do, you can actually
ask for a little bit private -- more private of a setting.
There's a court reporter back in the -- kind of back that
way, down that smaller hallway. You could also write us a
letter. You could send that to either CDOT, at my office,
or at CH2M Hill's address that's on the back of the
comment form.

Additionally, we're going to talk about -- a little bit about the project background. Tim's going to speak about the National Environmental Policy Act -- we call it "NEPA" for short -- the process and schedule that this project and other NEPA projects follow. We're going to talk about CDOT's proposed action, which we've called the build alternative; large displays of it in the back there. Mandy's going to talk about environmental resources and the impacts and mitigation that result from

our build alternative and then whatever the next steps are.

Project background. Sponsoring agencies.

This project is sponsored by CDOT and Federal Highway

Administration -- FHWA for short; CDOT, Colorado

Department of Transportation. Please -- I'm going to

introduce some more members of the team, if -- if there's

folks here. Is Chris Horn here from Federal Highway

Administration? No? He's been involved heavily with the

project.

There are many other CDOT staff here tonight, including Jim Paulmeno; CDOT Region 6. Go ahead and stand up, Jim. David Singer, I think he's -- he's going to come later. Jim Benlin (phonetic), my boss, is back -- way back in the back; CDOT Region 6 central program engineer. And there's many other CDOT staff. I see Lisa back there; Lisa Stridesfeld (phonetic) from CDOT as well. I'm sure I'm leaving out many people.

RTD is a cooperating agency with CDOT on this project. We've coordinated with them where our project -- they're across us; the West Corridor Project -- totally separate project, but we have coordinated with them. City of Lakewood has been very cooperative and helpful. They're -- we consider them a partnering agency, as you see on the graphic here.

I know that there are many Lakewood officials here; Lakewood elected and appointed officials. I saw Major Murphy here shortly a little while ago. I don't know if he's in here or not, but -- and maybe there's some city council folks as well. We've also worked closely with Allen Albers and David Baskett from City of Lakewood. David is right there. And I know Allen -- yeah, Allen's in the back too. And all of these folks on this -- on this team deserve a lot of credit for this document. We're very proud of them; CDOT is very proud of them.

1.7

CH2M Hill is our consultant team -- is the leader of our consultant team for this study. I already introduced Tim and Mandy and Colleen. Kirby Roberts introduced herself. In addition, some other major contributors from CH2M Hill are out in the hallway. I see Nashad (phonetic) as well from CDOT there. Aaron Strawford (phonetic) -- if you folks have roadway questions, Aaron is the guy that's standing next to the alternative boards out there, the -- actually, the build alternative boards out there, answering questions. And Zeke Lynch is answering the traffic questions. And -- and there's a large consulting team, to CH2M Hill's disbelief.

Project purpose. Why are we doing this project? We need to improve the safety and the operational efficiency, meet current and future traffic

demands, and support multi-modal connections at the US 6 and Wadsworth interchange, and along Wadsworth between 4th and 14th Avenues. For those folks that either drive through, use, or live near the interchange, these are fairly obvious.

Everybody is aware that this is one of the highest accident locations in Lakewood; kind of the whole interchange areas. Wadsworth is kind of difficult to -- to navigate at times. There is uncontrolled access along Wadsworth. There's a lot of driveways. There's uncontrolled left and right turns going every which way. It's -- it's very confusing and a lot -- and that leads to a lot of dangerous situations and -- and some accidents and close calls and things like that. And it also leads to congestion.

Sidewalks -- if anybody's tried to walk along Wadsworth, you know that there's minimal sidewalks. In some places, they're missing. In some places, they're narrow, broken, not present -- not present in a lot of places along -- along Wadsworth. And finally, the traffic volumes that, actually, this area of Wadsworth and the interchange carry are way more -- way higher volumes than the interchange was ever designed to carry, and so it is over capacity, especially during rush hours.

So that's why we're -- why we're going to

build the -- or why we're going through this study process. Those are the needs that we -- we have to address with this study process. At this time, I'd like to introduce Tim Eversoll. And he's going to carry the next part of the presentation. Thank you.

MR. TIM EVERSOLL: Thanks, Randy. I'm going to walk us through, just real quick, a debrief just so everyone has kind of an understanding of the NEPA -- the National Environmental Policy Act -- as Randy pointed out; just some of the steps that are involved in this process to help explain a little bit on, you know, why some of these things are so -- so deliberate as far as your thinking about public comments and such.

