This information applies to Colorado state, federal & interstate highways.

CARRYING CHAINS ON I-70: Commercial vehicles driving on I-70 between mileposts 133 (Dotsero) and 259 (Morrison) from Sept. 1-May 31 must carry sufficient chains at all times to be in compliance with the Colorado chain law. This is the only area in Colorado in which chains must be carried during the specified season. (Effective March 1, 2009)

DEFINITIONS: Under the Colorado chain law, a commercial vehicle is defined as being used in commerce to transport passengers or property and fitting into one of the following categories:

➤ Has a gross combination weight rating of 26,001 or more lbs. inclusive of a towed unit which has a gross vehicle weight rating of more than 10,000 lbs.
➤ Has a gross vehicle weight rating of 26,001 or more lbs.
➤ Is designed to carry 16 or more passengers, including the driver.

CHAIN LAW LEVEL 1/CODE 17: All single drive axle combination commercial vehicles must chain all four drive wheels; cables are not permitted as ATDs. All other commercial vehicles must have snow tires or chains. Level 1/Code 17 may be implemented any time there is snow covering any part of the traveled portion of pavement on an ascending grade.

CHAIN LAW LEVEL 2/CODE 18: All commercial vehicles must chain up. Single drive axle combination and tandem drive axle commercial vehicles must chain four drive wheels. Autotransports must comply to the extent possible without causing damage to hydraulic lines. Buses must chain two drive wheels to comply. Level 2/Code 18 may be implemented any time there is snow covering the entire traveled portion of pavement on an ascending grade, or when driving conditions dictate that this level is necessary to protect safety and to minimize road closures.

NOTIFICATION: When the chain law is in effect, drivers will be notified by the following means: electronic message signs; 511 traveler information; www.cotrip.org; and media outlets.

CHAINING UP: Metal chains must consist of two circular metal loops, one on each side of the tire, connected by not less than nine evenly-spaced chain loops across the tread. Commercial vehicles that have four or more drive wheels must chain four wheels. Dual tire chains are acceptable.

ALTERNATE TRACTION DEVICES (ATDs): Approved ATDs in Colorado are wheel sanders, which must carry enough sand to get the vehicle through the restricted area; pneumatically driven chains, which spin under the drive wheels automatically as traction is lost; and textile traction device (TTD), a fabric boot which encompasses the tire. Currently, the only TTD that has been approved for use on Colorado state highways is the AutoSock.

TIRE CABLES: Colorado chain law rules permit tire cables as alternate traction devices in these two situations: 1) tire cables with high strength steel cross member rollers 0.415” or greater in diameter, which can be used on all commercial vehicles except single drive axle combinations; and 2) on a tandem power drive axle commercial vehicle, where any type of cable can be used only if there are chains on the two outside tires of one of the power drive axles and cables on two or more tires of the other power drive axle.

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