NEPA-level environmental studies are required on all transportation projects that are -- involve federal funding. And the 6th and Wadsworth project is a -- is a project that will have federal funding; therefore, we went through the NEPA process. And this environmental document that Randy had raised up was developed within the guidelines of that. And the guidelines also kind of dictate the public comment period and review period that we are in currently now.

So some of the key elements on the NEPA process that are involved through our study of what we went through, scoping is the first one. That's really

kind of where we go through: What are we studying? We spent a lot of time up front meeting with agency and local public stakeholders; finding out what the issues really are. And we do some recognizance on the existing conditions.

Purpose and need. Randy had the slide that was just up here that really -- it's basically saying -- formalizing or framing the question: Why are we doing this project? So we have to kind of ask: Why are we going to go and do the project? What's the need before we can actually embark on coming up with some ideas or some designs that might address that need?

Alternatives analysis. That's a process that we go through and we develop and screen different alternatives that try to meet that purpose and need. And the goal is to develop a project that will -- you know, this is what we want to present that's going to best meet those needs.

Identify. Once we've identified a project, we want to identify what the impacts are. We see -- or this is the proposed -- we see the interchange layout that's out there on the boards. What are the impacts of that interchange? You see the expansion, the widening on Wadsworth. What are those impacts? So we spent a lot of time trying to dive in and come up with: What are the

impacts to surrounding resources? Resources might be -for instance, wetlands is a resource. Or right-of-way,
obviously, is a resource. What are those impacts?

The next element -- key element is determining the mitigation. We would -- now we see what the impacts are. We want to look at and see are -- the ways that we can minimize or even avoid and coming up with any adverse-type impacts. So it's kind of -- you can start to see this deliberate process of where we start to hone in and really try to find out what are the impacts so we can get to the next stage of documenting.

We have to put all the -- the findings of:
Here's our proposed build alternative, here are the
impacts, and here's how we propose to mitigate that. And
it all gets documented into this Environmental Assessment,
or EA as you might hear us calling, or -- no shortage of
any acronyms through this process. So that's a document
that we have finished and hand out for public review as
presented. We're within a 45-day process right now in
which everyone -- both public and agencies -- will be able
to look at it and provide comments to us.

What's next after this step is what we refer to as a decision document or making a decision. This will actually be a separate document than the one that we -- we have here today. And it really kind of goes through and

it tries to include: What is the recommendation? Will we have a project design and a construction project to go forward with or not? And it also -- within that decision document, any formal comments that are received during this 45-day period, they are responded to and summarized in that -- in that particular document.

So if you're wondering, Okay, if I make a comment, what happens to it, where does it show up, it will show up in what's -- we refer to as the decision document. And in the end, FHWA -- Federal Highway

Administration -- they use that document to basically give the final approval as we move forward.

So those are the primary steps. Our study has been going on for a little over two years. And here you see on the slide, this is a schedule that you're probably familiar with. And it has those key elements of the NEPA study involved on there. I want to point out, of course, we're at the -- we're getting toward the tail end. We're at the -- you are here with the EA review and then followed by the decision document.

Throughout this process, the 6th and Wadsworth team has done a pretty extensive reach -- outreach to the public in order to -- and stakeholders in order to gather information -- especially back in the scoping phase where we want to find out: What are the issues that are out

here? And then we also have -- maintain contact with the public to prevent -- or to present major decisions on some of the key milestones that we met throughout here. So -- and also, just basically keep an updated -- update with the public so that we can have current status reports so that you can be aware: Where are we at in this process? And we're pleased to be kind of towards the end of that schedule and close to the end on the study.

This public hearing, I believe, is our fifth formal public hearing that we've had through the two years. We've had numerous group presentations with neighborhood and business associations through that time. And we've also had corridor one-on-one discussions with many of the property owners -- again trying to find out early on and as we've come up with some design -- to kind of find out some of -- more details about what those impacts are.

I would state that the input that we receive from the public and the agency has greatly shaped the proposed build that you see that is being proposed out here today. And your input will continue to assist us as we get close and finalize on this decision document. So it has been a tremendous -- on your behalf, too -- kudos for the involvement. I see a lot of familiar faces here that have been at a lot of our public meetings before. So

we thank you very much for your input and your -- and your interest.

I'm going to quickly go through on the proposed action or build alternative. I'm not going to go into a lot of detail because, really, I don't want to focus on presenting out the new stuff, which is what are the mitigative impacts and strategies that are documented in the EA. But we'll just quickly go through, and we'll start with a layout of the existing interchange. And just so everyone sees or can get oriented to where you're at. 6th Avenue is right here in the middle, going left and right; with Wadsworth, in the center, going up and down; and the existing interchange configuration in the middle. And that's referred to as a cloverleaf-type design, characteristic by the tight-loop ramps -- or the four loop ramps that are in the -- the middle of that.

Our proposed improvement or build design for the interchange is what we refer to as a tight diamond with a loop configuration. The tight diamond in red is -- depicts the ramp movements. You can kind of see how the outside forms -- the outside ramps form a diamond shape, hence the -- the term. With one exception; we do retain, although it is reconstructed, one of the loop ramps in the northwest quadrant of the interchange.

And this is -- the loop ramp is primarily

there to address the heavy traffic pattern that exists in the evening or the PM hours where you have heavy traffic driving west on 6th Avenue and the heaviest movement to go south onto Wadsworth. So this will be a free-flow ramp that will not have a signal at the end. So it's similar to kind of that off-ramp that's out there today, minus some of the weeds.

2.0

You also see that the other -- the elimination of the other four loops eliminates what everyone knows is the very short weave distances that you have across the bridge up on 6th Avenue and below on Wadsworth where you have ramp traffic coming off and then someone else trying to get on at the same time all within the short span of a bridge. So the elimination of the cloverleaf design eliminates the weave issues with the interchange.

The ramps. Another issue -- safety concern has been the short acceleration and deceleration lanes that are there, really, at your entrance and your exit parts where you're trying to get on or off on 6th Avenue. They're very short. You have -- the speeds that are on 6th Avenue when you're trying to come off a ramp that you're really probably driving 20 or 25 miles an hour on, and then you have to really kind of hit it to get up to speed. The ramps in all four of the quadrants -- we have longer ramps and longer accel/decel. So you'll have

a greater distance on which to get up the speed, safely look over to merge over onto traffic, and greatly improve that situation.

The frontage roads are in the light blue on the outside. There are some improved operations that we've presented with the frontage road. And I would say, also, the frontage road in the northeast quadrant was a direct input from some of the input we received from the neighborhood with concern in the past with cut-through traffic; just the way that the frontage exists out there today where it drops as a two-lane and then drops into a one-lane. And it forces -- you know, a lot of folks kind of cut through if they're wanting to get back in there to get maybe to the tennis courts or such -- or maybe get over to Sheridan. They're really kind of cutting through this neighborhood.

The frontage road in this quadrant will now be -- will continue the two-lane all the way up to a new connection up here approximately where Highland is at with access back into Broadview and Highland. So that greatly reduces, if not eliminates, the cut-through traffic that has been experienced. So a lot of frontage road improvements. And the last thing I'll point out is just the question -- if some of you were wondering there are what we refer to as slip ramps or the on- and off-ramp

to get to Garrison -- or from Garrison. Those ramps are going to remain in place. They're not -- not changing.

So that -- those stay -- stay in place.

On Wadsworth Boulevard, what we're looking at is a continuation -- expanding Wadsworth so that we have a six-lane section. And that's three lanes -- three through-lanes in each direction; north and south. It will also be characterized by a raised median down the -- pretty much predominantly -- you know, most of the stretch on Wadsworth -- if you kind of think of -- of the cross-section of Wadsworth between 1st Avenue and 4th Avenue. It's kind of a continuation of that same type of a layout. The raised median, what that also does is -- right now, it's pretty a much wide open access for not only side streets but driveways, et cetera. With the raised median, we will consolidate the access or the turning movement to the primary cross-streets that exist along -- between 4th and 14th.

Sidewalk. There will now be a -- with the proposed alternative -- continuous sidewalk on both the east and the west side of Wadsworth. It will be -- the goal is that we will predominantly have a -- a separated sidewalk or detached sidewalk that has a buffer zone in-between the passengers -- or pedestrians and bicyclists on the sidewalk and the through traffic on Wadsworth. So

that greatly lends to safety and improvement on the sidewalk for pedestrians. And again, that will be continuous on Wadsworth from 4th up to 14th.

If you have specific questions on the details about this, again, we're -- after this, we'll have a break and we'll go into more comments. But I would encourage you to go out and still meet with our design staff if you have particular questions: What -- you know, how does this ramp movement work? If I'm going in this -- a lot of people like to do that. I'm going to work; I go to Starbucks in the morning; how do I get there? And so if you have those types of questions, I encourage you to touch base with Aaron or Zeke out there, and they'll be glad to point you in the right direction; how to get to Starbucks.

Okay. This summary on what -- what the design -- or the build alternative is going to provide for us in the way of transportation improvements; primarily reduce congestion. And that's going to be a level service greatly improved on Wadsworth through not only the additional travel lane but also the consolidation of the -- of the median or the raised median. Just those two facts alone can greatly increase the capacity of a -- of a street way.

On the interchange, the interchange is

expected -- it was identified -- some of you may have seen in the Denver Post here not too long ago where the Denver Regional Council of Governments identified the 6th and Wadsworth interchange is, like, one of the top 20 choke points in the Denver metro area just because of the loop ramps and the congestion of trying -- what that does on 6th Avenue really kind of clamps things down or chokes them down. The interchange configuration that is proposed here will greatly enhance that. It doesn't really address some of the capacity issues on 6th Avenue. But I think as far as reducing those choke points at the interchange, the proposed layout will greatly enhance that and reduce the congestion.

1.2

Safety and driver comfort; another improvement. Again, on Wadsworth, with the median, not only does that help with capacity. But again, right now, we're looking at wide open free-for-all kind of turns wherever you're at. And just eliminating and consolidating where those turns can be greatly and -- reduces those conflict movements where you have someone kind of turning left in front of you from seemingly nowhere to where at least there's a little more control as to where driver expectancy -- where you expect to see someone turning. And at the interchange, I already kind of went through on some of the improvements with

elimination of the -- the weave ramps and the -- and the loops, as well as the improving on the acceleration and deceleration part.

Improve bicycle and pedestrian safety. Randy mentioned that at the onset. You know, boy, what's out there now is probably 20 percent of a -- of a sidewalk along the corridor in there. And what this proposes is the nice continuous -- both east and west side -- sidewalk. And it does include some improvements for the critical crossing of the interchange. Right now, that is also very challenging to try to go and cross the loop ramps, which are really free-flow movement. And there's just no control or no ability to be able to cross the street with a controlled crosswalk.

The frontage road system, highlighted on the reduction of the cut-through traffic, great improvements with just making some modifications on the frontage road. And transit or transit connections, we recognize that with the development of the light rail station up at 14th and 13th, that the corridor on Wadsworth is going to become very important, especially with linkages down to the Belmar Center. So those two developments are going to start to demand a little bit more on some transit. And adding the capacity to the six lines will greatly enhance that.

If you're thinking about bus service, right now, if you have two lanes and if there's a bus in that outside line and the bus stops, now you're really restricted down to one lane. Having three lanes opens up some of that and relieves some of that congestion. Plus, with the sidewalks along the route, we'll definitely be looking at some very improved bus stops and places -- safe places for pedestrians specifically. Right now, there's a few benches that are just literally right off the curb.

So those are the improvements that are being proposed. And now kind of on to the key part of our presentation. And Mandy will go through and cover what -- the environmental resources and what the impacts that are documented in the environmental assessment.

MS. MANDY WHORTON: Thanks, Tim. So the -the National Environmental Policy Act requires us to look
at a number of different environmental resources. And the
primary purpose of doing that is to make the decision
maker -- in this case, Federal Highway Administration -aware of the potential impacts of a proposed project
before that project is approved.

So that's the point where we are right now, is we've documented what those impacts are, and Federal Highways is reviewing that, along with public comments. So that's the primary purpose of why we're here today, is

to tell you what our studies told about what those impacts are, and also just to solicit your feedback. And feedback that we receive will be responded to, as Tim and Randy mentioned, in a final decision.

So we looked at a variety of different resources. And most of the effects that we found were actually positive. I'm going to go ahead and just review a few of those where we did have some adverse impacts. These are all the same resources that are out in the hallway. So we're running a little bit long on time; I'm not going to go into a lot of detail. But we do have staff here that are available to answer questions. So I encourage you to please go out and ask questions. The intent of this presentation is to generate some of those questions. We're not going to answer them after the presentation here because we want to allow time for public comment. But please do take advantage of the staff that are here to answer questions.

So one of the most significant issues that was raised from the very beginning is noise along 6th Avenue. And, obviously, those of you who live along 6th Avenue know it's quite loud. So we did some studies. And, in fact, it is quite loud. In fact, it's severely loud; one of the loudest areas within the metro area. So our traffic model told us that -- what you all know from

living there -- that noise mitigation is warranted. So in this particular case, we looked at a variety of different options and determined that walls were the most effective mitigation that could be used for this project area.

We looked at about two and a half miles of walls; about a cost of \$5 million. And you'll see the maps out there. I'll quickly show you where they are here. But basically, we are extending the walls along the east side. This is along the recon frontage -- reconfigured frontage road. So there will actually be walls that extend along Wadsworth on the east -- on the north side here and then also along -- on the west side. And then these walls are all new. So this is where we're getting the primary benefit, is from all of these places here where there are no walls today.

The aesthetics of noise walls will be determined in final design. This is kind of what -- this is what the existing walls look like on the east side. They are a little bit shorter than the walls that we're proposing as part of this project. So those are right around 12 feet; we're proposing 15-foot walls. There's a fairly big noise benefit to going up that extra 3 feet. So that's where they're modeled out right now. Again, the final height would be determined during the final design.

This is an area -- this is Meadow Lark Hills.

And this is a -- you know, kind of a before-and-after picture of what those walls might look like. And again, you know, the final aesthetics of that is -- will be defined in -- determined in final design. But this is just a visualization about how the context might look in terms of what you're looking at now versus what you might be looking at with the wall.

Right-of-way relocation has been an important topic for us from the beginning. We're working in an urban area where CDOT doesn't have enough right-of-way within its existing property to do all the improvements that are necessary. So there will be property acquisitions that are required to construct this project. This kind of shows you -- the same map is also out in the hallway, and we have right-of-way staff that are here to answer specific questions.

But this just -- just generally, you can see these are the total acquisitions here in blue. The primary acquisitions are here in the interchange area. And that's mostly because the acceleration and deceleration lanes of the interchange are just so short. So in order to extend those out further to provide a reasonable stopping distance as you're trying to exit and acceleration distance as you're trying to enter is the primary reason that these properties here would be needed

to be acquired.

We will look at the final right-of-way acquisitions during the final design. So this is just based on our conceptual designs. We knew it was an important issue. We wanted to be conservative in terms of letting people know the properties that might need to be acquired, so that's -- that's how we approached this. We will look again at the final design. Because we have coordinated pretty extensively with property owners during this process.

Every property owner who had the potential to be affected has been contacted at least three times. And we've talked to most of them. I recognize a lot of you here tonight that we have talked to in the past. But again, please take advantage of the right-of-way staff that are here tonight if you have any questions. And there also is -- all that contact information is on the project Web site as well if you have additional questions.

Historic properties. That is an older area of Lakewood. And we actually had a fairly high density of historic properties within the project area that -- and some of them were affected. We had nine individually eligible properties. These are properties that are eligible for the National Register of Historic Places. And it doesn't mean that they're listed. It doesn't do

anything in terms of their designation. These are just properties that meet the criteria mostly for architecture and sometimes for a historical association. We also had three historic districts that were identified.

1.1

Generally, the properties -- these are all properties that were identified as individually eligible properties. The top ones are residences; the bottom ones are residences that have been converted into businesses. These are generally eligible because of their architectural types. They're representative of their particular architectural style.

Historic districts. We had a couple of neighborhoods within the project area that were identified as potential historic districts. And that's the Green Acres neighborhood here in the northeast quadrant; the Meadow Lark Hills neighborhood, which is up closer to Carr and 6th Avenue; and the Jefferson County Open School, which is between 10th and 12th along Wadsworth. These are the ones that we surveyed.

So we have had some questions. You know, I think there's some older homes up in this area that -- that are at least as important as the Meadow Lark Hills area. We only surveyed those that would be potentially affected by this property. So this isn't a survey of all of Lakewood's historic homes. These are just the ones

that have the potential to be affected by this project.

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Once we looked at our project design and those locations of those historic homes, there are four historic homes along the northeast quadrant of the interchange that would need to be acquired. And so those -- once they were acquired, those properties would be demolished. And we're in the process of developing a memorandum of agreement with the State Historic Preservation Office to come up with some mitigation options for -- for those. Most likely, it's going to be some public education. We're talking about a Web site. So just things that would add to the historical record within Lakewood.

We also had some effects to surface waters and wetlands. There are four major gulches that come through the project area. All of these are undersized to carry the 100-year flood. So, in general, we're looking at widening those -- those structures that go under the roadways. And the 100-year flood can go under the -- under the roads. And that is true for both 6th Avenue and for Wadsworth.

Associated with some of those were some very small low-quality wetland areas. Generally, these are really confined channels. This is -- this is the kind of the extent of wetlands that we have in the project area. So once you widen out that channel, those wetlands get

destroyed. Those will be mitigated and replaced.

So what happens next? Well, the first thing that we're going to do is consider the public and agency comments. And as Colleen mentioned, the EA has been out for about three weeks now. There's about another month of time open for public comments. We will then make a decision about the document. That will, at that stage, consider both the results of the Environmental Assessment, as well as public comments received and then make a final decision.

If the project is approved, final design right-of-way construction would happen next. We've had a lot of questions about: When is that going to happen? And at this point, we don't have very good answers. The costs of this particular project are higher than what the revenues were planned for it. Although that gap has narrowed a little bit, we're still short of the funding that's required. That's compounded by the fact that state and federal revenues are down.

So the planned money that was available is available in later years. So we just don't really have a very good answer about when this project might get started. But if you're interested in that, you know, we will definitely -- people who are on the mailing list will get information if the -- you know, when the decision is

made and then what's going to happen next.

1.7

So the primary purpose of why we're here tonight is to receive your comments. So how do you do that? There are lots of ways to comment. We're going to welcome any comments you have tonight. And Randy gave you all the ways you can comment tonight. We will also -- we also have lots of options after tonight's meeting. The Environmental Assessment Section 4 Evaluation are available here tonight. They're also available at some public locations, including the Belmar Library across the street, the city clerk's office. And you can submit comments after tonight, either through those mailed-in public comment cards, a letter, or you can go through the Web site, or e-mail works too.

If you would like to provide comments tonight at the microphone. We're going to open that up after a short break. There was a speaker sign-up at the entrance. So if you didn't see that and you would like to make a comment, please go back out and just -- we'll try to manage how many people might want to make comments. We're going to call you in the order that you signed up. And you'll each have three minutes to speak. We do need your name and address.

As Colleen mentioned, this is being taped. It would also be -- your name and address would be part of

the public record for this project, so that's important for you to know. There's a separate court reporter, as Randy mentioned; that if you would rather speak to somebody privately, there's a court reporter out in the hallway that can record those comments. So since we are on Channel 8, just for those of you who are watching at home, there -- these are -- the information that you can use to comment on that. You can go to the project Web site or you can contact Kirby Roberts to get some additional information.

Thank you very much for coming tonight. We aren't going to take any questions after the presentation tonight. But please feel free to talk to people out in the hallway. We'll take a short break. And then we'll ring the bell when we're ready to start the public comment period again. Thanks very much for coming.

(A recess was taken from 6:39 p.m. until 6:50 p.m.)

MS. MANDY WHORTON: Okay. We have just two people signed up to speak tonight, so we're going to go ahead and start with the comment period. The general ground rules are everyone gets three minutes; the two of you that speak, it's three minutes. There's a timer that will go off so you can see -- gauge your comments. If you want to make additional comments, please feel free to go

out and talk to the court reporter again.

1.2

And so the first person that we have is

Michael Turner. So if you want to just make your way up

to the front of the microphone here. The -- this

microphone here will be the place where you can make your

comments. If you could state your name and address for

the court reporter to record, and then your time will

start.

Is -- is not here? Okay. So then I think -- were you going to speak too? All right. You're up next. You can go right there. You can come up here too; we're flexible.

and I'm 29 years old times three. And my primary concern is I would like to see some method for pedestrians and bicyclists to go over -- or under 6th Avenue without having to deal with the traffic. There are a couple of examples of where this has been done. One is on Kipling where the -- Clear Creek goes under Kipling -- I think it's about 38th or so -- and that works. And there's another one on I-70 -- again, about 38th or so -- that's an overpass. And I don't know how effective that is. But anyway, that may be nice to have.

There's one minor problem with underpasses.

And if anybody here was here on Monday, sometimes when you

1 get pretty dramatic weather -- and two years ago, I worked 2 down in the vicinity of 11th and Decatur. And the 3 Lakewood Gulch used to have a bike path through there. 4 About two years ago, a lady was pushing her baby through 5 there. And we had a humongous storm, and this big surge 6 of water came through and she lost her child. 7 the downside of underpasses. 8 It would be nice not to have to deal with the 9 traffic to get from south -- from north of 6th Avenue 10 south. I have a lot of friends that ride bikes. can tell you for sure, we don't ever use Sheridan because 11 there's always the chance a big chunk of concrete is going 12 13 to fall down on your head. And Wadsworth is a little 14 safer, but not as convenient. That's my wish. Thank you. 15 MS. MANDY WHORTON: Thank you. So the next 16 person signed up to speak is And if 17 there's anybody else, that's -our last person. But if you're interested, please just go back and sign up. 18 We're certainly happy to entertain additional speakers. 19 20 Thank you. 21 Hi. I'm 22 I'm not quite as old as The question I have when 23 you were speaking about the noise impacts, you said that 24 there had been other options considered beside the noise

walls. Could you tell me what those were?

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MS. MANDY WHORTON: I can't -- this is just the official comments. So we can respond to that then; or if you want, I can talk to you about what those other options are. But we're not --

: Okay. My concern is that we live behind -- we live north of the 6th Avenue area, and we're in a -- topographically, we're a little bit higher. So we get quite a lot of the noise from 6th Avenue right there. With the noise walls, as they're proposed, we're thinking that if -- that that will just channel more noise up into that area.

So my question would be -- I guess -- I guess that's more a question than a comment -- would be to consider having some material that is more noise absorbent than just concrete, because that is just a noise reflector, particularly with -- when you would have the -- the two walls on either side of 6th Avenue reflecting all that noise. So it could get quite loud. But I'd like to talk to you afterwards about that. Thank you.

MR. TIM EVERSOLL: Any other volunteers or comments? Again, I know this is a little -- a little strange from what we -- before, when we've had Q&A. And this is really a formal -- just a comment where we don't really provide any answers, because it's just being documented. And as we talked before, the -- your comments

1 will be recorded and then summarized in the decision 2 document that we will work on next. 3 So if there are just Q&A-type questions, 4 again, we'll address those on out. So if anyone just has 5 another kind of comment -- and I appreciate being able to change that from a question to a comment. And that's 6 7 perfect, so . . . 8 Can I come up without 9 signing up? 10 MR. TIM EVERSOLL: You certainly may. Come 11 up -- and again, just state name and address and --12 I am 13 and I live at And as we were 14 looking to see about all the noise barriers, we were told 15 that there would be no noise barriers on the northwest 16 side of the exchange, because the homes are all too far back. I would like to know what myself and my neighbors 17 could do to have somebody come and check the noise 18 19 decibels in our backyards. Because the overpass is quite 20 high on -- on 6th, and it throws the noise over -- even in 21 the summer, the trees don't cut the noise. And it comes 22 into our yards. And I'd like to know what we could do to 23 have somebody come and check it. Thank you. 24 MR. TIM EVERSOLL: Anyone else? Any other 25 comments?

| 1   | I'd say with that then I'd say if you have                |
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| 2   | questions and answers, again, we're going to be here yet  |
| 3   | for another, you know, good 30 minutes and beyond, if     |
| 4   | necessary, to answer specific questions; any of staff     |
| 5   | that's out there. We greatly, greatly appreciate your     |
| 6   | participation in this again. Like I said, over the two    |
| 7   | years that we've been working on this, I think we've had  |
| 8   | some great input. And your input has been directly a      |
| 9   | positive factor on shaping the direction of the project.  |
| LO  | So thank you very much. And thank you for coming out this |
| L1  | evening.                                                  |
| L2  | (The proceedings were concluded at 7:00 p.m.,             |
| L3  | on Wednesday, July 22, 2009.)                             |
| L 4 |                                                           |
| L5  |                                                           |
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## 1 REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE 2 I, Wendy Evangelista, Registered Professional 3 Reporter and Notary Public in and for the State of Colorado, do hereby certify that said proceedings were 4 5 taken in shorthand by me at the time and place hereinabove 6 set forth and was thereafter reduced to typewritten form 7 under my supervision, as per the foregoing transcript; 8 that the same is a full, true, and correct transcription 9 of my shorthand notes then and there taken. 10 I further certify that I am not related to, employed by, nor counsel for any of the parties or 11 attorneys herein, nor otherwise interested in the event of 12 the within action. 13 14 My commission expires August 12, 2012; and I 15 have hereunto set my hand August 5, 2009. 16 17 18 and Notary Public 19 20 21 22

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